1 WESTERN INTERIOR AL	
2 SUBSISTENCE REGIONAL ADVIS	ORY COUNCII
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5 <b>VOLUME II</b>	
6 PUBLIC MEETING	
7 February 24th, 19	95
8 Community Center	
9 9:00 o'clock a.m	
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COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT:	
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HĀROLD HUNTINGTON, CHAIRMAN	
RAYMOND COLLINS, VICE CHAIRMAN	
\$HARON GURTLER-STRICK, MEMBER	
HÉNRY DEACON, MEMBER	
PĤILLIP GRAHAM, MEMBER	
POLLOCK SIMON, SR., MEMBER	
JACK REAKOFF, MEMBER	
ĤÊRMAN MORGAN, MEMBER	
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Ŷince Mathews, Coordinator	
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PROCEEDINGS

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(On record; 9:25 o'clock a.m.)

5 MR. HUNTINGTON: Good morning, everybody. I'd like to feconvene our meeting at 9:25. I'll call the meeting back to 3rder. First of all, are there any announcements anybody needs 80 make today? (Pause) Hearing none, we'll go on with the agenda.

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MR. MATHEWS: Well, Mr. Chairman, the next thing on the agenda, where we ended on last night was 8(E) which is the status of navigable waters and fisheries management and, in particular, what's called the NARC Petition. If you'd like, I can go into that.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah, go ahead.

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MR. MATHEWS: Okay. The council members and others 2Dat have a copy of this book, the NARC Petition, and there's Other hand-outs -- for those that -- I know that it's mostly Ataff here. I will be saying on the record that there's copies 28r the public because I never know when public is coming and There copies of that petition under Tab 7 and there's 25pies over there on the public table. So, if you want to go 26 tab 7, I'm going to summarize the Federal Register notice and, essentially, this is asking you, as a council, to comment 28 this petition. Okay. And the petition has been named the MARC Petition. But the NARC Petition stands for the Northwest AØctic Regional Council, which is your sister or brother douncil, along with others on the full petition. On the back 8% the Federal Register which is the one with the columns, Bewspaper style, is the full petition. If you want to look at Bhat, you're free to do that. But it's summarized under the Boderal Register. Okay. 36

The NARC Petition, again, was Northwest Arctic Regional Council and other Native groups which is requesting the Secretaries, which means the Secretary of Interior and Agriculture to (1) establish that they, meaning the Secretaries, have authority to regulate hunting and fishing on An-Public lands, to protect subsistence priority afforded on Public lands by Title 8 of ANILCA. That's saying the program that you are part of and advisory to only affects Federal land. 45his is saying it should go beyond that. That's No. 1; No. 2 that determine that land selected but not conveyed to Native to Provations in the State of Alaska be treated as Public lands to ANILCA subsistence priority. So, as you know, there's over-selections by the State and by Native corporations

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to fulfill the 104-plus million acres to the State and the 44  $\pm$ 0 the 45 million for the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. 3

The comments must be submitted which is to the &ssociate regional director for Fish and Wildlife, Richard Pospahala, by April 3rd. Now, the key terms that are being discussed here are what is considered Public Land or non-Public Mand and then the selected-but-not-conveyed. So, if you'd look of the Federal Register notice, the one that's in newspaper the far right lower column, I'll just be kind of \$2mmarizing that. The subsistence preference as established in 804 in ANILCA accords priority in the taking of fish and w#ldlife for non-wasteful subsistence uses on Public lands. And Public lands are defined in Section 102 of ANILCA, and I do Mave a copy of ANILCA, and this does match it. It is defined 17 102 to mean lands, waters, and interests therein that are \$8tuated in Alaska and to which the United States hold title to 10 except for (1) lands selected by the State of Alaska that Mave been tentatively approved and validly selected or granted 26 the Territory of Alaska. (2) is land selected for Native 20rporations made under ANCSA, or Alaska Native Claims 28ttlement Act, that have not been conveyed; and (3) refers to 24nds referred to in the Native Claims Settlement Act.

When this program was established, I believe that was 21 all scussed quite a bit as to what jurisdiction this program ₩8uld extend to and so it was promulgated that the Federal 20bsistence Regulations and the secretaries took the position Bhat most navigable waters and lands selected but not conveyed 80 State and Native corporations are not subject to 804 preference. The petition is summarized a little bit below that and it's saying they seek a rule-making to reverse or clarify Ble position, the position that State and selected lands are 85t part of it, and that they request an interpretive rule be \$6omulgated that states the Federal government has authority to B@gulate hunting and fishing on non-Public lands and an 38terpretive rule be promulgated that places selected but not 80nveyed are within the purview of this. Their justification #0r their petition relies upon law established in the €ontiquous 48 states that establishes Federal authority to #@gulate activities on non-Federal lands to protect activities \$\text{\text{d}}\text{R} \text{ Federal lands. I think we can give further explanation on that if you need it, but there are some suits in the Lower 48 #hat made the position that Federal jurisdiction goes beyond #6deral lands. And the following support is also the Property @Tause of the Constitution, and Federal law preempts State law. 48

So, this petition was sent to the Secretaries of

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Interior and Agriculture. They have decided to put out on Rederal Register for public comment on their feelings on this Betition. So it's kind of before you to decide if you agree with the petition or disagree with the petition or parts of the petition you can accept. And I think that's about the best I 6an do in explaining this. Does everyone kind of understand Where we're going with this? There's others here that can kind 8f help out on this, but it's a very important petition depending -- well, it's an important petition no matter where  $$\psi 0$$ u stand on subsistence because if the petition was adopted then our jurisdiction on different species would extend beyond the colored blocks on the map that you have and it would be a tase-by-case situation. If you agree to the petition part that 1# would go to selected-but-not-conveyed, then this map is not \$5ing to help you because I don't think they're marked on there. But you would have blocks of land that would be under bile set of regulations, potentially surrounded by other lands that are not of the same regulations.

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MR. COLLINS: Mr. Chairman?

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Ray?

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MR. COLLINS: This petition came before the Denali 25bsistence Resource Commission. I'll give you an example in 26at area of how it impacts them because it had been a concern ŽMere before. When Denali Park was extended, new Park lands -and, of course, that was closed to hunting except for local 20bsistence hunters; they still have hunting rights in that ê\tension. But some of the land within there was selected by Bhe Cantwell corporation, so there's inholding lands that in Ble Park. It's not open under a State season because it's in BBe Park and because it has been tentatively conveyed, it's not ô≱en under the subsistence hunting for the Park, either. \$5body can hunt on some of the prime land right inside the Park and this would enable them to extend jurisdiction over that, B@derally, and open to hunting. That's one example. But I BBink the position they took at the meeting was they thought BMat if this was used, it ought to be selected and not blanket 40 ross the State. It should be kind of a case-by-case. That's....

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MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, we do have the person who 48 like the coordinator for Denali SRC.

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MR. COLLINS: Right.

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MR. MATHEWS: But I attended that meeting and they \$0pported the position that, like Ray laid out, that within the 50

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tonservation unit, if there are selected lands,....
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                      Right.
       MR. COLLINS:
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       MR. MATHEWS: ....that the priority in 804 should
apply, but beyond that they did not support it.
       MR. COLLINS: Right.
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       MR. MATHEWS: I think Hollis can validate that, that
they didn't support going beyond Federal lands and they didn't
$2pport selected-but-not-conveyed lands outside the
$3nservation unit boundaries.
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       MR. COLLINS: Right. Yeah, I may have misspoke.
That's what I was attempting to say.
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       MR. MORGAN:
                     Mr. Chairman?
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       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Yeah, Herman?
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                     I'd like to make some comments on that.
       MR. MORGAN:
28 seems like if we get the Federal government to control the
24nds and stuff, you know, like right now in the paper they're
₹5ting on it in Washington, you know, to -- no new regulations,
№6u know, that'll affect us, you know. And this wolf control
problem we're having, it seems like if we go with the
Fêderal -- wolf control on Federal, you know, a lot of the
20cisions will be made by them people down in the States and
Bhey'll say you can't do this and you can't do that and that's
Bhe problem I see, you know, with that. And right now, I'd
Bather see them control their own, you know, even though a lot
8f times the State -- they don't get along, you know, still
&e're here and we're -- we can see the problem, you know.
Whereas if we go to Federal, a lot of times they'll make the
36les for us and there's nothing we can do about it.
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       MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, what he mentioned there,
maybe some didn't see in the papers, that in Congress now
#Bere's movement to have a moratorium on any regulations for a
      If that was to pass, then, what we're doing today in the
##2deral Subsistence Board would not go to full cycle. But it's
$8 early in that whole moratorium thing that there may be
4x€emptions to the subsistence process. So I've not gotten any
45rective from my supervisors, but I'm under the assumption we
₩611 continue to go on with this process until we're told for
sure that that moratorium would go into effect. And further
&Barification on non-Federal lands and that, it would be -- a
40od example would be a caribou herd. If subsistence needs are
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not being met within the Federal jurisdiction as it is now, potentially because of seasons and harvest limits outside that, if this petition passed, then the Federal government would assert its authority outside Federal lands and say that "X" is easons or harvest limits would have to be changed to protect the interests of subsistence within. But it is correct, it would be subject to -- it would become more of a national program than a -- subject to the interests of national interests versus the State which is more subject to State interests.

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12 MR. DEACON: Mr. Chairman?

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14 MR. HUNTINGTON: Henry?

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MR. DEACON: I don't understand all that stuff that's talked about. Ray brought up something. I'm from Lower Yukon asea. I don't know whether it's affecting that part, but how will it affect us is what I'm thinking about in our area, my asea. And under the land claim act, there's something that's a rederal -- I like that part where the Federal has some -- has rederal over the Native people in villages. I like that restriction over the Native people in villages. I like that restriction all the time redecause they look at overall system; they don't care what -- restriction to the restriction and restriction all the time redecause they look at overall system; they don't care what -- restriction all the time redecause they look at overall system; they don't care what -- restriction and redecause in the restriction and redecause redecause in the restriction and redecause redecaus

31 MR. MATHEWS: I sense you're directing the question to What would happen if this passed? You would have a more 88mplex matrix of land jurisdictions than presently on here. 34 that complicates and in some ways ties the hands of the managers, both sides of the fence. The other thing is that if 36 was to pass, then, those lands and the resources that may be Bhreatened by outside uses would be directly tied to 804 priority. And I think I need to state that presently under the State system it's all Alaskans qualify for subsistence and 40der Federal it's qualified rural residents. It -- you know, 41's a complex thing, but the petition is bringing these dialestions to a head. At the same time, the 9th Circuit Court ♥3th the Katie John case and other cases are asking similar effections, also: who, where, and where to? 45

MR. COLLINS: Question. Let's see if I understand it &Tearly, I think, and, Henry, how it affects you in your area, that there probably are inholdings within Innoko Wildlife Refuge down there. Do some of the Village corporation lands 50

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fall inside that in allotments? 3 MR. DEACON: No. On the edge. MR. COLLINS: Oh, they're on the edge. Okay. 6here are some allotments within there. Well, those allotments, now, you can't hunt on them during the winter 8eason because it's been tentatively conveyed. And they --What they're trying -- one of the impacts would be that all the 10nd within that boundary, then, they could have these Federal \$\ddot\dashasons apply to them. But if they wanted to go beyond that -they wanted to go on lands even outside, your corporation land bûtside and open that up to hunting, too, for subsistence parposes. 15 16 MR. DEACON: And include all outsiders? 17 18 MR. COLLINS: Well, under Federal, it'd have to be #Ader the Federal subsistence season. The land outside now is 20der State jurisdiction. But the folks at Denali wanted to Adeal -- wanted it to be -- to apply to those within the Park, Dût not those outside the Park. That's the stand that the 28cal people took over there. 25 MR. HUNTINGTON: Phil, go ahead. 2.6 27 MR.GRAHAM: Yeah, I'm kind of confused, too. 28me Village, I have to look around our place, it used to be 20 rrounded by Federal land and the State has selected land abound Lime Village. If we pass this, does this mean that this State-selected land would be under Federal jurisdiction? Blat what the -- am I -- and does it mean Native allotments Which are now under State jurisdiction would be....no? MR. MATHEWS: No, because it's selected but not 86nveyed. Allotments are already fee-title, if that's the darrect term. 38 39 MR.GRAHAM: Right. 40 41 MR. MATHEWS: So, allotments it would not, but the \$2 lected lands, if the State -- if they've not been conveyed #Ben would fall under Federal management. And then if they ₩ere finally then given to the State, then they would fall back Again to State regulations. 46 So, when you say the map would be more MR.GRAHAM: 68mplicated, it seems like we would be going back to a map that \$Bowed a lot of Federal land around Lime Village two, three

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*years ago before the State selection.
        MR. MATHEWS: But I'm going to defer to Mike on that
Because I don't know the make-up around Lime Village, but I
believe you're correct.
        MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman. Phil, I think you're right
           What you would see is, is you would have -- there
8n target.
Would be more lands in the example of Lime Village that would
be under Federal jurisdiction than State jurisdiction now.
1et me clarify that. When the State selected lands around Lime
V2llage, because of the way the Department of Interior and
D@partment of Agriculture were reading the policy in the
tequiations, those selected lands then they came under the
15risdiction of the State of Alaska. So, State regulations
applied on those selected lands. But if this NARC Petition was
adopted, essentially, that jurisdiction would fall back into
the Federal jurisdiction as it was before until those lands are
f@lly conveyed. Okay? I guess another element I want to
mention, one has to do with selected-but-not-conveyed lands,
Dut the second element has to do with regardless of whose lands
2Dey are, be they Native allotments, corporation lands, or
28ate lands, another element of the NARC Petition asks that in
2Astances where in order to protect and provide for subsistence
25es on Federal land and in a general area, that Federal
36risdiction could be extended to non-Federal Public lands,
27e. State lands or corporation lands, when necessary to
28 ovide the priority as described in ANILCA.
        MR.GRAHAM: And is that what you mean by the case-by-
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dase basis? Is that in this petition, too?
        MR. COFFING: No, that's not. That's something that
RAy and Vince mentioned that the Denali Park Commission had
85lked about doing. When they looked at it, it sounds to me
Bake they said, well, we like parts of it, but we don't want
3₹....
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       MR.GRAHAM: Oh.
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       MR. COFFING: ....but we don't want it to apply
$2anket-wide for all selected lands.
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        MR. MATHEWS: And also the -- if this was to pass, it
₩5uldn't mean automatically that the Federal program would take
After management on State lands. It would be, like he said, a
##source problem for Federally qualified subsistence users.
Then, the Federal Board would have the authority then to step
69tside of Federal land and take action.
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MR.GRAHAM: I just have a few more -- you know, I mean, Shat seems like you're getting in the -- it'll turn into a degal battle between the State and the Federal -- another legal battle.

7 MR. REAKOFF: A big one.

MR.GRAHAM: And let me just add one more thing. I don't really understand the whole thing, but if it means -- I have to agree with Henry. It seems like the Federal program is more sensitive to subsistence users. The program is designed for subsistence people, and I don't want people in Washington, D4C., you know, making up rules for us, but that's what I see our position here. It seems like we have a lot more clout than the State advisory committees do. So, I'm not worried about Federal jurisdiction on these lands. In fact, I think we're -- the village people are better off, but I don't understand the whole issue, either.

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21 MR. HUNTINGTON: Hollis? You have a question?
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MR. TWITCHELL: Hollis Twitchell. I'm with Denali Mational Park. Maybe I can help clarify what the Denali 2fbsistence Resource Commission recommendation was. On Mational Park lands, there is only the Federal subsistence \$7 ogram. There is no alternative State, sport or general hunt. 280, on National Park lands where you have selected lands ช9thin a National Park boundary, currently there is no Federal 30tle 8 subsistence allowed on those lands. So that Native dorporations or on State-selected lands, there's no opportunity \$0r the subsistence users to engage in subsistence hunting, BBapping, and fishing. That posed a particular problem in the ∂⊕mmunity of Cantwell which is right on the boundaries of Bénali Park in which the Cantwell Village Corporation had 36 lected a fairly large number of acres adjacent to their 80mmunity with inside of the Park. Those lands that they 38lected for subsistence uses as well as other developmental parposes are currently not open to the village residents for \$@bsistence hunting, trapping, and fishing. 41

The commission's position was that they believe that w3th inside of the boundaries of Denali or with inside of the boundaries of a Federal conservation unit, that selected lands \$hould be available for Title 8 subsistence. They felt 46comfortable with extending Federal jurisdiction beyond the boundaries of Denali or beyond the boundaries of a conservation 48it. So they did not support that aspect of the petition; 49though, there were several members at the commission who made 50

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\$tatements that lands to the east of Cantwell which are within the Bureau of Land Management jurisdiction, the previous year had been selected by the State of Alaska, and those lands also were removed from the Federal subsistence program. And that was of major concern to several of the commission members and they, in turn, supported the concept that not only beyond Denali but in these other Federal jurisdiction areas that selected land should be available to the Federal program. They were strongly opposed into the Federal jurisdiction being aftered beyond the boundaries of any conservation unit.

So, the point that I wanted to bring up here is that \$\frac{1}{2}\$ thin the boundaries of any National Park in Alaska where you \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ve a village-selected lands, State-selected lands, or Native \$\frac{1}{2}\$ forments that have not yet been conveyed, that the Federal \$\frac{1}{2}\$ formed doesn't apply on those lands and since there's no \$\frac{1}{2}\$ thorized State, sport or general hunts, that that authority \$\frac{1}{2}\$ descendes not apply either. So these lands that are in limbo that \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ve been selected and have not yet been conveyed are basically \$2\$ cosed to all subsistence uses and that is a fairly significant \$2\$ concern for subsistence users associated with National Parks.

MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman? Hollis, I was wondering if the State Board of Game cannot provide a hunt for those -- those conveyed lands are under State authority now, aren't they?

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MR. TWITCHELL: Inside of the National Preserve, Park Service Preserves where you have authorization for State hunts as well as the Federal program,....

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MR. REAKOFF: Um-hum.

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MR. TWITCHELL: ....on those selected lands within preserves, there is an opportunity to utilize State general Bonts and sport hunts and trapping seasons which would be milar to BLM lands and Fish and Wildlife Service lands.

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MR. REAKOFF: I have a misunderstanding about this. 40's my understanding that conveyed lands and State lands are 45der State management, whether they're inside or outside of 52rks and the Park Service can control the eligibility of the 53ople to access those lands, but the State may set seasons and 54g limits. Was there a court decision about -- who 45terpreted that aspect?

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MR. TWITCHELL: Once lands have been conveyed to a M8tive corporation, those lands become private lands and, as \$9ch, Federal jurisdiction does not apply on them in the ANILCA 50

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areas. So those lands that have been selected and have gone 2hrough conveyance, they then fall out of the Federal 3urisdiction. MR. REAKOFF: Yeah. MR. TWITCHELL: And State hunting, trapping regulations apply on them, even though those lands may be within the Boundaries of a National Park because they become private 10nds. The issue here is the selected lands that currently are findt open.... 12 13 MR. REAKOFF: Oh, they're just in total limbo then? They're in a total limbo then? 16 MR. TWITCHELL: That's correct. And that's the problem. 18 MR. REAKOFF: Well, then we're -- I'm very much in Zavor of this NARC proposal because these limbo lands, people 21e in hardship; they can hunt down in those then. 23 MR. TWITCHELL: It seems ironic that Native lands that ₩ere selected for subsistence purposes, primarily or in part,  $\mathfrak{D}_{5}$  buld be excluded from subsistence uses in which very often the **26** llages may have selected those lands for those purposes. 20ems rather ironic to me that that's the situation. And I 28derstand what ANILCA says and I know what the definitions of 29blic lands are in ANILCA. I don't believe that it was 60ngress' intent to exclude those lands because I don't believe Bourteen, fifteen years ago that they really anticipated Bêderal assumption or that people would be very closely defining where Federal jurisdiction could or could not apply. 34, I think we have a changing situation here in Alaska from ฬhat was the situation when ANILCA was passed. 36 37 MR. MORGAN: I had a question. So, if this passes, BBat will help that situation? 40 MR. TWITCHELL: Excuse me? 41 MR. MORGAN: If this passes, that will help that \$3tuation or what? This NARC. 44 MR. TWITCHELL: Yes, it will inside of National Park 46nds. If Federal jurisdiction for subsistence is authorized 4 selected lands with inside of a National Park, that would 48title the Federal program for subsistence hunting, trapping, 40d fishing to occur on those lands. So, it would be 50

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beneficial, certainly, to Denali subsistence users who have
Selected lands near their villages. I reiterate again that the
Benali Subsistence Resource Commission was not in favor of
extending that Federal jurisdiction beyond the boundaries of a
bonservation unit. They were strongly opposed to that.
        MR. REAKOFF: Well, that's because they're a resource
&ommission dealing with Gates -- or dealing with the Park and
9 -- sitting on those commissions, we can't really reach
₱ûtside of our boundaries. But we're in the Western Interior
Regional Council and we can -- we deal with all mosaics of all
#22fferent kinds of lands. Right now if that's the case where
knowing that the conveyance process is a very slow process and
1# could be years and years, people could be
$fifering hardship.
                    There could -- basically, closed areas,
16rge closed tracts of land. I'm not in favor of that.
think something's got to be remedied in the most expeditious
Wav. Mr. Chairman?
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       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Yes, Jack?
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       MR. REAKOFF: I'd like to know what the State's
Øðsition is. You've got -- Tim, what's the State's position on
2Mis whole deal, since you're the State representative?
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        MR. OSBORNE: We don't have a -- I wouldn't be willing
$\frac{1}{2}\textcolor{1}$ speak for the State's position.
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        MR. REAKOFF: Oh, they haven't given you a little
3tatement to read or anything?
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       MR. OSBORNE:
                      No.
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       MR. REAKOFF: No?
                          Okay.
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       MR. OSBORNE: That's just beyond my level and they
Baven't....
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        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Yes, Jeff?
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        MR. DENTON: Mr. Chairman, if I might, there have been
$@me other complications involved with this. One is
¢3rporation and village over-selections which actually has
#Hrown a great deal more lands into this limbo situation and,
⋬5ally, by the law is legal. However, those over-selections
A6ve been let stand basically by administrative decision, so
#Mose folks will have a lot more lands to prioritize then when
48 comes to conveyance. And if a lot of the selections were
₿9ought in to the legal sideboards of what over-selections are
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allowed, there'd be a significant amount of lands that would fall back into Federal Public lands. So there's -- that's a complicating issue dealing with conveyances that isn't brought into the picture. But there's a great deal - we're talking faillions of acres - of over-selections by corporations, by the state, by village corporations that are not really legal but they're let stand. And they've thrown a lot of lands into this limbo status that really probably shouldn't even be there. And that's a battle that's been fought in a totally different realm because of the lands that people have coming and the policies towards giving the very liberal approach to corporation and \$211age selections.

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So, there are ways to bring lands back into Federal Ptblic lands by legalizing the over-selections and dropping the over-selections out. And that means sitting down with the toporations and the villages and prioritizing the lands that they really want to have selected.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Hollis?

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MR. TWITCHELL: The Park Service at Denali had some 23scussions with the corporation, the Ahtna Native Corporation **24**th the selections with inside of the boundaries and inquiring What their intentions would be for these lands, recognizing 26at there may be over-selections involved. And what we were £3ld was that in the situation at Denali that Ahtna is down to Wathin 20% of their land entitlement remaining; 20% of the 2ands that they're entitled to select, they have not yet B@ceived conveyance to and that they are being very cautious on Bow they fulfill their last 20%. And they're in not a particular hurry to make those selections until they fully assess the resource potential that their lands have. Sabsequently, they had no time-line in which they would move \$5rward to deal with these selections, particularly within Bénali. So, we did not get a sense from Ahtna that they would B@ moving quickly to try to alleviate this problem so that they Becognize that even their own villagers are experiencing a Bardship just from the situation. But they felt the overlying A0ed to truly assess their resources before they make their selections. So, we have no idea when the lands will either be €2nveyed to the Native corporation or whether and when they'll \$\text{\text{d}}\ relinquished. If they relinquish those lands, it then #4verts back to the definition of Federal Public lands and #hose lands would again be open to the Title 8 subsistence. 46

47 MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman?

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49 MR. HUNTINGTON: Jack?

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MR. REAKOFF: I would like to ask the BLM
Bepresentatives what's the maximum time-frame that the State
conveyances could take. That could be several more years,
5ouldn't it?
       MR. DENTON:
                     The State, as of a year ago, had to
Einalize their selections. The actual conveyance process is
going to take awhile; however, currently, the State is
telinquishing some of their over-selections back to Federal
Public lands. The Anchorage district in the last two months
has relinquished about a million and a half acres back.
process is now happening with the State of Alaska. It's not
Mappening with the Native lands conveyances because they
d\delta n't -- they never had a sunset for all this stuff to take --
        I can't give you a time-frame for the -- when all the
tonveyances and the State stuff is going to settle out.
tell you that there's an active process now; the State is
A@tually making hard decisions on what lands come back, what
28nds they are prioritizing that they will keep.
prioritized all their selections in the seven categories in
         There's maps available of that. The category seven
23nds of their priorities are the ones that are being
24linquished this year and those are the lands that, at least
25 Anchorage, that they've seen come back so far. We expect
26at to be a fairly active program of relinquishments for a
2duple, three, four years, anyway. Did that answer your
agestion or not? I can't give you....
29
30
       MR. REAKOFF:
                      I'm...
31
32
       MR. DENTON: ....the time-frame for total conveyance,
Bût there's a lot of lands coming back into Federal Public
Bands from the State selection standpoint.
35
36
       MR. REAKOFF: If the State relinquished all their over-
3@lection, would they then be conveyed all their lands
3mmediately?
39
       MR. DENTON: No. Those lands would still stay selected
4thil surveys have to be done, there's a lot of -- the process
♠₹ conveyance, you know, there's a lot of legal things like
sarveys. They've got to have it identified, plats, and there's
44lot of work involved with transferring Federal lands into
₱\fivate ownership and that's, you know, between the cadastral
$6rvey folks and lots of paperwork and title and all this sort
## thing. So, you're talking millions of acres of land and it
48kes....
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MR. REAKOFF: Years.
       MR. DENTON: ....time to do that. Our conveyance
staffs are being cut in the BLM in terms of people. So, that's
going to slow the process probably further. But it is a lot
Moore active in terms of land coming back into Federal Public
Tands than it has been for several years.
       MR. DEACON: Mr. Chairman, before we go on with more
with this in the meeting, we have to have public comments and
make decisions based on comments before -- I know I have to.
Bût D.C. wants comments from the public; that's the way I
Mâderstand it. I want to know more about my area. That's what
14m -- National Park, that's different from our ball game (ph).
15'd like to -- we can be talking about this all day here and
₩6 still don't understand the full length of it. So, I'd like
this -- Mr. Chairman, I'd like to see this after comments come
18 from the various agencies, I guess. And I'd like to know
more about -- there is nobody in our village area that
20derstands this kind of system to give us our Federal thinking
and public thinking. You know, public thinking is -- it's --
#2om my area, that's, you know, everything is the way it's
23pposed to be. Federal is thinking of regulating all that
                             So, I'd just kind of -- we need
2 duff within years to come.
35me help, you know, outside help, local help people to make a
26mment, to make a statement from my area.
27
28
                     Mr. Chairman, we -- you know, I can -- we
       MR. MATHEWS:
Mave copies here. I can provide copies to, you know,
30mmunities in your area if you so desire. You know, that --
31st let me know that because the comment period, if I remember
80rrectly, is up till April 3rd, so there's some time to get
BBat out. Obviously, the council has several options here.
They can make no comment; they can make a comment for or
against; or take a combination thereof. So, I understand
M6. Deacon is saying he would like to know more about his
Specific area, but you may want to at this meeting remember
BBat, but focus on the whole region for Western Interior and
Bow this would affect. But if you'd like, we can send copies
46 you want to give myself, you know, a list of the communities
61 individuals that may not have received this Federal Register
A@tice and the petition. We can do that and I'd encourage them
#8 look it over and decide how they want to deal with it.
44
       MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman, I was wondering what the
46me-frame on the comment for this NARC Petition is....
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48
       MR. COLLINS: April 3, '95.
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1 MR. REAKOFF: ....so it'll be done before our next meeting. So, if we're going to make a comment about it, we have to do it at this meeting.

4

MR. HUNTINGTON: Mike, you have a question?

6

MR. COFFING: Just a comment, Mr. Chairman. I think &t'd be helpful. I think Mr. Deacon had an important question that's real basic, and that is how this is going to affect beople in my region, people in and around my community if it's adopted or not adopted. And I think that, you know, the real adswer to that is, well, what lands have been selected near your community but not conveyed yet. So, I think that there's adreal, you know, potential that some communities might be impacted a lot; some may not be impacted much at all. Hunting lareas that people travel to could be impacted or not impacted by regulations if this is adopted depending on whether those lands are already conveyed or they're simply in a selected \$patus.

20

21 Using some numbers that are in this NARC Petition, at 2@ast 60 million acres throughout the State have been selected Dût not conveyed. So, we know that at least 60 million acres 2 fe in this status. An additional 29 million acres have yet to D5 selected, so we know that, you know, if that 29 million 26res was selected but not conveyed, there could be approximately 89 million acres of land that you're talking about here and, you know, some of that land may not be near a 20mmunity; some is near Lime Village. But in the Nana region, Bhere's almost two million acres of land up there, 1.7 million acres of land in the Nana region that are -- that have been 32 lected and that because they've been selected are under State Bagulations and not Federal subsistence regulations. And I 8Mink that's part of what was driving the recent council up Bhere to try to get some action on getting some Federal \$6otection on those lands that have been selected in the Nana ##gion. And I'm going to stop there, but I just wanted to amphasize that, you know, for some of you, it may not affect №0u; for some of you, it might. But it certainly will have a 40fferent impact in different parts of the State depending on ₩hat their selections are. And I think that unless we can, you #Mow, unless we had a map or something to look where those selections are, it's real hard to know what the impact might ₽4.

45 46

MR. HUNTINGTON: Phil?

47

48 MR.GRAHAM: Yeah, I just want to know the proc- -- I Agan, this is not a proposal like in the red book here. This 50

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1s a petition from the Western Arctic Regional Council? What Mappens if we pass it here? Where does it go from here?

MR. MATHEWS: That's a good question. My understanding 5t'll go to obviously Mr. Pospahala of Fish and Wildlife 6ervice and they'll be compiled and provided to the Federal Subsistence Board, for one, and I would assume it would go to 8oth the Secretaries of Interior and Agriculture, and so they would have an indication that the users -- or I shouldn't say the users, the residents of Alaska, their comments are for or against or whatever. I'm not sure where it goes after that as far as would the board take it up. It just says it's going to a3d the secretaries in reaching a decision on this petition. The Federal Subsistence Board is soliciting public comments. \$5, the board feels like it needs to answer this petition.

I don't know, I doubt if it would be on the April board fileting agenda, but I haven't seen that agenda. The board filets on the 10th through the 14th. I really doubt if all these comments would be somewhat dealt with before April 10th, & I would assume this would be a later meeting that the board would take up.

23

MR.GRAHAM: So, it seems like if it was passed, it 25uld be, you know, another year before it was implemented.

MR. MATHEWS: Yes, I think that's a fair assumption and 28would assume the governor and the State's attorney would go 20 court immediately if this passed. So, I would assume Bhere'd be litigation that would possibly prevent it from going amy further. So, that would add on another year or two there. 32ut the question is -- the basic questions are, Should Federal and thority go beyond Federal lands and should it be to Native and selected lands? If we think about court actions, we'll now move anywhere on any issue.

36

37 MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman?

38 39

MR. HUNTINGTON: Yes, Herman?

40

MR. MORGAN: I'd like to know, have other councils been d2scussing this, particularly in your rural areas? And what's tBeir opinions on it if they have been discussing it?

MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, it's -- to my knowledge, 46's on all or most of all of the agendas of the ten councils. 47ve not received reports back from any of them. We've been 48nd of scattered to the winds because I think right now we're 40eting -- two other councils are meeting at the same time. I 50

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Maven't gotten an indication. I think it'll end up being 3imilar -- it'll be across the spectrum. I think it'd be, no doubt, across the spectrum: those that would be very supportive 4f it and those that would like combinations of it, and maybe 5ven some against it.

MS. MASCHMEYER: Mr. Chairman, I was present at 8outheast Council's meeting and initially they wanted to adopt the petition, but upon further investigation they felt like they needed to study it more before they, you know, signed it as a signee or co-signee. But as I recall, you know, there was much support over it, but the council just wanted, you know, more time to make sure that they knew exactly what they were that they knew exactly what they were

15

16 MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman, one more comment. You know, 17kind of support it, but one of the regrets I have is that we'll probably run into the same problem like we're having with this wolf problem, you know. It's controlled by them groups 20wn in the States, you know, and they don't know how bad it is 14 here, you know. And if there's -- up in the State, you Raow, they were controlling them pretty good, but now they 2an't because a lot of them groups down in the Lower 48, they 84y no. And I'm afraid that we might run into more things like 25at, you know. I know that they're trying to help subsistence 26ers, but that's the only problem I see with Federal management is a lot of times it's controlled by them people 28wn in the States and they have a lot of money, them 20 vironmental groups and stuff. That's the only problem I see Wath Federal take-over.

31

MR. HUNTINGTON: Is there any more comment on the NARC Bêtition? I'm in support of this petition and I would like to 3ée this board here support it in the form of motion. Is there a fix -- there's a -- is there a motion on the floor to support 36 oppose it?

37

MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman, I make the motion to  $\$\theta$ pport.

40

41 MR. HUNTINGTON: I have a motion on the floor to  $\pm \Omega$  pport the petition. Is there a second?

43 44

MR.GRAHAM: I second it.

45

46 MR. HUNTINGTON: Second. Second to support the  $\not$  tition. Any questions? Call for a vote. All in favor of  $\not$  the petition, signify by saying aye.

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MR. REAKOFF: Aye.
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       MR. HUNTINGTON: Aye.
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       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: Aye.
6
7
       MR.GRAHAM:
                   Aye.
8
       MR. DEACON: Aye.
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       MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign?
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       MR. COLLINS: Aye.
14
15
       MR. MORGAN: Aye.
16
17
                        Two opposed. Two opposed and six in
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
favor of -- the motion passed.
19
20
       MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, as we did at your last
Adeting, we recorded your vote and that I think it'd be wise to
22t an idea of your justification for support and then the
203 nority opinions, so it's clear to all as to -- if they want
26 give their opinion so we have it recorded.
                                               So, if we could
35art off with the majority of why you supported it in one or
260 sentences and then with the minority.
       MR. HUNTINGTON: I don't think you have to have a vote
20r approval, but I think you have to have one for opposing.
30
       MR. MATHEWS: We do need both. We definitely have
80 -- it's best to get a minority, but we want to make sure.
We can capture it from the transcript, but sometimes someone
34n summarize it and it just makes it easier to plug in the
35stem why they support it, the majority. And then it's best
abways to reflect the minority when you have a split vote.
37
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. We'll go down the line,
39arting with Phil. Do you have a reason to support? A
short....
41
       MR.GRAHAM: I voted yes, understanding that really
₩ð're just taking a stand on this, not that I can see anything
Adoppening in the near future and not understanding what might
Abppen. But it's my feeling that the Federal subsistence
$60gram is better than the State and these lands -- there are
##eople that need to use these lands and they can't legally do
48 at the present time. So, I think they should be -- you
#Mow, I think they should be able to use these lands, people
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that are near the land.
3
                         Thank you, Phil. Pollock?
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
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        MR. SIMON:
                    I would like to see the way of life as
Subsistence protected.
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Thank you.
                                    Jack?
10
        MR. REAKOFF: My feeling is with the long conveyance
process that there's going to be people who need the
$ûbsistence resources on these non-conveyed lands that will be
18 a hardship case. I also feel that the Federal subsistence
program addresses the needs of the local rural residents'
$\tilde{1}\text{bs} istence over the State's, otherwise, I wouldn't be on this
&6uncil.
17
18
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Thank you. Herman?
19
20
       MR. MORGAN: Yeah.
                            I voted to oppose it, although I
31pport their concept of, you know, helping rural subsistence
22eds that the State Advisory Committee -- I'm on it, I'm on
£Bat, too, and we do that, too, you know. I see problems with
MAving the Federal government take over because like three
& manufacture and amples right now, there's this wolf control thing, you know,
Where before the State had a pretty good wolf control program,
\Im du know, and if they put it to a Federal, we'd never have
       We'll never have that. And like right now, they're
2Bat.
R9lling a lot of moose around Aniak, you know, and there's
βθople down in the States, they feel the moose have more rights
Bhan the people who are subsistence users. And another thing
32 trapping, you know. A lot of them Federal people -- or
Bower 48, they're against trapping and a lot of people depend
3A that, you know. And another thing is, you know, I don't
Rhow if you read the paper, but they're voting to ban any new
Begulations, you know. And you know, with them being so far
away and everything, you know, we're already seeing problems
&8th it and we'll probably see more problems with it. These
age just three examples already. And I feel that the State,
♦0u know, although right now there's two different lands -- I'm
4h both committees, you know. You ask me if I feel -- the
$2ate can -- you know, they're not perfect, but they're local.
43hey're more local than Federal. That's the way I see it.
44
45
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Thank you.
                                     Henry?
46
                     I kind of oppose it because I really don't
        MR. DEACON:
48derstand. Like I say, I represent people in our area and I'd
49ke to hear their opinion and I'd like to lead their -- if
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they say they want that, then that's where it should go.
like to hear from people before I make a big decision on
Something like that. That's why I want more information.
That's only -- even though I'm for it, I question it yet, till
5 hear from other people.
7
                         Thank you. Gloria?
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
        MS. MASCHMEYER: Yes. Mr. Chair, I was just trying to
$\ddot\delta\text{t} clarification on Mr. Morgan's reason for objection.
1t -- is it correct in understanding that you feel that it
$Bould stay under State as it is? Your objection is because
$8ate is local control and Washington is Federal control and
there's already a lot of Federal control?
16
        MR. MORGAN: Yeah, and there's problems with it, like I
mæntioned before like wolf control. That's the best -- the
prime example right there. You know, the State had a pretty
$\displaystyle 0 od wolf control program, you know. That's a prime example
20ght there.
21
22
        MR. COLLINS: Mr. Chairman, I would support it within
2Be conservation units like within the Park because I think it
24arifies that, but I can't support it for all of the lands,
Pāderal lands outside those units. That was my reason for
₽6ting against it.
27
28
        MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you. My reason for supporting
20 is because I think it's necessary and I think it's
30stified. Sharon?
31
32
        MS. GURTLER-STRICK: And my reason was, as Henry just
38ated, I think that people need access to the local game for
34bsistence uses.
35
36
        MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, we need kind of a
&Tarification here. You announced that the vote was six in
#8vor and two opposed. But now it appears to be that it's
Baree opposed and five in favor. Is that correct?
40
41
        MR. HUNTINGTON: I heard two nays only, unless you
Agard another one.
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        MR. MATHEWS: Okay. I need a clarification on
Mb. Deacon's vote, then.
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        MR. DEACON: I voted no.
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       MR. MATHEWS: You voted for it or against it?
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MR. DEACON: Against.
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       MR. MATHEWS: Against. Okay. That's all we need to
know.
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       MR. COLLINS: I think there was three unless you're....
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9
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. Thank you. Sorry.
10
11
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. The vote goes three to five in
favor.
13
14
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. And I just need clarification.
Hanry, you're going to let me know where this should be
dbstributed to sometime before the close of the meeting. You
wanted it distributed in your area. Do you still want that?
18
19
       MR. DEACON:
                    If we can find attorney.
20
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. During break or that, just let me
Rhow what communities and we'll go ahead with that.
23
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         I would like to see some kind of
25tion on this from this board to the Federal board.
26
27
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. If I understand, you'd like some
28tion on this before the Federal board -- the action will be
20 corded in your minutes and you'll get a copy of the
30stifications. But if the council so desires, you can have me
Trite a letter to the board summarizing the majority and
m2nority opinion on this. Just -- I mean, I can do that, also,
Bût it's recorded in your minutes. And, put it this way, I
Bhink it's clear to me that a separate letter needs to be
adddressed on this to the board. Is that -- is everyone in
agreement on that?
37
38
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Yeah.
39
40
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. Thank you.
41
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Is there any more questions on this
MARC Petition. Maybe we have some people from the public here
that might want to comment on it. Any comments from the
₱fblic? Also, I'd like to state that we'd like to have an open
A6eting. Anybody that wants to comment on any concerns, just
$\frac{1}{2}$ free to -- feel free to come on up to the mike and speak.
Wê're going on to our next item on the agenda. This Unit 21(E)
&aribou report. Jeff Denton and Conrad Guenther.
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MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, we really don't have much to
Report this year since the Western Arctic Caribou Herd did not
Move down into 20(E). Other than the few caribou that had
5hown up across the Yukon from Holy Cross prior to the fall
Maeeting that we had. I think there were twenty-three caribou,
I believe.
           Is that correct, that the people have located
8here? Tim can fill in on anything I miss on this.
                                                    Basically,
We haven't had much caribou action at all other than some of
the local resident caribou that seemed to be in the area.
11
       MR. OSBORNE: Yes, I'm speaking for Jack here.
23(E) we get part of the Western Arctic Caribou that every year
₫♠es down and it's mainly in the Upper Anvik River Drainage
than last year. They went all the way down almost to
$6. Mary's, and so there was a large number, about 100,000
taribou from the Western Arctic Caribou, actually in 21(E)
$8obably. But that was the first time in years and years that
taribou have been down there. This year just very few of them
Mave gone past the Unalakleet-Kaltag Portage.
2.1
22
        (Adjusting microphones)
23
       MR. OSBORNE: Is that the mating call of the caribou in
Øfit 21(E)? There is probably a chance also that if the
M61chatna Herd crosses the Kuskokwim and comes on up the north
27de that there will be some caribou going into the south --
88uthern portion of 21(E), but actually there are no resident
28ribou within 21(E).
30
31
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Is that it?
32
33
       MR. OSBORNE: That's it.
34
                    I had a question. With the caribou coming
       MR. MORGAN:
36, do you see a lot of wolves coming in too along with the
daribou?
38
39
       MR. OSBORNE: I would imagine there's a lot of wolves
40 21(E) already because of the high moose population that's
Afound the Holy Cross area and, of course, in a lot of hills,
#Mere's a lot of wolves that are up in there when the caribou
∉∂me down.
44
                    Do wolves generally -- do they generally
       MR. MORGAN:
Mang around caribou herds, though, or do they kind of follow
the caribou herds?
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49
       MR. OSBORNE: I don't believe we have any studies that
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\$how wolves migrating with caribou in the Interior, but we do have them up on the North Slope where wolves will -- and up in the Brooks Range area where wolves -- and along in Unit 23 in Morthwest Arctic where we've had radio-collared wolves that have followed caribou packs.

7 MR. MORGAN: Do you count wolves or do you have a general idea of the number of wolves from doing the caribou 9tudy at the same time?

10 11

MR. OSBORNE: In Unit 21(E)?

12 13

MR. MORGAN: Yeah.

14

MR. OSBORNE: No, we do not. We do not have a good 1dea of how many wolves are there.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you. Conrad?

19

20 MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, and, Herman, just one comment ôm caribou following wolves (sic). As Tim said, there really 28 not any really good studies that would verify that caribou 23 follow wolves -- or wolves do follow caribou. One of the 2Mings that may be happening north of the Brooks Range and in 25me areas in Canada, basically, the only prey-base animal for 2he wolves in those areas, large prey-base animal, are caribou. 2And so what happens is you have wolves with extremely large 28ck ranges; pack ranges so big that actually they may follow a 2aribou herd for a week and stay within their pack range. Bhere's quite a bit of good evidence that pack ranges are **Sa**irly well-defined and that packs do not normally go into ôther pack ranges because there's too much aggression between packs. That's about the best we have, without some really 8 tensive dollars put into it. We think that probably in most 85ses, wolves, really, are somewhat limited to their pack range and even though they may appear to be following caribou, Bhey're actually just staying within a large pack range. 38

In areas where there's other prey animals such as #0ose, wolves tend to have somewhat smaller pack ranges because there's more food available to them and so they don't seem to #0llow the caribou like they do in areas where their ranges are #0ally large. So, maybe if that helps you understand, you #4ow, what we know about wolves and that right now. There is 4fe study that would seem to imply that there may be some lone #6lves, in other words, probably young males that have been -- #1ave left packs, that actually may move with the caribou herds 4fd actually cross other pack ranges. But, again, until 40mebody can get out and put some collars on some of those 50

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wolves and follow them, we can't really verify that's the case. 3 MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah, Ray. MR. COLLINS: Question. When caribou start increasing on an area, though, you're likely to have the pack size Increase, wouldn't you? So, that would result in more wolves 8r larger packs than if they were just feeding on local.... 10 MR. GUENTHER: You know, the problem that we run into #1th caribou, though, is because caribou move in and out of areas. This creates problems for wolf packs building up to large numbers because when the caribou aren't there, they have 14 have some other prey base. And so that's somewhat of a 15miting factor on, you know, the question you're asking. 16 17 MR. COLLINS: All right. 18 MR. GUENTHER: Again, there's a lot of information about wolves that we just do not have good knowledge on right Яфw. 2.2 2.3 MR. HUNTINGTON: Phil? 2.4 MR. GRAHAM: Just a question. How much do pack ranges Ø€erlap, or is there much overlapping? 28 MR. GUENTHER: From the studies that have been done 20 re in Alaska and also in Canada and some studies down in the abea around Minnesota, there's -- as far as pack range overlap, 3t's probably almost zero. There's -- you know, this is a Beally tough one because you have to have wolves collared in all the local packs to see if they're overlapping. Now, what BMey've found is that there may be some seasonal changes in \$5ck range, and so you get what appears to be overlaps, but **36**tually the ranges change. Now, all the studies don't show Bhis, but there have been a couple of studies where there appears to be some seasonal changes in where the range is, so Ble boundary will change. 40 41 You'll also have a situation where a pack may move in 40d start re-establishing a new area, so they actually change #Be range of an adjacent pack. There's just a lot of things 44ing on we really don't understand. There may be localized ₺bings that are occurring where there's some local variations 46 the way packs behave. We know in a few cases we've had had &@nglomerate packs where we've had very specific packs with

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pack ranges. Say we've got packs of four to six wolves, and all of a sudden for some reason we get a large number of wolves

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that show up in an area usually where there's a big caribou 2 oncentration. We think probably there are packs from around 3 hat area that somehow, because there's such a huge food base, 4 tart getting some overlap in pack ranges. One of the people 5 hat have observed that in a scientific study felt there -- 6 hey had a number of wolves tagged and they felt that there 3 ctually was family relationships between some of these packs, 8 nd they theorize, and we don't know this, that it may be that 9 here's -- because of that family relationship that allow these packs to overlap and actually be working in the same area. But 1 they still retain usually some individuality even if that happens.

13

- There just are a lot of things we really don't inderstand and there's an awful lot of speculation about what happens with wolves. I guess the critical thing is that, you know, we all realize wolves are highly social animals. Packs provided an extremely large role and that there tends to be a lot of aggression between packs between neighboring packs. So much aggression that in one study done in Minnesota where deer are the prey base for wolves primarily, that they found that the range where pack ranges came together, that they actually made sections where there were more deer because the wolf packs are away from them and you actually had a build-up of deer in those areas. So, you know, lots and lots of questions and a lot fewer answers.
- MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman? The reason I asked that it 30 emed like seven years ago there was no caribou around Aniak. 3 You know, we never saw caribou, and it seemed like now that 8 Dere are a lot of caribou, seems like that there are a lot 30 re wolves running around you know, and like up in Aniak 4 ver, somebody was saying those wolves, they'd kill moose and 6 to part of it and then go kill another one, you know, and I 30 talking to somebody this morning who said the pack of 30 lves -- they kill wolves every five to ten days, you know, 36 d right now the moose are having a tough time. They're easy 30 ey. They're weak and, you know, that's the reason that --

 $$\phi$0$u$  know, we noticed there's a lot more wolves around, a lot

42

Adre caribou.

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MR. GUENTHER: The only thing that I could speculate that might answer that, and maybe Tim or somebody else might have some other comments regarding this, when you start seeing the contrations of caribou, what you may be seeing is that the have are focusing down onto that prey base, and so they have more visible. Where, say, a wolf pack that has a range fifty square miles, and particularly if it's not really open 50

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country, if they're out hunting moose that are fairly grattered, you may -- they may not be as visible to a person, where when you start finding caribou concentrated, particularly 4n open areas, that that wolf pack becomes more visible because 5hey're hanging right around where those caribou are working 6hem. I don't know. That's speculation on my part. I don't know if that's the case or not.

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MR. MORGAN: Yeah.

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11 MR. GUENTHER: That's the best I can do to answer that  $\alpha$ 2estion.

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MR. MORGAN: Yeah. I'd like to comment on that. You khow, those caribou, they're about, I don't know, fifteen or twenty miles away, you know, and I've heard there are wolves that come right into town. You know, you can see wolves right town. There's packs right down the slough, you know, and they never used to be that many.

MR. GUENTHER: The only comment I might be able to make Palative to that is in a -- there's been a few cases where all DB a sudden wolves start showing up around towns, even in Pairbanks. Generally, it's a situation where snow conditions Make it more difficult for wolves to travel and they start Showing up around areas where there's something that might altract them there, like local dogs.

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29 MR. MORGAN: Or moose.

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31 MR. GUENTHER: Yeah. I really can't give you any more \$20 formation than that. I just don't know.

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34 MR. OSBORNE: I could add a little bit if you wanted I mean, wolves will inhabit everything, and just because \$60ple build houses in the middle of their territories doesn't make any difference. The best place to see wolves in Ketchikan There's a pack of fifteen that lives centered 38 the dump. agound the dump in Ketchikan. Ruby, a few years ago, had a #Ack of seven that was living in town eating puppies, garbage, and sleeping under people's houses. This year -- in Galena the #ast several years we've had wolves right in town running #Brough town and seen all over. I mean, it -- you know, \$\delta\sically if there's a place where no wolf pack living there, #Dey're going to take over. I mean, wolves -- unless you get 1969 towns like Anchorage or whatever, wolves are going to, you Anow, occupy it, especially if there's food around. They'll be 481 over.

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One thing I might add, by the way, on wolves following @aribou herds is there's a lot of dispersion of wolves and we know that when we hang collars on wolves, that if you hang them In anything other than adults, probably that spring and summer 5hey're going to be gone and they take off, and we've had -we've never done a satellite study of dispersing wolves, but we Mave maybe twenty or thirty now wolves that have been collared One place and picked up someplace else, and wolves have been Oollared on the Kenai Peninsula, trapped in Fairbanks. ₩ôlves from the Gates of the Arctic that were trapped in Canada bter to Anvik on the MacKenzie River. I had a wolf from Galena that was collared in the North Slope in ANWR country and one from Kotzebue was trapped on top of Ray Mountains. I mean, they do travel. These young wolves travel a long ways. And the other thing within the packs, that come springtime, if there's any sub adult or close to adult male wolves in the pack, they'll have fights with the male wolves within a pack themselves, and there's -- you know, you radio collar a lot of those sub adult males and you'll come back and find carcasses 20 in the springtime. They'll be dead. So there's a lot of Rilling that goes on within wolves.

I mean, from all the studies we've done, we've probably Adng close to a thousand radio collars or more over the last 25n years on wolves, and in areas that are close to humans, the A6mber one cause of death of wolves is humans. In the areas 2Nat are farther away from humans, the number one cause of A8ath of wolves is other wolves. So they chew each other up 28qularly.

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I guess we're getting off the subject of caribou in 22(E) a little bit.

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34 MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Tim. Any more questions on 85 is wolf report, 21(E)? (Pause) Is that it on a -- Conrad? 38 he report there? Is that it?

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38 MR. GUENTHER: Yes. That's everything I have.

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MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, that brings us to G, which \$\$ overview of the customary and traditional determination \$\$20cess, and under Tab 8 is a letter that Mike will be talking \$\$80ut, Mike Coffing, and there's also a copy of the Federal \$\$4\$gister notice. Mine got flipped so you'll kind of have to \$\$50ve the pages around. I've given you the background of the \$\$60isting C&T program, so I think with that I'll turn it over to \$\$M7ke, and then I'll come back on when we get to Upper Tanana \$\$80 Copper Region.

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1 MR. HUNTINGTON: Mike?

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MR. COFFING: Yeah. Mr. Chairman, thank you. Vince touched yesterday on the statewide C&T. George couldn't make there. I want to come back to that, but first I want to briefly update you on the Yukon Kuskokwim Delta process and kind of let you know where that is at now, and then I'll continue discussing the Statewide C&T. Just before Christmas, prepared some letters, and one of them is in your packet here there there are the some Richard Pospahala, letting you know that we were beginning the scoping process for the YK Delta, Unit 18 specifically.

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The scoping process is no more than simply letting the pablic know that we were beginning the C&T process and to livite the public to provide us with information, with their tancerns, with their ideas, with information they might have on taxonary and traditional uses, so that we can have that in land as we as staff go through the analysis and prepare tecommendations for those drafts of C&T determinations -- 22 igibility determinations.

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There were several proposals that had already been sent 25 to Fish & Wildlife Service prior to me beginning this & 6oping process. I began the assisting Fish & Wildlife on this 27 August. That's when I began working on this, and what I had & 6ne, is I had compiled essentially the proposals that had come 21 and summarized those and made mention in this letter that & 6nt out. I also attached a sheet on the second page that & dentifies what the current customary and traditional & 22 terminations are on Federal public lands in Unit 18.

34 I want to emphasize here that what I am hoping to do and what I had planned to do as I set out on this was to review and incorporate comments for customary and traditional uses in Bhit 18 by anybody. I was not looking at customary and 88aditional uses in Unit 19 or Unit 21. My parameters were Gait 18 specifically for the uses. However, I know there are **¢∂**mmunities outside of 18 - some in 21, some in 19, and some in 47 - that come into Unit 18 and to use the resources. That is ₩My this council received a letter, as well as the Bristol Bay Ragional Council, the Seward Peninsula Regional Council. #4lks received the same letter -- basically the same notice as \$\$5\$u did to inform them so they could also be part of the \$6ocess and provide information for communities in their ###gions that would use Unit 18 for subsistence. 48

I think so far I've gotten only a couple comments in,

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one from the refuge manager in Dillingham and another one from the Kuskokwim corporation based in Aniak with offices in Anchorage representing the central Kuskokwim area, primarily Unit 19. So, I'm looking forward to getting more input from 5 ouncils, from the public. I plan to attend some adversary 6 ommittee meetings in our -- in my region. I'm from Bethel, in my region next week to get input from the advisory committees. 8 We have a YK Delta Regional Council meeting in Mountain 9 illage March 1st and 2nd, and I expect to get some input from touncil members there, as well. I also hope to get out and thavel in some of the communities in Unit 18 to continue to get \$0 me input from the public down there.

- So, that's kind of where it's at. The schedule that I was given to work with -- actually when I was brought on in A6gust, I was told that they would like to get this process for Whit 18 completed by -- I think I actually have to have the determinations done and implemented by July of 1996. The Federal Register notice that went out, and you have a copy Ander Tab 8, indicates 1995, and that's not going to happen. It's not moving along that fast. So I think we're still and 21 shooting for the time period generally 1996, July 1st. That and y be delayed a bit because of concerns raised by recent defuncils at the meeting that we had February 13th and 14th in Anchorage with staff committee.
- I think maybe I'll shift emphasis a little bit now and 200 ve into some concerns that were raised at that meeting back 200 Anchorage the 13th and 14th of February dealing with kind of 810 C&T process statewide, which would affect you folks. It 31 affects what I'm doing in Unit 18.
- Essentially, some of the councils felt that the process Bhat had been laid out and the schedule that you see in the B5deral Register notice was somewhat directed from the top The agencies decided kind of where they were going to \$0, which areas they were going to prioritize completing the G&T determinations, and that, you know, they were -- there was maybe not enough consideration given to what the regional \$0uncils wanted. Kind of the top-down process identified #hat -- or indicated that the way this procedure would go would 132 that the focus would be on, first, the large game species, and that's why in my letter you see that my focus on this is &Aribou, bear, muskox, and moose. So that's kind of how \$5ocess was laid out, and there, I think, are over two hundred \$6oposals that have been submitted over time to the Federal Sübsistence Board since the Federal program took over #anagement in 1990, so there has been this backlog of proposals **#0** change or adopt some customary and traditional use 50

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determinations for a variety of species, from small game to Yurbearers to big game.

And this schedule that we've been operating on has been delayed several times because of concerns wanting to get 6ouncil input. The managing agencies would do their best with The best information they had to pull together and analyze Anformation and lay it out for the council's comment. Mappened with the Kenai Peninsula. It's happened with Copper River and Upper Tanana, and those, of course, were the first ones to be worked on, and it became, I think, crystal &lear that the councils wanted to have more of a role, and they Mad concerns that had not been appropriating to the analysis, AAd because staff committee wanted full council participation 15 developing these C&T determinations, staff committee, I think, did not want to step forward and try to stay on schedule bacause they had set a schedule. They felt it was more 18 portant to get public involvement and to get involvement from the council do it right. 2.0

21 At the meeting on 13th and 14th February in Anchorage, 22veral council members were there. In fact, I think Vince 28dicated most of them were there. Some of the council 204mbers, including Mr. Sheldon Katchatag from Unalakleet, kind 25 laid out what he thought would work for a process and what 16 was hoping could happen, is that rather than Federal staff 20ming out and talking to council in public and saying, "Here's 28r schedule, here's what we'd like to do, and this is when ₩ê'd like to have it done," to step back and come to the 80uncils and let the councils tell us what, you know, they want 80 do, to get input from the councils on what they think is Bimportant, which species we should be looking at C&T uses, Baviewing those determinations, and -- but maybe more 34gnificantly to have -- one of Sheldon's suggestions was to Bave subregional meetings, to get out to the villages and have \$6blic meetings, to get really public input and let the public \$\vec{del}{del} = \text{luser what their C&T uses are, what their subsistence uses ase, and record those, and then based on public input and 80uncil input, try to then proceed through developing customary 40d traditional use determinations that fit what the councils ste is necessary and fit, you know, the Federal mandate for \$2tting them done.

Having said that, I want to be real, you know, up front \$5th you and tell you that I think many of us are not sure kind \$6 where we're at. We know that out of the meeting on the 13th \$1dd 14th that there was a lot of concern raised both by the \$8uncil members, the council chairmen and their designees, and \$9 staff committee, that we need to get more input from the 50

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touncil on this. So I think right now people like myself and
2ther anthropologists and certainly other Federal staff that
3re involving in this are waiting for somewhat of a
4larification from the staff committee on the Federal
5ubsistence boards and perhaps also from the regional councils
6n how they would like us to proceed.

What I'm doing now essentially for Unit 18 is continue to get public input and then waiting for direction from my supervisor in Anchorage as to how to proceed in terms of the ting an analysis written up, drafting up the eligibility determinations, and then getting them out for regional council to view and public review.

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- I think that's about the best I can do in telling you kend of where things are at. I don't -- it might appear that we've gone several steps backward and we're not progressing, but I think I should say at least from my personal standpoint, and time we need to back up because we want to do a better job of getting public input and hearing what the council members' concerns are, I think that's progress and I think that we all realize, certainly on the staff committee and Federal staff, that it's folks like yourself, the regional council members and the public, that are really going to give us direction and are of the possible that work, and I think that we're proceeding councily, but we want to provide full council participation as much as possible here.
- 29 So I might have jumped over some things that are not 80ming to mind now, but I'll stop now, and if there are any questions, I'll be glad to answer any question.
  32
- MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman? On the first page of your G&T determination I see that muskox has no subsistence, and I was wondering how your scoping process has eliminated an animal shat has a historic range within the Unit 18 and is -- as you know, muskox are recolonizing the entire west and north posts alaska and will become, hopefully in the near future, a spable subsistence resource, and why was prehistoric, and chaeological data excluded in the -- of course, subsistence alsers five hundred years ago utilized muskox and why were they accluded as no subsistence?

MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Reakoff, the reason there -- there are two reasons. The first reason I'll give you to when the Federal program took over subsistence management or 47 I guess that's the best way to say it. Took over took over the State, the Federal program adopted the state customary and traditional use 50

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determinations. Kind of state-wide, they were adopted. Some of them have been changed now. The State determination, Unit 38, was no subsistence on muskox. That's what it was, so that's why it's that way under the Federal program now. That's what was adopted from the State, and it hasn't been addressed, hasn't been modified or changed since then. I guess that's the most direct answer to why the Federal determination is that way.

As to why the State determination was that way prior to that, I believe that, you know, I -- I think I can say pretty to fidently that it was the opinion of the State that muskox were not indigenous to Unit 18, that they were not out there hastorically, that muskox were introduced from Unimak (ph) in the thirties, introduced to the mainland and Nelson Island in 1967, and then of course you have in other areas were introduced from Unimak to North Slope, Seward Peninsula, Asctic Refuge, and other places. That, I think, is why the State did not determine that muskox were a subsistence resource 20 Unit 18.

21

Now, that could change under the Federal program, and I think it comes down to what the council recommends in the area. It also comes down to, I think, what the staff committee and the Federal Subsistence Board recognizes as customary and that is -- I think the real question that they're going to have to look at is: Does an animal have to they been indigenous to have customary and traditional use? Or the fact that it's been in the region for ninety years and they have been using it qualify it as a subsistence use and a the staditional use?

32

On the North Slope in ANWR, muskox were indigenous to the North Slope, so I think that determination for some of the North Slope communities by the Federal Subsistence Board came ésier because there was that historic use and archaeological évidence pointing to that, but that hasn't been the case in that the found.

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40 MR. REAKOFF: Have you ever found bones coming out of banks or anything?

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MR. HUNTINGTON: I have a question here. How easy well dit be to reinstate this muskox into the C&T determination?

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47 MR. COFFING: I'm sorry?

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MR. HUNTINGTON: How long -- would there be any problem 50

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to get the muskox back into the C&T determination for Unit 18?  $^{2}$ 

MR. COFFING: Well, it's never been there as a determination. I think the process would be one of looking at 5he historical/biological evidence to see, in fact, if muskox were there. That would be the job of, you know, the staff Biologists. We'd pull that information together. I would pull Bogether information on historical, indigenous use of muskox, Why people that live, you know, in the region there -- and we'd &Bsentially give a literature search and pull together all the 1mformation we could find, and then we would, based on that, w2ite up a draft analysis of what we saw going on with muskox. 18 would then bring that to the regional council -- to the YK Delta Regional Council. They, of course, then could look at it and offer comments, and then, of course, it would go to staff t6mmittee and then Federal subsistence board. But I think what 17's going to take is a full analysis and looking.... 18

19 (Mr. Deacon, Mr. Reakoff, and Mr. Morgan talking amongst themselves.)

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Hold on. Jack, can we have order? Go ân, Mike.

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MR. COFFING: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I think what it \$\frac{\partial}{2}6\text{uld}\$ take is really a full analysis and look at what the \$\frac{2}{\partial}\$ idence is and what the information is, pulling that together, \$\frac{2}{2}6\text{d}\$ we haven't done that yet, and I think that's kind of where \$\frac{\partial}{2}6\text{'re}\$ in the process now, of starting to pull that together, \$\frac{2}{2}6\text{d}\$, you know, I expect that I'm going to hear from council \$\frac{\partial}{2}6\text{members}\$ in the region I'm from as well as the public in the \$\frac{2}{2}6\text{gion}\$ from, and they're going to be interested to know, you \$\frac{2}{2}6\text{members}\$ in the region to do, and we're going to have some \$\frac{2}{2}6\text{ople}\$ termination for muskox in the region.

MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, also when it gets to the \$8 age where there's recommendations from councils, this will be Before you, this C&T determination process. So this council at that time could make a recommendation to maintain the status the or ask it to change. Then that would be put to test at the Edderal Subsistence Board if it meets the criteria of substantial evidence, conservation of the species, and then the third one is detrimental to subsistence uses. So it would be tested there. So it will be back before this council, but the beard will obviously look a lot closer to the YK Council for their recommendation. But your recommendation will also be before the board when that goes through.

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MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman, one thing that I would find useful in doing my work from this council is if there are council members here that know specifically of communities within the western interior area that travel to Unit 18 and use use in 18 -- you know, hunt -- you know, basically practice subsistence in Unit 18. Generally along the Kuskokwim I know those and some along the Yukon, but if there are council members here that could maybe give me some guidance of specific communities that they know come into Unit 18 or have any suggestions for communities, maybe I should contact further to ask them about their uses in Unit 18. I would appreciate that.

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All of the communities adjacent to Unit 18 - Stebbins, \$5. Michael, Holy Cross, I think one went Grayling, Anvik, \$6 ageluk -- all of them along the Kuskokwim River all the way I think to Stony River received the same letter. I've not heard from them, but if this council can offer me any guidance for dommunities that I should be especially tuned into or aware of 20 your region that might come into Unit 18, I would appreciate that help.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you. Herman, I guess you're 24ose to the borderline down there, and I think it probably has 25me effect on your area.

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MR. MORGAN: First of all, I'd like some clarification, 28ke if one person used to go down there twenty years ago, does 29 mean that a hundred people can go down there now? How do \$0u determine that? If one person used to go down there, can a 8housand people go down there now?

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MR. COFFING: You mean in -- Mr. Chairman, if I may. 3A this example, and I don't want to take this too far, so tell to if I'm getting off track here. But is what you're asking to one person in Unit 19 would qualify, then does that the area more people would qualify to come into 18? Is that what \$8u're....

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40 MR. MORGAN: I mean, when you say customary and -- &1stomary or -- I don't recall that. You know, if one person \$\daggeq 2s\$ to go down there, you know, does that mean that everybody \$\daggeq 2s\$ the village can go down there now and hunt?

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MR. COFFING: No. I think, Mr. Chairman, Mr. Morgan, the process has been one in making determinations, is to make them for communities or areas. So if in looking at the theformation from, you know, whatever community outside the the gion, let's stick one in Unit 19 for example, if it was a 50

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deneral pattern that people in that community or that community Mad shown uses in Unit 18, then I think if a finding was made, Bhat finding would be made for that community. It wouldn't be for individual people. It would be for the community overall. 5Well, for example, I know personally that residents of Lower Kalskag and Upper Kalskag and Aniak and perhaps Shraltoff(ph) dome into Unit 18 and use that region, as do people from Holy You know, if they were added -- if their community was determined to have eligibility for Unit 18, that eligibility then would extend to all the people in those communities, not to individuals only in those communities.

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13 MR. COLLINS: Is there going to be any process for mediating some of this? Because I can see some disputes in the future if resources get short, and what kind of time frame are \$\$\$6u looking at? Like when this came before the State, for 1Astance, they were going to include people from Bethel and &Bear out on the coast in 19(D) up there on moose because they 10st said Unit 19 because they happened to cross the border 20wn below, and historically I know that was never the case, \$\daggeq \text{the Now.} The Athabascans would not have allowed people from 22ear out on the coast to come up there, take their resources 28 they were short supply. Is there any kind of time frames on 2Mis, or because they've been using it over the last year under 2he general sport seasons, are they now becoming subsistence Asers? I think of that in the Yukon area there, you know, Where because of commercial fishing, big boats now, people are 28aveling a long ways for fall moose hunts that they never 20uld have done before they owned those big boats. Has that B⊕come subsistence?

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32 MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Collins, you hit on a aftestion that is going to have to be faced, I think, head on, and that is: What constitutes long-term customary and 85aditional use. It has not been determined how long a use has 86 have occurred before a community qualifies, and I think that addy -- you know, there have been some -- I think that the 88scussions came up on the Kenai with the South Central Council and with staff that have been involved in the analysis. You Aflow, what does constitute customary and traditional use? Abng-term use of a resource. Some have suggested, you know, 40e generation. Some have suggested thirty years. Some have staggested three generations. I mean, there's the whole spectrum that people are offering out. Nothing has been There has not been a time element blocked off as 45termined. #bis is the minimum amount of time or the amount of time that's Adcessary to get you in.

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That is going to raise -- you know, when the

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determinations are made, there are going to be areas of @onflict, and I can -- personally having dealt with it for Ben years on the Yukon and the Kuskokwim, it's very much in conflict between upriver users and downriver users, as we Socally refer to each other. And Sheldon -- you know, we discussed this at the meeting briefly. Kind of off record, Sheldon and I and Taylor and some others, Taylor Brelsford &ph) -- and I think Sheldon was hoping that in some of these Instances where there is this conflict that it may come to 10 int council meetings where councils -- and if I may pick an & \* ample, maybe the Western Interior Council or maybe some members of the Western Interior Council meet with members of or the full YK Delta Council to work out and resolve some of these dafferences so they can come to some agreement or consensus on who they would recommend or support as being eligible. 16

I think any ideas that members here have or your &8nstituents have on what they think should be a time limit, if &9u want to do something like that, if you have any ideas, any &20mments that you have, any suggestions, I think would be most &20come in helping the staff and staff committee and the board &2nd of resolve this in their own mind. They are as puzzled &20cout it as you are, I think, and are wanting any help they can &20 from the public and from the councils.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Henry, you have a question?

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MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman, I would like to -- I think what would answer Ray and Herman's question is that in the time shortage, which is when there might be a problem with people derlapping, the law defines under Section 804 a criteria for distomary and direct dependence upon the populations of the mainstay of livelihood. If there wasn't enough moose, then you sefer to 804, to -- that's the process. If there's not enough mose up in Aniak and everybody -- 5,000 people come from Bethel, they go: We don't have enough moose for ourselves, and we're the main, direct dependents upon this population; we want so implement 804 to have a priority. And that's where 804 domes into play.

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You could go into a whole bunch of different scenarios, but the best thing to do is to stay with what ANILCA'S set forth.

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45 MR. COLLINS: What does 804 say? How would they  $\pm 6$  solve that situation?

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MR. REAKOFF: Well, 804 -- you want me to read the #Bole thing?

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MR. COLLINS: Oh, I don't.... 3

MR. GUENTHER: There are three criteria.

MR. REAKOFF: It's just a little short paragraph. There's three points. The following criteria shall apply: 8ustomary and direct dependence upon the populations as the Mainstay of livelihood; local residency; and the availability off alternate resources. And that answers all the questions. The people who are closest to the resource that have depended \$\text{\text{0}}\$ the resource the longest and have no alternative resource, they get the permits to hunt them, and that answers the and estion. So you could go into a whole different scenario, but 15think that the council should stay with the law. This &6uncil should stay with the laws as closely as possible.

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MR. MATHEWS: We have copies of Title 8 if you want it.

19 2.0

21 MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah.

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MR. MATHEWS: I figured that this was going to come up, 24t there's two points of the C&T process. One determines who 25n hunt and when and what harvest limits, and then there's the priority that Jack talked about. So if the C&T is determined 20t to have certain communities or areas, then they won't have 2Be benefit of those seasons. So there's a priority and then 2Dere's the benefit factor that's involved with it. But it's 30ery interesting. I should have done it yesterday, but I d1dn't. I left it to you read, but those issues of what is defined as long-term and the discussion you had on one or a percent of the community are the same questions that were addressed in the letter to Roy Ewan that the board is trying to \$5apple with, and they've been delaying to figure how to deal **%**6th those, and they're in the same boat you are. What is B@ng-term? Is five people from a community enough to consider BBat a customary and traditional use? So it's real interesting BBat it's bouncing back and forth between the council and the ∌6ard.

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But if you want copies of Title 8, I brought extra ¢ôpies. Just to Title 8, not of the full ANILCA. But I have a €⊕py. I think there's several other staff here that have a #fill copy of ANILCA if other issues come up.

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I guess I don't hear that as an answer, MR. COLLINS: 48ck, because I think some of the very language in there is ₩Bat's being used to determine now. They're listing resident 50

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communities now as local communities. They're not saying the Definition of the Defin

- 13 MR. REAKOFF: Well, the answer is that maybe we've got taribou that are all over and there's plenty of resource. P5ople travel for hundreds of miles to go to that resource and there's never been any conflict. But the caribou all die off and move away. The people that live closest to the resource --18mean, that's just the way it's going to be. The Federal board will decide in every instance who is the closest to the 20 source and who is going to have the eligibility for the --21's an unknown number of animals to be taken, and it varies \$2early. So you can never say that the people who live fifty 203 les away are ineligible 'cause maybe you only have to curtail 24small area. Maybe there's only a short period of time or so 25rth. It's a varying thing, a dynamic question. You'll never D6 able to answer it. But I'm of the opinion that C&T 22termination should be the most liberal. If people have used 2Be resource, they should be able to continue to use it until 2Dere's a problem, and only in -- the law says for only that \$6pulation. Maybe they have C&T overlaps between Unit 19 and 38 as far as moose go. Maybe there never is any problem with m@ose or, say, caribou. But if the moose population goes Baywire, the that's where the 804 comes into play. 34
- 35 MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, when this gets further abong, Mike's working on that, the chairman of the Sūkon Kuskokwim was going to be at this meeting, but he had a 80nflict. I would envision there would be at least one or 800 joint meetings to kind of air some different issues on #Dat, and also the proposal that was talked about or Alternative at this 13th and 14th meeting was to have \$ûbregional meetings, and I think I was involved in that 43scussion with Mike, that then there would be subregional Adetings on these borderline communities. But it's going to be #5al interesting when there is this upriver/downriver movement. 48 here's going to be a lot of discussion and hopefully through #Mis council system and the respect that each council has for 48ch other maybe a good ground to discuss things like that. B9t there is direct conflict in areas that have become kind of 50

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ticious, is what I've heard.

MR. HUNTINGTON: Mike?
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MR. COFFING: Yeah. I just wanted to mention that, you Know, I think Ray's concern is really -- it's a real good one In his comment. One of the difficulties that -- you know, Brior to December of 1989 when the McDowell case was passed and the State lost subsistence management on Federal lands, there tertainly were customary and traditional use determinations 11nder the State process. On the Kuskokwim, again using that as 12 example because that's what I'm familiar with, you know, paople all the way down to Johnson River and over to the Tanana ★4llages were provided or were considered eligible for \$\tilde{1}\text{bbsistence uses up in Unit 19. Now, as I see it, the way you  $\cdel{6}$ t into an 804 situation is when you have data that shows that \$\darkoldsymbol{0}\dar \$8 oblem and your resource is dropping off that ensure you're in Then you kind of pick: Well, of all these that are @Digible, now we've got a problem; we can only give out so many permits. Who lives the closest? Who has the most continued 20ng-term use? Then you have to review your alternatives. 2Ben you would go to what the State would call a Tier II 84tuation.

25

But often there are problems that arise prior to a resource declining that addressed by the pool of people you resource in as eligible C&T users, and the larger that pool, in resource the more people you have out in the fall time hunting or resource, and there are conflicts that come up -- kind of resource that come up that occur well before you might region as 804 situation.

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34 MR. HUNTINGTON: Could we have a ten-minute recess and  $\hat{\mathbf{m}}\mathbf{\delta}$  ybe discuss this further after that recess? Thank you.

36

37 (Off record) 38 (On record)

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40 MR. HUNTINGTON: I'd like to call the meeting back to dider. Can everybody take their seats and we'll get on with the meeting? Under discussion is C&T determination.
43

MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, before we go into that, M5ke is coming over. I gave each of you on break a receipt. That's for your lodging. Also, Cesa Sam has offered to take the checks that you got and go cash them for you and bring the Môney back. So if you're agreeable to that, then Cesa will -- 40e's not back yet. She'll take your check and take the first 50

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plane out of here.
3
        (General laughter)
        MR. MATHEWS: No, she won't do that. But anyway, that
will free you up to enjoy the full lunch. Otherwise, you'd
Mave to go over to the post office and cash that. On the
Beceipts, again the rate's been determined is $40.00 a night,
90 the receipt should reflect two nights at $40.00 a night.
That matches Tanana Chiefs' going rate, so I'm going to
Acknowledge that Tanana Chiefs has a representative here and
₩2're following your pattern. So thank you, Tanana Chiefs.
14
        MR. NED: At least we're agreeing on something, anyway.
1.5
        MR. MATHEWS: We agree on everything. We agree even to
disagree, so.... (pause)
18
        MR. NED: Oh, we do? Let's start with customary and
20aditional use for the Southeast Province.
21
        MR. MATHEWS: Okay.
                             The last thing before I let it go
Dack to C&T, Gloria wrote up -- summarized your action in
24aling with the NARC Petition. You don't -- you have the
ðþtion of looking it over now and say, "Yes, this is right on,"
06 "No, I think we need to change this or that." We're not
a3king, when we pass this out, for you to revisit that issue or
28consider your vote. We're just asking you to make sure we
2aptured it so when the letter is written and when it's put
30to the minutes and et cetera, that it truly reflects. Thank
Зфu.
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33
        MR. DEACON:
                     Mr. Chairman?
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35
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Go ahead.
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       MR. DEACON: We're still on the subject that -- what
₩ê're talking about?
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40
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Yeah, we're still on C&T.
41
       MR. DEACON: All right. Customary use, you know, we
#alk about this system, people hunting our different areas with
Bêthel Chiefs a couple years ago and express our time back
Minting days, you know. At that time there's -- really the
♠6ople from those villages said was -- that's not -- people
Adver used to go in another people's country and hunt. That's
#Be customary system. That was kind of law. Like nowadays, in
#De Twentieth Century, I don't know, you just go and hunt where
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you feel like, I guess. That's not your real Native trad- -2ural area traditional people's way, and that's -- I don't know
Bow to really put that system that's coming up. For our area,
4'd like to see it -- been with us -- Innoko Refuge, does we
bave anything to say about that area as the surrounding
fillage? I think it should not be anybody can go hunt in there
7f it's needed. A lot of sport hunters or whatever you call
8hose rich people hunting, that's what it is, people that don't
9eally need it.
10

11 When we had meeting at Holy Cross two or three years ado, a Bethel traditional chief, he came up and would talk about half a day about all of that stuff that's -- how it used 14 be, and he suggested it was not right to let them go into bur country or us going in their country. This was just law. 186 t nowadays and just going into this new system, I don't know how to deal with this for my kids and my grandchildren. Mave to set up something, and my way of thinking is different Like now, everybody comes up on the coast with big power 20ats. I said this at McGrath meeting, too, and I can say it adrain. You know those people go hunting for sport, have ten -#2fteen cases of beer and go drink and have a big party, ABinking and hunting. And they fought with one guy from 2Mageluk, 'cause they got him drunk or -- he started saying to 2bis guy, "Well, you're hunting on my country." No, that's 2heir country, too. They got rights. That guy went home all Date up. He was beat up from those hunters from Anchorage. D&ought that up, too, last fall in McGrath meeting. mentioned that.

31 So I just wanted to -- I have to take more serious Blinking about this kind of stuff and study it, what we talk about. I want to bring it home and make good decision on B4ders in the local area 'cause they are concerned. They're Bally dependent on this meeting here, what kind of decision we make. Like that moose hunting that going back. Them old β∉ople will say, "It's a good thing we did that; that's the way it should be. "So I just wanted to let you know, and we 3Bould talk about it more amongst ourselves here instead of the \$\text{Oologists tell us all what's going on. I really feel that we 4s a village say what we have to say and go back and come back \$2 it can really make progress on this. I'd like to see time-#able progress. Thank you. 44

MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Henry. I'd like to maybe speak on that a little bit. This C&T determination process is going to take years. I think it started on the Kenai and Copper River area, and eventually it's going to, you know, come down our area we're going to have to start making decisions on 50

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that. But before that, I'd like to get all the input from, you know, everybody that's involved in it, and I think sometime in the future this board's going to have to sit down and take up a total determination on a whole-day process or maybe two-day, you know, to discuss all the pros and cons. But I see this as becoming -- as we get more exposure to the process, you know, I think it more clearer to this board and to the areas that we the sepresent. But now is the time to really start getting some information and find out what it's all about because sooner or later we're going to have to do it.

MR. COFFING: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, I first want to tBank Mr. Deacon very much for his comments. I think he made \$4me very strong comments, good comments, about, you know, #5aditional law and customs and how people used to resolve their problems and conflicts and differences about hunting AFeas, and I want to mention that, you know, in spite of the things this council looks at and in spite of what the Federal \$@bsistence Board might do, what the State Board of Game, there May remain some problems and issues that are best resolved @ltside of the state or Federal government by local @@vernments, by local tribal laws, and basically people in 23mmunities and regions working things out amongst themselves, 24ke behavior and how do you treat game and how do you share Minting territories and that sort of thing. Some of that is 36ill going to have to, I think, take place at home and in 20mmunities, that regulations and laws really can't address 20me of that. Those all can't be solved by regulations. 29

30 I also wanted to say that right now in Unit -- the 🕅 🕏 stern interior area you are not yet in the process of developing or changing the customary and traditional use determinations in this region, and you will be at some time. d∳n't know when that will be, but in talking to George earlier Bhis week, he indicated it wouldn't be real soon if we stayed 86th the schedule that was laid out earlier on. Now, if the \$7ocess changes and if the staff committee and the council and BBe Federal Subsistence Board would like to begin to look at 80stomary and traditional use determinations on an annual Basis, just like a proposal for example where you put in \$toposals each year to change hunting regulations or guidelines 40d so forth, there is the possibility that down the road if #Be councils and the board and staff agree that they want to ₿€gin doing customary and traditional use determination that lapha 5y, then you may be looking at some proposal or some potential &hanges a little sooner down the road. But as staff, and I'm stire I can speak for George, he'll do his best to keep the 48uncil and Vince will also keep you informed about that ₱9ocess and when you might expect to start looking at some C&T 50

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action for the western interior.

The last thing I wanted to mention is that the reasons for doing C&T determinations is not solely to determine which 5ommunities are in and which communities are out, but along the forcess of gathering information and coming to analyze what the Information shows and what the public comments are and the Council, the Federal staff like myself and the staff committee Will learn an awful lot about what the users are doing now and about what are the customary and traditional practices. \*\text{\pmathbb{k}}\text{ample would be: When do people typically, you know, hunt m@ose and what methods do they use and what bag limits are teasonable for people and traditional and to learn about \$Haring and distribution networks and transportation methods And the whole realm of kind of how you do it and when you do it and how is it used. That information is very valuable to help \$Waff understand better what's going on in a region, what \$8bsistence is. It also is valuable, I think, for the staff and the staff committee and the Federal Subsistence Board when 2 ney're looking at proposals that might come from the public and from the regional councils for changes in bag limits and 2Danges in seasons and methods and means and so forth to help DBovide regulations that provide those customary and £ #aditional uses.

2.5

So that whole pool of information about subsistence use 23 part of the process of gathering information to make 28 terminations. That information is also used when we're 29 viewing regulation proposals and that sort of thing, so I 30 uld again invite from the council here, if any of you know 30 people that would be particular knowledgeable or particular 30 mmunities that you think I should be sure I talk to about 30 es in Unit 18. Not only do they go there and do they use it, 30 though and when and, you know, distribution networks and that 35 rt of thing. I would find that very valuable in my work in 30 dressing the C&T process in Unit 18 to be sure that we do 37 clude people on the fringes that are out in Unit 19 and 28 (E), for example. Thank you.

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40 MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Mike. Gloria?

MS. MASCHMEYER: Mr. Chairman, I'd just like to say that I had the opportunity of attending the meetings on the bruary 13th and 14th and was on the sidelines and heard a lot to comments from people, your people and the Federal people, in that a historic time this is, and there was a lot of discussion about how things have been handled in the past, and meaning that a top-down approach, and there was a lot of talk at that the time about a bottom-up approach, and so I would encourage 50

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you as a council to keep this in mind, that there is a trend flowards this movement, and therefore you should really be shinking ahead to the customary and traditional uses. As Mike has mentioned, that process may change, and it may change quickly or it may take time. We really don't know at this foint. But if it changes to the point where we're not addressing all of the C&T separately, which there is a question whether we have the resources to do that, then we're looking more at the councils of giving advice to the board and basically setting some of the procedures, and then the board will, you know, take it more from, you know, the council's laput rather than the top-down input.

So I just wanted to stress to you that at that meeting that I attended, either there were a lot of comments on how this system and the process is changing, and I would encourage, you know, you to have hopefulness that this is how it's going to be in the future and work from that angle.

19 20

MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you. Phil?

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MR. GRAHAM: Yeah. Herman and I were talking sort of about the same thing during the break, and we were both thinking, you, know, the State Advisory Board is a good place to -- I mean, that's -- the people from each village -- I mean, though the village is where you have the advisory boards, and somebody from each village, you might get a better idea of what people use, what resources, where, so why not involve the advisory boards, as much as possible.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Pollock, you had a question?

32 33

MR. SIMON: Yes. I'd like to ask a question on how far Bāck you have to go in years to determine which village is a Galified as subsistence user. To me, every villager of every \$71lage has been living off the land for years. Long before white people came around, we've been living off the land, so to make every village member is a qualified subsistence user, and 40m just wondering how far back in time you have to go to datermine if a villager in a village is a qualified subsistence 42er.

43

MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Simon, I think for many &5mmunities, there won't be the question about whether the &6mmunity is in or out. It's going to be probably in because &7 has been there a long time and presumably if the resource &8s been around there a long time, there won't be any question &9out whether the community qualifies or not. I think that

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will be -- for many communities, it won't take a lot of analysis. They'll be in.

I think there might be some areas where, because of 5hanges in transportation methods over time or maybe because of 6he increase in population in some areas, people have begun over time to travel further to go into areas to hunt, then 8here might be the question of how long does a -- do residents **g**rom a community have to go have gone to an area to hunt to \$\dalify, and there is no answer right now for how long that is. 11 think the questions that you raise are questions that we ask barselves and questions that the staff committee and the Fåderal Subsistence Board are also grasping for, and I think that, you know, any discussion that occurs at the council level and at public meetings and so forth is going to be well-16ceived to help address that. But there is no set number of \$₹ars now that a community has to have used a resource to the alify for -- it may vary area to area, and I think we're just 19 you know, we're early enough along in this process that that adestion hasn't been resolved and may not be for a little While.

22

- MR. SIMON: Yeah. Before villages were established, there were times when people used to roam the whole country tollowing the game because some game was scarce, and there was actime when they used the whole land for -- and a time after the people sit in the village, there were more game, and now that they don't have to go far from the village, that doesn't accessarily mean that they haven't used this one corner of and. They have been using it before time.
- MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Pollock. I'd like to state again that if there's any comment from the public, just feel free to come on up to the mike and speak, and I'd like to have fis open as possible. So anybody have any questions on this G&T determination, just feel free to come to the mike. I know free spending a lot of time on this subject, but -- and we maght be stressed for time, but I'd like to move on on the agenda now and maybe cover some of the other topics if there's ho other questions. Vince?

MR. MATHEWS: Okay. The next item to close out C&T is Upper Tanana and Copper Center, and I mentioned that earlier Upper Tanana, the eastern interior, asked for a delay in #5leasing the proposed rule so the communities could comment on that more. They're going to have a report and take -- draft their comments at a meeting next week. Copper Region -- both Upper Tanana and Copper Region, the lead agency is National Park Service. My understanding is they're going ahead with the 50

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\*existing program and waiting for the board to decide if there's going to be any changes.

3

I didn't bring any of the time lines for the Gopper Region, but it's not within the near future that there will be something out on the Copper River -- Copper Region, excuse me.

Ω

So if there's no questions on that, I'll go to H, which 18 regional boundary changes for western and North Slope îtegions. Okay. On that I will point you to Tab Number 9, Which has a letter that you requested be drafted from your last meeting, and I think I'll turn the rest over to Steve to But essentially in packet 9, you have the letter that Was sent to the Park Service saying that this council wanted to be informed of what has happened with the boundary change issue and that maps be distributed to the communities of Alakaket, ABatna, Bettles, Evansville, and Wiseman, and Steve is here to respond to that and also discuss the next item in your packet, Which is a letter and a map describing that. And if Steve @desn't have copies, I have -- I believe I have extra copies 20r public distribution. So I think I'll turn it over to Steve 28 that. Thank you. I do have extra copies, so the public --2Mey will be on the public table. Oh, you've got them, too. Økay.

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27 MR. ULVI: Thank you, Vince. Mr. Chairman, I'd like to 208 ke this quick. It's been going on for about a year-and-a-Malf, and if anyone would like me to just quickly illustrate it 30 the flip-chart, I'll be glad to do that. But we have a map Bere that I drew that I think fairly represents what the Elders and citizens of Anaktuvuk Pass would like to see in the way of a3boundary change. This does originate with the residents of AAaktuvuk Pass, and there's a history of them being right on Bhe line between Region 10 and your region, Region 6 here. They went to the Federal Board early on and got the boundary of Bhe community drawn in so that Anaktuvuk Pass is in region 10. 38hey're concerned that they use areas within Region 6 to the 30uth, mostly the Upper John River and that country, as well as ♦Ver to the Noatak, which is in region 8, Northwest Arctic. they wanted to redraw that boundary so that all of their #2aditionally used hunting and trapping areas would fall within Ragion 10. So they felt after trying several other **4** Iternatives this was the best way to go. We had a Subsistence Résource Commission Meeting in Anaktuvuk Pass, April of 1993, 46d there the Subsistence Resource Commission heard testimony ### the effect that people would like to propose this boundary &Bange. So the subsistence resource commission for Gates of #De Arctic Park wrote a letter in support of this change. 50

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\$omething the Federal Board has to decide, and in response to
your letter from late last year as well as just the normal
public information process, I sent out a copy of this letter,
which is just a quick summary of the history of this idea, and
this map, which I think fairly represents what the residents
and Elders of Anaktuvuk Pass would like to see changed to all
of the communities that I thought could possibly be affected by
this.

9

- At the Northwest Arctic Federal Regional Council Meeting in Kotzebue, which I did attend, but I understand when they took up this issue, they felt, and I believe their formal response will be, we would like to see the residents of Anaktuvuk Pass go and talk personally to the residents of Noatak, of Shungnak, of Kobuk, of some of those villages that meght be affected in their region. And after they worked it but at the local IRA level or the local village level, then perhaps bring it back up to the Federal Council level.
- I was at the North Slope Regional Council Meeting last whek in Barrow, and they supported the concept and more or less 2ame out in support of the residents of Anaktuvuk Pass.
- So that leaves your region then as the third region  $\mathfrak{L}$  at would be potentially affected by this proposed boundary  $\mathfrak{L}$  ange, and I know that the Federal Board is not going to deal  $\mathfrak{L}$  this at all until they feel they've gotten all the public  $\mathfrak{L}$  portunity to think about it and comment on if possible, and  $\mathfrak{L}$  would be a precedent-setting decision to change a boundary  $\mathfrak{L}$  ne, so it will be interesting to see what happens.

31

32 So I guess what you behave you, then, is the  $\mathfrak{d}\mathfrak{p}$ portunity to ask questions if you have any about this in  $\mathfrak{d}\mathfrak{d}$ mething I failed to cover, for them to decide what action you  $\mathfrak{d}\mathfrak{d}$ nt to take, if any, at this stage.

36

MR. HUNTINGTON: We have two representatives on our B8ard from that area and maybe they can put a -- have a little 39put into it. I think they would be more aware of the 40undary changes than I am or some of the other board members 41e, so I'd like to hear from some of the other board members 42cm Upper Koyukuk River area as to the way they feel on this 43undary change? Pollock?

44

MR. SIMON: Okay. In your pack you have a -- there's a A6p showing the first change. This borderline now is just 19th alongside of village of Anaktuvuk, and this shaded is the 6se that they want their subsistence use area. So there's 49other line that they sure could -- in the shaded area that is 50

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the proposed boundary line. So at the Subsistence Resource
Commission meeting we agreed to make this boundary change.

MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman, the people of Anaktuvuk are very concerned with being on the boundary and not -- they tilize resources north and south, and being the only village in that -- there is no other village within the shaded area, and being the only village in that area, they felt that they should have the most say in management decisions regarding those resources within that boundary change, and that's their hain reason for wanting that boundary change. They want to be able to have a say on seasons and bag limits and resources that approximating 50 percent of their use. So they -- the sabsistence Resource Commission is unanimous in support of this boundary change.

16

- MR. HUNTINGTON: So there doesn't seem to be any opposition to the boundary change on Upper Koyukuk area. I'm kind of wondering about the area over Noatak. It seems like they might be a couple hundred miles out of their area, really, and to try and include somebody else traditional hunting ground and their jurisdiction is --I don't know. I think it might kind of self-defeating of their intentions. I don't know. It's up to the Northwest Arctic and I guess Arctic Slope to figure that one out, though. So Stan, do you have a question?
- 27 MR. NED: Yeah. (Inaudible - away from microphone) 28m sitting on that Subsistence Resource Commission, and I 20 ink a number of you, and it sounds like they're not 30naudible) generate hunting resources -- where the resources They don't have no check boundaries of (inaudible) things B2ke that, you know, and they were telling us that they hunted all the way up into the park, all the way up throughout the So it's like, you know, we can't tell them how far they **B5**ed to go to get the resources. (Inaudible) Maybe he can't Bant because, you know, (inaudible) that's like okay 37naudible). I can't see myself saying hey, you know, you 3&n't go this far because -- if it's all right with the people 39naudible). I myself feel I have no arguments with them in ₩Bere they set these new boundaries. If it's okay with the Deople up in Noatak, Kotzebue, Ambler, Shiniak, that's fine. 42

MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah. I think it should be agreed on the both sides, you know. Whatever they can come up with would to okay.

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47 MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chair?

48

49 MR. HUNTINGTON: Jack?

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MR. REAKOFF: As far as Region 6, the Western Interior
Region, the boundary that's drawn, extension within Region 6,
there's no opposition within that -- our -- what affects our
portion of region, there's no opposition to that. The western
Moundary -- I know that people -- I know people in Anaktuvuk
That trap over there in the Noatak and Nigu and that country,
But they'll -- that's up to the Northwest region to deal with
Bhat. But as far as the portion that's within our region,
there's no conflict there.
12
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Any more questions from Steve or....
13
14
      MR. MATHEWS: It would be best if you guys took action
Φħ this so it's clear to Steve and everyone else where this
t6uncil stands, and it'd be easier through a motion and a vote
∆ ₹ something.
18
       MR. REAKOFF: I'd like to make a motion to adopt the
boundary change extension of Region 10 into Region 6 within our
parameters of our region.
23
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Motion on the floor to adopt a
Daundary change recommendation. Is there a second?
2.6
       MR. COLLINS: I'll second it.
27
       MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved and seconded to adopt
allowed and and Region 6. Questions?
3Pause) All in favor of the motion, signify by saying aye.
31
32
       ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS:
                             Aye.
33
34
       MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)
M6tion passed.
37
38
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. That brings us up to an update on
BBe staff committee's request on adequacy of area
#Opresentation. We talked about that earlier in the meeting,
#hat you responded to that request of my asking for alternates,
And there's been no response about the alternates.
                                                  But the
duestion of adequacy is going to be on the staff committee in
44s March meeting and on the board's agenda for its April
        So that pretty much -- unless there's other questions
46 the adequacy, that's the status of that.
47
48
       MR. MORGAN: Mr. Morgan, I have a question. Can we add
##Oother person on there or -- I'd recommend that if there's an
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Alternate chosen, somebody from the Upper Kuskokwim be on there. Like around my area there must be Eskimos, you know, in there. Up river there are mostly Indians and they're kind of different in their customary and traditional uses. I'd becommend or suggest that any new participants come up, that somebody from that area be selected.

Mr. Chairman, I believe the request is MR. MATHEWS: @an we add another member to the council, make it a ten-member touncil, and that it be from the Upper Kuskokwim area. The Amswer to that is that would come up when your charter is up for renewal and your charter just passed January 31st, 1995, and I'm kind of scrambling here, but I believe it's only ₫♠od -- the charter's only good for two years. So I think in 15te '96 you could change it at that time, but also the issue \$\displaystyle{1}\$ additions to council is what started this whole process of having the staff committee ask, so they have not made a decision. Two other councils asked for additions, so maybe å¶ter the April meeting they will go out and ask again for Other additions. But I also need to make it clear to you that 2he seats that you fill are not assigned to an area within the The panel process would have to reach out and make 20re that there's a person for that area, but there's not a --84at number 7 is not assigned to the Wiseman area, as an 25ample. So I hope that answers Mr. Morgan's question. 26n ask for additional ones when your charter is back up again, and that it looks like the board will be addressing additions 28 this upcoming meeting.

Mr. Chairman, I think that moves us up to the old Business area, and there I'm not sure if I have them in the Bight order, the three issues that were added to the agenda. Obe was the Federal Register notice from the National Parks Sérvice concerning same-day airborne hunting and then the Biapping regulation clarification. The next one was wolf dentrol, and I'm not -- I've lost the third one. Oh, the draft statement on management at Gates of the Arctic. So I don't Rhow what order you wanted to take those up. Two of them are descely related, so it might be wise to put together the -- Both of the National Park Service issues together as one. And fust a reminder that the cover dish lunch was going to be scheduled for 1:00, so we're at 12:10 now.

MR. HUNTINGTON: Which one going to next?

MR. MATHEWS: Yeah. I think we'll probably go to the 43sue of wolves that was brought up by Mr. Morgan. Maybe 48at's been resolved. I'm not sure.

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MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman, as I talked to you earlier,
Maybe if you give me time, I'd rather see it in a proposal form
3r -- and have the council vote on it. And so if you give me
#ime, maybe I'll have something written up, and then the
5ouncil can vote on it or discuss it. I think it's pretty
Emportant, and now is the time to ask on it before it becomes a
Weal problem.
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Maybe we can discuss it now and come
10 with some kind of solution or a plan or later on in the day
Dir do you want a little more time to think about it.
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13
        MR. MORGAN:
                     Well, as I stated before, Mr. Chairman,
that's become the real problem around there. They're just
& ting too many wolves, and they're killing a lot of moose,
$$\psi 6$u know. Even if we have to curtail our subsistence hunting
₫₮ because of the wolves, you know, it's going to be even more
$\frac{1}{2}$ a problem. I think we should take care of the problem
before it really becomes a problem, you know. Before it goes
200 far, and I wouldn't be bringing it up if it wasn't a
problem, you know, and as I mentioned before, maybe they can
Mave a bounty on wolves, maybe $200.00. That way it will give
LBe people a chance to make some money and it will help protect
2Ae moose and it will help control the wolves. But if we make
asproposal, we could say they could have a limit and be
206 nitored by Fish & Wildlife and make sure they don't wipe them
201 t completely, but to do nothing is -- I would be shirking my
28sponsibility to the people in my area. I feel that
20bsistence users, they have more rights than wolves.
Bhe reason I brought that up, and I'd like to have them vote on
3t -- the council vote on it in a proposal form maybe later on.
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33
        MR. HUNTINGTON: Vince?
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                     Would you want to discuss that proposal
        MR. MATHEWS:
ndw?
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       MR. MORGAN: I'd have to write it up. It'd have to be
♥Øitten up in proposal form, and if it please the council, we
€buld vote on it, or they could either do it now or later, you
Malow.
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44
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Henry, you got a question?
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       MR. DEACON: Yeah. We brought this up, too, last fall,
$\daggedau know. Is it within the whole region that this was a
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problem? I know it's a problem in my area, but is it the whole

#@gion's problem? My question is: Is it. I know it's a

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problem in my area, the wolf population.

MR. HUNTINGTON: Maybe one of the biologists might be Able to answer that.

MR. MATHEWS: Yeah. I'm glad you are deferring to the Biologists, so I'll defer to them to discuss the status of the Wolf situation, and then I would like further discussion, what you mean by "proposal" and et cetera and timing of it. But I think we need to address the chances of having a bounty &\$tablished.

12

13 I kind of disagree with that. You know, I MR. MORGAN: think that people who suffering the -- to tell what the \$5oblems are they're having and not to tell us -- somebody to **₺6**me tell us, "No, you can't; you shouldn't do that." You know, it's our problem. I think the council themselves should have a say. We should hear from them, and that's a problem I \$@e a lot of times. We hear from biologists or people from Mashington say, "That's not a good idea," you know, and here, Phat's what we're here for, to bring that up. I think the 20uncil themselves should tell what they think, you know. 2Bat's my point.

2.4

25 MR. HUNTINGTON: Anybody have anything else to add to 26at? We can probably talk about this all day and not get 20where, but got to discuss it sometime.

2.8

29 MR. COLLINS: I'd like to hear data from the biologists 36 they have it on what they've been observing this winter, what's going on. I know what's going on in the McGrath area, Bût I don't know the others. I'd like kind of an update if BBey have any information on those things.

35 MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, maybe I'll -- just a minute. most experience, I know we have a real problem around the Koyukuk 37ea, and it's been growing, more and more, bigger packs in the 38st few years, and it's -- I think it's getting out of hand as #8ar as the moose is -- you know, moose and the people that 40pend on the moose is concerned. It should be addressed and \$0mething should be done to put a little more control on the ₩0lf population.

43 44

Jeff, do you have a question?

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I can't speak real well for the Federal MR. DENTON: 43nds in and around the Aniak area 'cause those are YK Delta #8fuge lands to the south of the river there. There's not a #@presentative from those folks here. I do not know right off 50

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the top of my head what surveys they've been doing in there. Rnow they've been doing some wolf surveys in the past years, But wolf surveys, I'm quite sure, have not been done. Status of wolves, caribou, and moose relationships in that area, I'm sure that right now there's no work being done on that. I can speak for some of the BLM lands that are to the north of Aniak in only a cursory fashion simply because we did a moose survey there last fall. Not an intensive survey by any means.

We encountered one pack of wolves in the area between Ahiak and Shageluk, and we had -- you know, that was actual \$2ghtings of the pack of wolves. They were on a kill. And we had evidence of possibly two other packs working that piece of tourty. You're talking a very large region, and until we would do an intensive type of wolf survey, we really don't have hard data to tell you what's going on there. You're talking that expensive type of effort, and right now I guess we're not the position to be doing that unless the board would direct to do that.

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21 And also what's involved in most of that country, @Specially where the BLM lands are, is over 50 percent of that 23untry is either non-Federal lands or corporation lands, and If om my standpoint and my budget standpoints, if we don't have 25operation and cost-sharing in these kinds of surveys from the private landowners in those areas, it's going to make it 27fficult to do these things. It costs lots of dollars and 2Bere's lots of non-Federal lands involved, and we have to look 29 it on a cooperative basis from the corporations, the 30llages, the people that are really saying they're being most affected. They have a part to play on their own lands in these R2nds of surveys, and as time goes on and fed budgets get Shorter and shorter, there's going to be a much, much greater demand upon other landowners to play their part.

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MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman?

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38 MR. HUNTINGTON: Yes.

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MR. MORGAN: I'm also on that State Advisory Committee, And we have a meeting in March, and we'll probably be bringing this up, too, you know. You're talking about cooperation, you know, there's one way to do it, you know, to do something about the now. Even though they say it probably won't pass, at least to be done, and just because they say it won't pass, you know, to do something needs to be done, and just because they say it won't pass, you know, to do something needs to be done, and just because they say it won't pass, you know, to do something needs to be done, and just because they say it won't pass, you know, the knows? If enough people say we should have it, maybe it the say it pass.

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1 MR. HUNTINGTON: Pollock?

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MR. SIMON: Yes. I'd like to say that in the area where I -- it seems like the wolf population is increasing, 500, and that would mean they would eat more moose, and from 6he way it is in the past, you know, if you start killing off 7the wolves, then a lot of people from the Lower 48 or someplace 7the wolf. But as a 1 Native of Alaska, you know, we live off the land and we do have 10 eat, too, and it seems like that is not considered, you 1 know. If we start killing the wolves, people get angry. But 12 a native, we need to eat the moose too, you know, and I was 10st wondering if there's too many wolves now, what's going to 10st done about it.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Hollis?

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MR. TWITCHELL: I can address the wolf situation in Denali and at least pass the information on to you that I'm aware of. Before I start, I would like to indicate to you that the area within Denali National Park Preserve within your region is limited primarily to the lands on the very edge of the park preserve in Unit 19(C) and 19(D). So what I'm going the telling you is regarding wolf populations that are primarily in Unit 20(C) and on the south side of Denali and aftern't represent populations particularly in this region.

With that preference, the Park has completed a fivepear study on wolves at Denali, and in that study, it was
dentified that there are approximately fourteen packs within
the boundaries of Denali National Park and Preserve. The
pepulation has varied. Last year's census were approximately
wolves involved in those fourteen packs, the high point
deing a little over 160 wolves several years ago, so the
correct over the last several years has been a reduction in the
fember of wolves in Denali. The Park considers the wolf
population to be a natural and healthy population in the area.

One of the things that I'd like to make the council aware of is last year's proposal that was made to the Federal subsistence Board via the regional councils by the State aguesting that wolf seasons and bag limits for subsistence be adjusted to coincide with State seasons and bag limits. That agreement and a number of modifications and was -- in essence fortions of it were approved by the Federal Subsistence Board. Agreement of that action for Denali subsistence hunters was to the disadvantage of the subsistence users. In three of the agreement units at Denali, the subsistence harvest were reduced from ten wolves down to five wolves under a 50

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hunting authorization.

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3 So that free-roaming wolves taken with a rifle under the hunting authorization, we saw a reduction in half of the allowable harvests that could occur.

Denali National Park did not support that proposal Because we believed that the wolf populations were natural and Bealthy and there was no biological reason to reduce harvests of wolves. Nevertheless, that proposal went forward to the Fèderal Subsistence Board and was approved, and so currently subsistence hunters have reduced harvest levels at the State's harvest levels.

That proposal also authorized an additional thirty days of harvest for trapping in April beyond what was in existence in the Federal program before. That particular period of time 18 not very useful for subsistence users in our area since snow tower, particularly on the north side of the range, is minimal 20 April and travel and movement for subsistence users is extremely limited by the lack of snow cover in the open water 20 April and rivers. So thereby the thirty-day extension that 30 bsistence users received with last year's proposal was of 24 ttle merit to them. Concern was also expressed that the 25 ality of the fur in April was not desirable in terms of 26 rvest of wolves.

So again, to the information that we have available, the population of wolves in Denali is considered to be natural and healthy, and I raise the question again why a reduction in subsistence harvest to wolves occurred when we had a population that could sustain that harvest, simply to try to coincide the bederal harvest with the State program.

MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Hollis. Maybe -- I'd like 86 hear from either Tim over there, if he's not too busy or Bāul, as to what -- the wolf situation in this area. Any idea? 30ell, I guess I'd like to know if there's -- what's the 39tuation on the wolf population in this area here. Is there 40er-abundance of wolves or is there a problem?

MR. OSBORNE: There may have been. There's a tendency 48 the local areas here that if people (inaudible - away from 44 crophone) wolves they just (inaudible) trapping and hunting 45 forts. So I really don't get too many complaints from the 46 it 24 managers. There is -- people have been talking about 47 in the 21(D) area (inaudible) Nulato. I -- can you hear me 38 ck there?

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Can you come to the mike?
       MR. OSBORNE: If it's in Unit 24 here there's not a
♦roblem 'cause it may mean -- taken care of by people
5hemselves going out and increasing their effort if they feel
6hat there's too many wolves. In 21(D) it's a lot more wooded
dountryside and it's a little more difficult for people to do
8hat. But I've been trying to distribute some of the snares
that are left over from the control program to people to show
them the kind of break-away snares that we're using that are
able to catch wolves, but moose are able to get out of them.
want to educate people on how to set more efficient, but as far
as far as any efforts, we're not doing anything ourselves.
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       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Sharon?
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17
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: Yeah.
                                    What about 21(B) as in boy?
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       MR. OSBORNE: That area, the trapping pressure's gone
Way downhill and very few people are going to be trapping there
Abw, and there's plenty of moose in there and wolves. There's
22enty of wolves, and we were actually talking about trying to
28 a wolf census in there this spring, but that didn't come to
$4ss, to see how many wolves there were. We did a census last
26ar in 21(D), the entire unit, all 12,000 square miles, and we
26me up with seven wolves per thousand-square kilometers, which
23 a unit that we use for wolf density, and then you can use
2Bat to compare with other studies: Denali Park and 21(A) and
Other areas. It's kind of a standard that they use.
3ack Whitman just finished a census last Monday down in 19- --
         North portion from McGrath up into Minchumina, and
Bley came up with, I think, 10.2 wolves per thousand-square
m3le area. This is an initial, preliminary estimate. He
Basn't come up with a final one yet.
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                             Then you have no idea what it is
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK:
37 the Novi area?
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       MR. OSBORNE: No. We did know a couple years ago, but,
♦ course, the information's older now.
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       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: But it's probably increased by
Aðw.
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       MR. OSBORNE:
                    Correct.
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       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: Thank you.
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       MR. HUNTINGTON:
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MR. TOM ELEY: I'll just mention a couple of things
Bhat -- or one thing particularly that Mr. Denton mentioned
Carlier and Tim also alluded to, was that we did have a census
plan this year for Unit 24, and it was going to be a
6ooperative project with Fish & Game, Fish & Wildlife Service,
Venetie Refuge, Kuyukak Refuge, BLM, and Park Service, and
Because of the budget cuts with the newer administration and
All the Federal agencies are taking major budget cuts, that
tensus was not completed, and that may be a problem we have in
the future. As you all lean on us like you should for
12formation, we may or may not have the money to provide the
18 formation that you request. Novi is a good example of an
After we need more information on, and whether we'll have the
h\deltaney in the future or not, address that issue, remains to be
$6en.
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18
        MS. GURTLER-STRICK: Sir, could you -- or maybe Tim
₩0uld know what it was a couple years ago, the rate -- the
20mber of wolves per whatever kilometers you use?
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        MR. ELEY: Do you have that, Tim?
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2.4
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: And it's increased from that.
2.5
       MR. ELEY: I think the census last -- was it last year,
Paul, for 21(D)? Had 260 wolves for the whole game management
amit.
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30
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: That's D as in dog?
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       MR. ELEY: D as in dog.
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       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: I'm interested in B as in boy.
%āah.
36
37
        MR. ELEY: Yeah.
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       MR. OSBORNE: I think it's 75-90, is our estimate that
₩0 usually come up with, and I think that comes out to be six-
And-a-half or seven wolves per thousand-square kilometers.
42
43
        MS. GURTLER-STRICK: And that's in B?
44
        MR. OSBORNE: In B, and that was in 1992. One or two,
46believe, and that's the last time we've got an estimate.
47
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        MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Tom. Thank you.
49y more discussion on the -- Stan, do you have a question?
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MR. STAN NED: Yeah. I do a lot of traveling for the Banana Chiefs and I think that (inaudible - away from Microphone) and it seems like there's a big increase in wolf in 511 the villages: Ruby, Holy Cross, Alakaket (inaudible). So we know that it's going to be a problem, for example, moose Will pop the traps or (inaudible). There is a problem, so I think we need (inaudible) as soon as possible.

10 MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Stan.

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MR. NED: Well, my name is Stanley Ned. I work for Tanana Chiefs and the Wildlife Parks Division, and I do a lot of traveling throughout the villages, and from what I've been hearing, is that there's a really lot of -- there's a big 16crease in the wolf population all over: Alakaket, here in Hūslia, Holy Cross, down in Ruby. In fact, I wrote a letter to T8m Eley proposing that we do a moose study in Nowitna because of that problem. They're telling us there's a lot of wolves all over the place, and it seemed like the Federal and State is 20t seeing that as a problem yet. But we know. People that 22ve out in the village know that it's going to be a problem wathin a couple of years.

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I think the sooner we address this problem, the better 26f we're going to be later. So we need to come to some kind 27 consensus thing, that this is how we're going to control the 28lf population.

29

30 MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, do we have any suggestions from the board members as to what route we should go?

MR. COLLINS: Well, Mr. Chairman, what we did in the M&Grath area and this area that was just surveyed where they Bāve the 10.2, we've for a number of years now have been &Gquesting intensive management, proposed that the State do Bhat, and that's where it's now. It's a proposal that's in &Bat the board will have to act on. They could initiate a proposal like that in the Aniak area, too. It would have to be when it's open in that area, but...(pause)

MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, the appropriate time for a proposal like that would be this coming fall when the proposed the is out, or another way of saying it: The call for proposals under the federal program. So that would be a time to bring up this; if it is a proposal, to establish a bounty or domething similar to that for the Federal program. The State program already mentioned is the intensive management as....

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1 MR. COLLINS: Yeah. And I think you could nominate that -- you can make a nomination of proposal at any time to the State.

4

MR. MATHEWS: Right.

6

7 MR. COLLINS: So there's two actions. There's one that §ou could get either the local advisory -- Fish & Game Advisory Gommission -- someone would need to draft that and submit it to the area down there.

11

- MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman? For now maybe we could make a3statement to the State Legislature saying we support their -- 14think they have a vote on a lift station for a boundary of \$500.00 on wolves, you know. May we could make a statement saying here we support that for now until we can get our own proposal. Let them know we feel that it's -- we know it's a problem and we feel this would do something about it. Maybe we tan draft a letter saying we support or something saying we 20pport that \$400.00 bounty that they're going to be voting on.
- 22 MR. MATHEWS: Well, if I understand you correctly, 20 or re saying that the council could make a statement to the £4ct that they support a bounty on wolves. Are you also 25dicating that the proposal that the Ray Collins area put in &6s for intensive management? And I -- that does not address Dounties. That addresses other management tools that could be 28ed. So later on in the agenda, not to put it off, there's potential to look at Board of Game proposals, and that's one of Bhe state-wide proposals, is the intensive management one that Ray has talked about. So you could draft a statement. If \$0u're looking at a proposal for the Federal program, it would Bê better to do that this fall. The question of the intensive Management one, I'll have to advise you that that is pertaining 85 State lands and not to Federal lands. Doesn't mean you &an't take some action in the area, but you don't have 3urisdiction.

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MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman, should we write a letter saying — or something saying we support the State's efforts for — or let the guys in Juneau know we support that bounty process on the wolves? If we — you know, if we're out of lines— but I feel that these are problems. A lot of times those wolves, they don't stay on State land. They go on for think we need to do something. We can't just wait and wait and do more studies, but it might be too late. So how do we write a letter or something, a statement, to that effect?

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MR. MATHEWS: You could pass -- your options are to pass a resolution that you could target to, you know, the whole gamut, meaning from the Secretary of Interior to the Federal Subsistence Board or to individual land-managing agencies. You know, you have that option to pass a resolution to that effect. 6I mean, that's always your option on anything. The other is a proposal this fall, and then the third one would be if you decide to discuss State Board of Game proposals, is to look at the intensive management proposal.

11 MR. COLLINS: Mr. Chairman, I think there's another \$\hat{2}\text{oblem we could address too, and that is that we don't have accurate information on numbers because of cutbacks in Federal funding and so on, and we could draft a letter stating that in all of our area we see growing wolf populations and we're t6ncerned that the Federal agencies are not gathering sufficient data on censusing so that -- on which to make management decisions and so on and request that they address that problem, that before we do end up with a crash in moose populations or whatever, 'cause I think anybody that makes a A&cision's going to have to have the biology first. The public @@mands now they can't just make a decision without having the D3ological data. So at a minimum, we could be drafting a 24tter requesting that there be funds to do that, to be 205 nitoring what's happening in the moose population. 2.6

MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman? That's what we're all here \$8r\$, to let people know that -- from our area what it looks 29ke, you know, and in a way, that's kind of a census type \$Bing, you know, for -- like, we can write a letter saying we 31pport the State's wolf, you know, bounty thing and do a study \$2ke you were saying, you know. But for now we could see -- so \$3don't know what our action would be right now. I'm kind of \$14w at this, too.

35

MR. HUNTINGTON: I have a recommendation. Maybe we can Bave it in the form of a motion to accept Ray's recommendation of writing a letter, if anyone would like to make a motion to BDat effect.

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MS. GURTLER-STRICK: I so move.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved to write a letter to the appropriate agencies concerning the wolf studies in our afea and the whole western interior. Is there a second?

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MR. COLLINS: I'll second it.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved and seconded to write 50

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a letter to the Federal and State agency concerning the wolf 2ontrol study. Any questions? MR. MORGAN: I think we should be stronger than that. 5 think we should write a letter saying, you know, that there's & problem. We know it's a problem, and if they do more Studies, you know, by the time all the studies are done, it'll Be too late. I think we need to do something a little stronger Dhan that. That's the way I feel.

10 11 MR. HUNTINGTON: Any suggestions as to what might be \$2ronger?

13

14 MR. MORGAN: Write a proposal for a wolf bounty or a 15tter saying we support the State's efforts to have a vote on 16. You know, that way the guys in Juneau will know that, you know, we see the problem and it is a problem and they should do \$8mething about it and have our own proposal later on. 10st writing a letter saying we should do a study is not strong @flough. That's the way I feel. A study is too late.

21 22

MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, we're ready for a vote.

23

MR. DEACON: The last couple of years Tanana Chiefs had Pheir conference, and they suggest that wolves be bounty or Rblled, you know. I don't know what kind of response we ever \$\textit{g}\$ from that from the State, and like Mr. Morgan says, time to 28ke action now and just get it over with. I don't want to be 2alking about it again next fall, the same thing over. We did Bhat last October. We should have had an answer by now, you &how. It's time to take action, like I said, so let's do it. 30u guys know if the (inaudible - mumbled speech) support it.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Hollis?

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MR. COLLINS: Mr. Chairman, the reason I proposed 36 WFiting a letter and asking that they fund studies is that the Way the situation is now, if any of the agencies propose managing wolves without having biological data to support it, 40 would be stopped by the courts. They almost have to prove #hat there's problems, so they've got to have data in order to 40 anything. We could ask them to do something, but that ₩∂uldn't result in it because even if they went in and 4Astituted a bounty or something else and didn't have data that ₩5uld support that, it would be stopped by the courts. So #Mey've got to get out there and do the censusing and see how many wolves there are in relation to their prey to demonstrate #Bat there's a problem. Then you can base management decisions 49 it. So I think that's a first step. That's why I 50

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was.... (pause)
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       MR. HUNTINGTON: Um-hum.
       MR. COLLINS: And I think the letter could state also
6hat there is growing concern and list the various areas that
dur members are from where they feel that there is a problem
8hat needs to be looked at in the letter.
10
       MR. DEACON: Are you stating in the letter a timetable?
1That we need a decision by, let's say, April or something.
$@oner. Or sooner.
1.3
14
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                        Probably like tomorrow for them, yeah.
18ell, they're not known to act too fast on stuff like that, so
16m not holding my breath waiting for the answer. I think we
tan do what you, you know, just discussed and send a letter and
det a wolf study done first. So all in favor of the motion
$9gnify by saying aye.
2.1
       ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS:
                              Aye.
22
      MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)
M4tion carries. So we'll have Vince write up a letter with all
2he information on it.
2.6
27
       MR. MATHEWS: I sure hope it's in the transcript
28early because there was a lot of information, and I will be
20 consultation with you, Mr. Chairman, to make sure I capture
80rrectly, and I would encourage you and I to consult with
Others that voted on this.
32
33
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Um-hum.
34
35
       MR. MATHEWS: Thank you.
36
       MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman, can we make a statement
38ying we support the State's -- how do you say? They're going
80 vote on the wolf bounty thing, you know. Can we make some
Alond of statement saying we support that and put it to a vote?
41
       MR. COLLINS: I think there's a place here where we
support proposals, wasn't there? Was that coming up in the
#denda?
45
46
       MR. MATHEWS: Yes. I'm not sure where it is, but there
43 a spot where we were going to look at proposals because you
48afted proposals to the Board of Game, and it'd be wise for
♦0u to comment on those, that you still agree with them. So we
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tan open up the process to the State proposals, but we'll have to lean on local expertise on the analysis of that. But anyway, those are statewide proposals, intensive management, and we have State proposal books here to look at on that. But again, it's not within your jurisdiction, but you can decide to comment on them.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Hollis?

9

10 MR. TWITCHELL: I just wanted to let the council be Aware that the Park Service has specific mandates in its management, addressed both in the Park Service Organic Acts as wêll as ANILCA, that the Park Service is not to manage for a particular species and that we do not have the authority to use predator control to manage for a particular species. So 16tensive management being applied towards Park Service lands Will not likely be received or be allowed to be conducted. So 18 this council or if the board moves towards any sort of predator control on wolves, it will not be applicable on 20tional park lands, and this is why it's particularly a 20ncern to me that the legitimate mechanisms for harvest such 22 the trapping and hunting not be restricted unless there is a D3ological reason for the reduction, and that's why the wolf 24tuation in Denali was a particular concern for me, since Dasically subsistence users gave up the potential to harvest 26ve wolves annually under a hunting authority.

But again, be aware that if you do pass the resolution 29 a motion or proposal and it goes to the Federal Subsistence B0 ard for predator control on park lands, it's not going to be applicable because of our over-riding mandates for how we manage.

33

MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman, I have a question. Are Bhere any restrictions in the works now for predator control Bake for trapping? I mean proposed restrictions in the works Baw?

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MR. TWITCHELL: We'll get into that when we get into the same-day airborne and the clarification on taking freethat a nimals with a rifle under the trapping authorizations.
Under there's no current program designed for predator control
had National Park Service lands. I don't know if I answered
ur question or not.

45

46 MR. MORGAN: I don't know how to put it. I guess you ¼7nd of answered my question.

48

MR. HUNTINGTON: Any other questions/discussions on 50

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wolf control study or on the subject? Yes, Phil?

MR. GRAHAM: Not about wolves, but since you brought that up, you don't manage for a particular species in the fiational parks. What do you manage for? I mean, for the --- that ecosystem or -- I don't -- maybe you could explain that.

8 MR. TWITCHELL: Okay. It might help if I read directly from Congress in the legislative history or legislative record for ANILCA. That might shed some light on it.
11

"In discussing subsistence uses of wildlife in NPS abeas under ANILCA, Congress stated it is contrary to the National Park Service concept to manipulate habitats or populations to achieve maximum utilization of resources. R6ther, the National Park System concept requires 1mplementation of management policies which strive to maintain &8natural abundance, behavior, diversity, and ecological 19 tegrity of native animals as part of their ecosystem, and 2Dat concept should be maintained. It is expected that the Mational Park Service will take appropriate steps when 22cessary to ensure that consumptive uses of fish and wildlife 20 pulations within National Park Service units not be allowed 24 adversely disrupt the natural balance which has been 20.5 intained for thousands of years. Accordingly, the National Park Service will not engage in habitat manipulation or control Off other species for the purpose of maintaining subsistence 28es within the National Park System units."

30 So the concept is that an ecosystem concept, natural abundance, and diversity of native populations.

33 MR. GRAHAM: Natural boundaries.

34

MR. TWITCHELL: That's correct. So manipulating a peoplation or a predator to enhance another species, moose or daribou for instance, is not a program that we're free to member that so if consequently, if you're concerned about marvest of a predator, the harvests that are allowed cannot be where das being a driving factor for predator control. So what was saying before is the legitimate subsistence harvest of walves under the current program is the only mechanism that you doubt increase harvest under a hunting license, for instance, and the bag limits associated with it, and just recently we desperienced a reduction in that opportunity.

MR. GRAHAM: Yeah. You're saying whether they Marvested -- whether the bag limit was five or ten wouldn't matter. It wouldn't matter if a trapper took ten. It wouldn't 50

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Affect the -- it wouldn't manipulate the.... MR. TWITCHELL: No, not in our view. That was an Authorized subsistence harvest under the hunting authority of ten wolves. MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, is there any more discussion? St's getting close to lunch. I don't know if we should break Or go to the next thing on our agenda. Okay. We'll talk about 10 after lunch. Break for lunch. (Off record) 12 (On record) 13 14 MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. I would like to get the meeting **bā**ck in order. Can everyone take their seats, please? 16'll call the meeting back to order. We have one member still bil the way, but she should be here pretty shortly, so we'll go ablead and get started and go to the next item on the agenda 11der new business. 2.0 21 MR. MATHEWS: The next item on the agenda is the two 22d business items you added dealing with Park Service and the 23deral Register notice dealing with same-day airborne and the 24atus of the draft statement from Gates of the Arctic. 2511 defer to -- both of those were brought up by Jack and 26eve Ulvi. 2.7 Vince, Mr. Chairman. I guess in the MR. ULVI: 20terest of time and the best situation for the council here, \$\textit{e}\$rhaps you could tell me exactly which of these issues you №Ant to deal with first and what you want to know, and I'll try 80 give you that background information or information to help 38du decide if you want to take action of some sort. 34 MR. REAKOFF: I have concerns about, as I stated **36**sterday Federal agencies utilizing the Federal Register to \$ass regulations that affect customary and traditional use and 38 asons and bag limits under Subpart B of the Federal Process, and I drafted a statement of concern to be inserted into the 40aft regional council report, and I have a thing on the Subsistence Research Commission for the Gates of the Arctic. 40 December I received a statement from management that was supposed to be at our January SRC meeting, but we didn't get to 44, and I have a question. There were management implications 45 that statement for management that affected subsistence 46ers, and I was -- wanted to ask Steve about what's the 40 adlines for comment on that and when will that be adopted and ₩811 our SRC review that before it's adopted. 49 50

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- MR. ULVI: Mr. Chairman? Yeah, Jack. I quess working backwards, it should be adopted as a very general statement for Bhe direction for Gates of the Arctic Parks management very soon, in the next few weeks. It is normally -- it's not a planning document; it's not a managing document in the specific 6se of that term. It's a very general document to be changed Every couple of years, in very general ways lays out what the Bark issues are, what the land status is, who the players are, Adjacent landowners, and all of that in very general terms, and then from that twenty- or thirty-page document, then these other management documents evolve: resource management plans, deneral management plans, research plans, all of the very \$\$ecific things that if in fact those specific action items or ⊅≜ojects have anything to do with subsistence, then there ₫€nerally is an analysis of that project or plan, an 810 and bodies like this would have 17chance to take a look at that. 18
- It's my boss's contention, the superintendent of the park, and the Park Service's contention that the statement for Management is a general document that kind of directs the very @@neral management of the park and, in fact, it's normally not 23rculated to the public, it's normally not circulated to other agencies, and in this case was decided to circulate it to Mātive corporations, the State of Alaska, our subsistence 26 source commissioners all received a copy of it, and the So there was in a way an public has been invited to comment. 28 formal public process and comment period for a document that 20rmally, and in fact in law and policy, does not require \$Oblic input, and I do think subsistence is certainly mentioned 31 there. Subsistence and subsistence management is a very 3Mportant issue for Gates of the Arctic National Park. But the \$8 int I'm trying to make is that normally there is very little \$4blic comment opportunity on such a general plan and that in Bhis case there has been quite a bit of opportunity. 36
- So I guess I would again repeat that it's a contention of my boss and the regional director that there was more than adequate input for this plan for its limited use and application and that the specific actions or policies or fequilations that may come through different plans and different processes will be, you know, put before this group and the following sistence Resource Commission and any other affected party. So Jack, you as an individual or you as a Subsistence Resource Commission member certainly, hopefully will comment in writing and/or phone call to the superintendent on what you feel may be the shortcomings of that broad, philosophical kind of a statement in the statement for management, and any other members of the public are certainly welcome, also. But they

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are trying to finalize that plan by early -- mid-March. Deen out and available for comment for two or three months now.

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- MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman? I have -- we were supposed 60 look at this statement for management plan in our last Meeting, and I would like to reiterate that the Resource Commission didn't get to this subject. But there was one part In this management plan -- statement from management regarding designating lynx as an endangered species, and I don't -- this kind of goes along with the free-ranging furbearer problem, and 12 sort of gets plugged in and then it's hard to unplug it, and 13would -- the only reason I brought up this statement from management is that's just an example. There's in this d5cument -- I can't find it off-hand. There's a statement that 16nx are under consideration to be designated as an endangered species and there's no factual, biological basis for that. 18
- And so this goes along with my whole contention, that any customary and traditional use, determination, or seasons and bag limits that affects subsistence must go through the Fêderal Board process, and whether they're mixed in with the management plan for parks or whatever, they should all be Defought forth in a proposal form and submitted to the £5deral Board, which goes through this regional council, and 26en on to the fed- -- that way it has the wide range of Alscussion among the people who are most affected, and that's Way I brought this out to light to the council. Whether this 29 -- I feel that the Resource Commission should review that, Bût that's something between the Resource Commission and Gates' office.

But if it's okay with the council, I could read -- I've d#afted a -- in regards to the -- it's triggered by the

Bark Service's definition of trapping and -- which is going to Bave wide ranges of ramifications to the subsistence users, and \$7 would like to read this, what I have written for submission 88 be inserted into the report at this time, and this will be adder the title of Submission of Proposals. "The Western #Aterior Council to the Federal Subsistence Board feels the #ormulation of regulations modifying customary and traditional 42es and seasons and bag limits by the federal agencies needs addressing. It is the position of the council, if approved, ##garding federal agencies that recently published in the #5deral Register for comment, regulations regarding definitions #bat, in fact, change C&T uses and seasons and bag limits. This proposal to the Federal Register affects rural subsistence 48ers on park lands. It is our position that to protect the 40tegrity of the federal subsistence program and the meaningful 50

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fole of the councils and rural residents, federal agencies \$\frac{2}{3}\text{hall submit proposals to the Federal Board process. The \$\frac{2}{3}\text{ublication} and adoption by the individual agencies by the \$\frac{4}{3}\text{egister process of C&T seasons and bag limits bypasses the \$\frac{5}{3}\text{ural residents' meaningful role in proposal formulation.}\$

Announcements are made in urban newspapers and meetings for \$\frac{7}{3}\text{ublic comment were primarily held in Anchorage and Fairbanks.}\$

8 These are urban areas. The federal subsistence program \$\frac{9}{3}\text{rovides the best and most exposure to the local rural \$\frac{1}{3}\text{sidents for comments based on a long, on-the-ground working \$\frac{1}{3}\text{mowledge of the resources."}\$

And when that proposal was first sent forth, the meetings that were held were held in Anchorage and Fairbanks. They weren't held in the -- these are regulations affecting sobsistence users on park lands, and they're holding meetings in urban centers and publishing in urban newspapers. I took exception to that, and I feel that this is a bad precedent for the agencies to pursue, is to buy the federal regional councils and Federal Board, and I would like to make a motion for submittal to our report of this last thing that I read.

MR. HUNTINGTON: Is that a motion?

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MR. REAKOFF: That's a motion.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Motion on the floor to accept the 28tter? Is there a second? A second?

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30 MR. DEACON: Second.

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32 MR. HUNTINGTON: Any discussion? A question? (Pause) 3All in favor of the motion signify by saying aye.

3 1

35 ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS: Aye.

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37 MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause) M8tion carries.

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40 MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman? I was wondering if the &buncil would also like to make comment to the Park Service &2garding that proposal, whether they would like to enumerate \$3me things that are wrong with that proposal and what -- the &fects that that proposal would have. I haven't drafted &5ything, but some of the effects are that it changes customary &6d traditional practices, that for years people would go to &3t camp and shoot muskrats with a 22-rifle under the trapping &2cense. The hunting season wasn't even open. It was all &9der the trapping license. It will be -- if, indeed, they do

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adopt that definition on park lands, we will have to propose and change all of the hunting of furbearer bag limits to no Bimit, this to align with the customary and traditional use of the trapping license. The other thing about this trapping license, the ₹rapping -- the hunting license expires December 31. The 8rapping license goes to the following October to allow people Do access their camps and don't have to come out and re-10cense. They would therefore be in violation if they shot a furbearer after that time frame. 12 13 I think that it would be way easier for the Park Sérvice to align their definition with the long-standing state and the customary and traditional shooting of free-ranging farbearers, and it would cost tremendous amounts of more time for our councils, all ten councils, to change all the hunting tequiations to furbearers to no limit and time and staff t0mmittees and money and paperwork. We've got papers coming 20t of our ears. It would just be way easier for the Park Service to rescind their register proposal and align their 22nguage with customary and traditional practices. 23 And those are some of the reasons that I found is wrong \$5th that proposal. 2.6 27 MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, you do have a copy of what 28's talking about, the Federal Register notice. That's the 29ue one that was handed out just to make sure, and I or Gloria well get a copy of your statement and make a copy of that and 3Acorporate it as the motion. 32 MR. REAKOFF: Well, it's coming out of the machine over Bhere. Isn't the transcript coming up on.... (pause) 35 36 MR. MATHEWS: Well, the transcripts, there's a delay on Bhat.... 38 39 MR. REAKOFF: Oh. 40 41 MR. MATHEWS: ....and I'd rather move ahead with it. \$2 what we'll do is get your copy and I'll get a copy and give Back the original of your statement so you have that. 44 MR. REAKOFF: Um-hum. I don't know if any other 46uncil members had anything else to insert to that. 47 48 MR. HUNTINGTON: You stated that you wanted a letter

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**¶**9om this body?

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MR. REAKOFF: Yeah. I would like the council to domment to the Park Service. They're asking for comments, and think that the council should comment, state reasons why -- what's wrong with this changing to their definition, and I make motion to that effect.

MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. There's a motion in effect to have the staff draft up a letter to that effect.

11 MR. MATHEWS: There was a motion earlier for a letter t0 incorporate the statement and that's already passed. Are t0 having a motion now just to comment?

MR. REAKOFF: The motion now is to draft the comments and reasons why -- what's wrong with this Park Service Federal Register proposal to initiate their definitions. When Issay "initiate," because this definition was made up in 1982, and now they want to enforce it. It's 1995. For thirteen years they didn't enforce this definition, and I want to comment that this is longstanding, customary and traditional practices in my whole statement there. But I want this sent to the Park Service. Council should comment to the Park -- they're asking the comments and we want to comment to them, also.

MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman? I think -- I'm not trying 20 defer the motion or anything like that. I think it would be 20 ter to discuss this before you make the motion 'cause I'm 20 tsure the other council members know the details of this, 31 ddraft -- I can provide what I know of it, and the Park 32 rvice can also fill in on that, what this is all saying, 32 ause Jack is immediately going to the -- this is not asking 50 r comment, to my knowledge. This was a clarification, and 51 to 52 some kind of motion on it so it's clear.

37 MR. HUNTINGTON: Steve?

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MR. ULVI: Yeah. Mr. Chairman, perhaps I can do that. 4Bssentially in a nutshell, for about the last six years the Park Service, because of State of Alaska same-day airborne and Aland and shoot trapping proposals and things like that over the Pars, as well as Fish & Wildlife Service and other agencies, there's been a tug of war going on as to to what's appropriate of certain Federal lands with State regulations. So all along the Park Service has felt that it's inappropriate to take any and imal same-day airborne in park areas, where as with State law and regulations, there are proposals constantly coming up for the same-day airborne, whether it's trapping or hunting. As you 50

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know, we have same-day hunt on caribou right now in a couple of QMU's in the state.

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- So the Park Service dusted off this six-year-old proposal, more or less, that did go through a public comment period. I believe it was in '89 and some in '87, both in front of the State Game Board as well as public meetings in Anchorage and Fairbanks and a number of smaller, rural communities.
- So I'm not here to say it was a mistake on the part of the Park Service to dust this off and bring it out again a year ago and say it's time that we go forward with this regulation be prohibiting same-day airborne. I'm not saying that, you know, this letter from the Koyukuk River Fish & Game Advisory Committee, which I just saw for the first time yesterday, they sont out in December strongly commenting on the lack of a proper comment period. The word didn't get to the villages. We know that now and it was a mistake. That's all there is too 19. So there is an extended comment period coming into play here soon for thirty more days.
- For the part that Jack has been talking about here, is  $\mathfrak{B}$  use of firearms for trapping in park areas.
- MR. REAKOFF: It was stated yesterday that there's Béen -- the airborne hunting part of it has gone on. There's Béen a divergence in the trapping definition, is that now it's Reparate comment/separate subject. So as far as the airborne Renting part of it, it's not part of the -- of what I'm Refinition only, not the airborne hunting part of it, and Refinition only, not the airborne hunting part of it, and Refinition only, not the airborne hunting part of it, and Refinition only what Steve is saying, is that the comment Period's coming up in thirty days. This council won't meet Refitil next October. If we want to comment on this thing, we Refine the comment on it now.
- MR. ULVI: That's right, Mr. Chairman, and I'm just \$9 ying to provide some background information. But if you look 40 that Federal Register, the proposed reg there, you'll see 4\$ ame-day airborne." That's what it is about. There was also this portion that reiterated a regulation we already have on the books since 1981, as Jack said, that the Park Service 44 terprets use of a firearm in trapping to mean that you can't do it unless you're shooting an animal that's already in a that.
- So I was just trying to give you enough background so that you know that because of the concerns that were raised 50

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primarily by the North Slope Borough, primarily by Anaktuvuk Pass, about this, because it's been on the books Since '81, but nobody really realized it. It hasn't been Anforced. There's no plans to go out and enforce it now. It's 5ust it's one of those things that all of a sudden a bunch of 6eople realized they were very uncomfortable with. So that 7 part of the proposal has -- there's a comment period now that's 8 been extended, and in fact, you know, this body can comment to 9 he regional director and make your views, your concerns, the 8 ackground information, the kinds of things Jack was pointing 4 think are very appropriate, as to why you feel 12's unnecessary for the Park Service to prohibit use of 13 rearms in trapping. Anyway, that's kind of a general 8 ackground.

There is a comment period coming up. If you were to draft a letter and send it now, then it would certainly be tonsidered along with the other comments from the North Slope Borough, the Mayor's Office, Anaktuvuk Pass, as well as our 20bsistence Resource Commission wrote a strongly-worded letter alfew weeks back. So that commenting period has been extended because of the concerns expressed.

23

MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Steve. Well, there's a 25tion on the floor. Was there a second?

2627

UNIDENTIFIED: Second.

28

MR. HUNTINGTON: We have a second. It's been moved and  $3\theta$  conded to draft a letter to the National Parks Service on  $3\theta$  neerns that Jack stated, and maybe Jack can pretty well work 32th Vince on that.

33

MR. REAKOFF: I'll work with Vince and Gloria on the \$5asons. I should job down....(pause)

36

37 MR. HUNTINGTON: And if it's possible, could you get a **86**py to the other board members as soon as possible?
39

40 MR. REAKOFF: Yeah. Maybe on the next break we can  $\$\Phi$ rk something out.

42

43 MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah. That'll be fine. Any datestions?

45 UNIDENTIFIED: Question.

46

47 MR. HUNTINGTON: The question's been called for. All #Bose in favor of the motion, signify by saying aye.
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ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS: Aye.
        MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)
Motion carries. We have another topic under old business, and
5 think Jack got some more information on that.
        MR. REAKOFF: I think we've covered the statement from
Management and then we've covered the free-ranging furbearer
9ubject with this -- our report insertion and then our comment
t0 the Federal Board, and that covered....
12
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Oh, okay.
1.3
14
       MR. REAKOFF: ....what I felt should be covered there.
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16
17
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Any more questions on this before we
fill do on? (Pause) Hearing none, we'll go on to the next item.
19
20
        MR. MATHEWS: Yeah.
                             The next item is new business,
M1. Chairman, and under new business there's a section there
#@r each agency, if they so desire, to give a report. So I'll
38st go down the list and see if any of the agencies want to
24ve a brief report that they want to inform the council about.
25
        I'll just ask if BLM management has anything they want
$\overline{a}$ report on to the council that they haven't done already.
28
29
        MR. DENTON: I'll have a real brief report, and I've
allso -- I've kind of covered this a little bit before. But of
31gnificance, at least in Anchorage District BLM, the State has
made a bunch of priorities on their selections for retention
and relinquishment. Their lowest priorities are being
$\delinquished back to BLM, so those lands will now be coming
Back into the -- under the subsistence regulations from the
36 lected lands that are in Anchorage District, and to date over
BMe last two months there's been close to a million-and-a-half
a8res relinquished back. So we're talking several significant
3atches of land. Most of it has been so far in your region and
40's mostly concentrated in the Big River/Farewell area that
₩ê've had several relinquishments back of some of the folks in
M2Grath interest, and there's been a few townships north of
Swift River in the Aniak(ph) Village area, as well. Those are
#Me ones that are currently of interest to this particular
#5qion.
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47
        MR. HUNTINGTON: Any questions for Jeff? (Pause)
Thank you, Jeff.
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1 MR. MATHEWS: The next agency would be Fish and Wildlife Service, if some of the refuge staff or other staff Would like to....(pause)

4

5 MR. ELEY: My name is Tom Eley and I'm the refuge manager, relatively new actually as the refuge manager, having Been in Galena since the first of May.

8

9 We're real sorry we didn't get to meet with you in MôGrath a few months ago, but the weather, as you all probably femember, was sort of stinko, so we didn't -- weren't able to mâke it down.

13

The refuge complex looks forward to working with the figureal council here. There will certainly be people from my figurea; probably myself, at most of your regional council figetings. If you have proposals that affect refuge areas, we'll certainly try to have a biologist from the particular figurea there to answer any questions you might have to bring 20u up to date on the information that we have and answer any questions you may have.

22

I really hope, as I mentioned earlier and as M£. Collins and I spoke about at lunchtime today, that you will 25e us as a resource. That's part of the job, in the way I 26ew it, is to help you all. We're certainly in contact with 27e federal subsistence people, with Conrad and George Sherrod 28d those people. But I think if I was in your spot, I'd like 20 see the real guys that are doing it every once in awhile in 38se I had specific question, and if any of you ever have 39ecific questions of us, please give us a call. We'd be glad 80 talk with you. Harold is our neighbor downriver there and 83y to maintain close contact with him, and Pollock upriver, of 36urse. Jack way up river.

35

But if you do have any questions -- speaking for the 3ther two refuge managers that are not here, Tom Early from Senetie. He's back in Georgia, I believe, for some sort of the same in the same sentiments as 40do. The same for Ed Merritt who's down in Tucson for some sort of training. We're here. We want to work with you. We're one of your neighbors, and I hope you'll view us as your sources when you need information or have questions.

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45 MR. HUNTINGTON: So if we have any idea to come up with  $\bf \$6$ me proposals, we can probably get some information off of  $\bf \$0$ , huh?

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49 MR. ELEY: Absolutely.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay.
        MR. ELEY: I think that would be the place to start.
We'll tell you what we know and have any ideas.
                                                  Stan Ned has
Contacted us with some ideas. We're going to work on some
Issues related to the Nowitna Refuse and moose. We're going to
Work with the folks in Tanana and from Ruby, and hopefully we @an head off issues before they become real issues and/or
problems, and we want to have local people involved and let
them know what we're doing and so forth.
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13
        MR. HUNTINGTON: Any questions for Tom?
                                                   (Pause) Thank
¼ou, Tom.
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16
        MR. MATHEWS: The next agency, I don't see Tim here but
idst to make sure I don't miss them, would be Alaska Department
$\footnote{8}$ Fish & Game. I don't see him. The last federal agency
₩0uld be National Park Service if they would like to report on
20mething that they feel the council needs to know at this
21me, they have the option.
23
        MR. TWITCHELL: Denali Subsistence Resource Commission
204t last Friday and dealt with a quite large range of issues.
Qbly one of them has pertinence with the Western Interior
26visory Council, and that was their position that they took on
Phe -- extending federal jurisdiction to selected lands, and
₩ê've already discussed that earlier in the meeting, and a
20tter from the commission regarding their position will be CC-
mailed to the Chair, so he'll have received that.
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        There were not any -- we'll be receiving that letter.
33
34
        There were not any proposals in the federal changes to
Bhe seasons and bag limits that affected lands within the
№6stern interior region. So there was no action on Denali SRC
87 that. They did take a number of actions on other proposals
BBat involved areas in the eastern interior and south central.
3But since they're not involved with this region, I won't
deliberate on those at this point.
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42
        So I have nothing further beyond that to report.
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        MR. HUNTINGTON: Any questions for Hollis? (Pause)
Thanks, Hollis.
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        MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, this would be an
♠portunity for any of the private organizations to comment,
₩Bich would include Native corporations, non-profits, et
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tetera, if they have -- oh, I'm sorry. Steve does have gomething. I'm sorry. The next one will be privates. Sorry.

MR. ULVI: Vince, Mr. Chairman, just a couple things quickly. I know in particular for people who live down in the bower river and away from park areas, it's hard to understand what the heck the differences are between park management policies and refuge management policies and things like that, and I certainly don't plan to get into those things here now, but I'd like to just tell you about a couple of things we're doing that have to do with subsistence, and hopefully it will help you better understand what we're about.

14 This -- the one thing that we talked about earlier was the regional council appointments to our Subsistence Resource C6mmission. The charters are being changed. We've requested that the Secretary of the Interior change our Gates of the A8ctic Subsistence Resource Commission. We had a meeting in 18te January. They sent out letter to the Secretary asking him 20 do that. The end result will be that for Gates of the Aictic and the Central Brooks Range, we have three Federal 22gional councils. You're one, the Northwest Arctic is one, and the North Slope is the other. Now each of those councils ₩411 be able to appoint one member to the Gates of the Arctic 25bsistence Resource Commission. So it's nice and balanced and 26en, fairly represents the cultures and the user groups, and 27's just a good solution, and I appreciate your comments in provious meetings and your support of that because I think it's a9win/win deal for everybody involved and it's just the right Way to do things.

The second thing is that we, along with a number of 38her agencies, State and Federal and Native corporations and 34n-profit groups primarily in Fairbanks, have been working on 35summer youth camp that we're going to try to conduct for the 86rst time at Chena Hot Springs this June, from June 5th to 37ne 15th. It's a pilot year, first time ever, so we're taking 38 kind of slow. But it's for high school aged youth from 30rthern Alaska. We're targeting primarily rural communities, 46d they will have to be nominated and apply. A very small 46e.

We'll take them for ten days and go through a resource Management learning module, mostly in the field, hands-on, so that any kids that have any interest whatsoever in field belogy, resource management, what the Native groups and agencies are doing in the way of managing resources Particularly on public lands, they'll have a chance to be exposed to a wide variety of those things, such as wildlife 50

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management, fisheries, aquatic resources, fire and forestry, and go through problem solving type exercises, which we often do. So it's kind of a chance for them to understand better what some of us do in our careers and our livelihood and hoping, of course — the big hope is that young folks from these communities will get turned on to some of those ideas and and up going on to college and end up coming back to work for the Park Service or Federal or State agencies or Native groups and help us with this complicated task of resource management and subsistence.

11

So you will be in most all of your villages, I think, the schools of -- perhaps not down as far as Aniak, but the schools will be getting these brochures and flyers in the next to the schools will be getting these brochures and flyers in the next to the schools of weeks so that we can try to keep this thing going. It's called Earth Quest, Alaska Wildlife and Wildlands Exploration Camp.

18

- The third thing real quick is the Anaktuvuk Pass land 2\text{\text{\text{Change.}}} Legislation was passed by the House unanimously a 20.4 on the or so ago and is now in Murkowski's committee in the Senate. They expect to pass it into law in the next couple of Weeks or so. So finally, after ten years of negotiations Detween the Park Service and the Nunamiut at Anaktuvuk Pass, it 25 oks as though that legislation will go through and the ₩61derness and park boundaries around Anaktuvuk Pass will be 27drawn and changed. Essentially what it boils down to is they ₩811 be able to go ahead and use their ARGO's and ATV's to 20cess caribou in the summer because those lands will be open 80 them or become their own lands, and we'll back off -- back Bhe boundaries off a little bit, and hopefully they can get on 80 doing things the way they need to and have enough room to BBeathe there, and then we can get back to park and wilderness management at a greater distance from the community there. 35
- So again, I think it's a win/win deal, and everybody's Böping that Murkowski's committee will pass that, and you'll be Bearing more about that because afterwards it's going to Bequire a cooperative management plan between the Nunamiut and the Park Service which has, to my knowledge, never been done Anywhere before, where we will all have to work together from the beginning all the way through for their uses on 426,000 acres of park land as far as impacts and as far as all these kinds of things. So you'll hear more about it.
- And one of the other things we're involved with is the Morth Slope Borough has decided to hire harvest monitors in 48ch of their communities on the North Slope full-time to 49tempt to record harvest of all species by people in those 50

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communities, and they will be attempting to identify in rough ferms numbers and where those species come from. In other words, were they coming off of State land, Native land, or frederal land or whatever. Try to build a data base from which they feel -- based on their experience with marine mammals and whales in particular, they feel they want that scientific data to protect their subsistence opportunity into the future. So they're putting their money where their mouth is and they're forward on this. We're very happy to see that and are comperating with them for Nuwiksik and Anaktuvuk, which are two off our communities on the North Slope.

12

And I personally hope that we hear more about these same sorts of harvest tracking/harvest monitoring plans by other corporations and villages and Native groups, 'cause I think -- we feel that it's very important for resource protection and continued opportunity.

18

And the last thing is our Subsistence Resource 20mmission did meet in late January. Jack and Pollock here on Pour council are also on that commission, and among all the ôther business they did in two-and-a-half days, they have a Adnting Plan Recommendation Number 11 going out now to the pablic and the Chair here, and Vince will be receiving a copy **05** that, as well as 105 other addresses or something, for 26blic comment, all the villages affected. And basically what fley've done is they've gone ahead and said, "We think the Pêderal customary and traditional use determination process is Way too slow, way too bureaucratic, way too complicated; we Want to step forward and say that for most of the species, Whether it be trees, plants, fish, birds, or wildlife, most of Ble species that you find in the Gates of the Arctic region Bave been customary and traditionally used by the people who Bave in these communities and these villages." And they've \$\overline{0}\$ bushed that to the Secretary to see whether or not he buys into Bhat or not.

37

So it's, I think, kind of a straightforward and elegant way to see if there might be another alternative to this long to process. It doesn't address non-park lands or anything that, but that will be circulated around. You folks and the Chair here in this council have an opportunity to comment that. It'd be a sixty-day comment period, so you'll be the ing it. So perhaps you can choose to circulate it to the the members or however you want, and the Secretary of the the terior will decide on the appropriateness of that concept.

47 48

And that's all I have.

49

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MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman?
3
        MR. HUNTINGTON: Yes, Herman?
                     I have a question or a comment to all
        MR. MORGAN:
6hese people who gave their reports. You know, you all know by
Mow that we're having a problem with wolves, and we're having
Our meeting in October, and if any of you guys can come up with
any solutions or find ways to help the subsistence user, we'd
be glad to hear about it by this fall. And that's my comment.
12
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Thank you. Any more questions?
13
14
       MR. MATHEWS: I didn't know if some of the private
$\delta ganizations or individuals wanted to speak. I know there's a
16presentative of Tanana Chiefs here. There may be other
tepresentatives. They have the option to comment, if they
₩8uld like.
19
20
        MR. NED:
                  (Inaudible - away from microphone) Well, I
£tally don't have much on there. We're doing a study on eleven
Of our villages right now as far as large mammals go: moose,
23ribou, wolf, brown bear and black bear. And we're on our
£Mird year -- on our final year, and everything's looking
25etty good so far, and we want to continue doing that and
26ing it cooperatively with you at Fish & Wildlife or with the
State, whichever want to work with us, if we could come up with
88me kind of money to do that. And that's about all I have. I
20n't have much. We'd like to see that continue.
30
31
        MR. MORGAN:
                     I have a question for you. Are you doing
and studies on wolves?
34
        MR. NED: No. We'd really like to see some kind of
35udy on the wolves.
37
       MR. MORGAN: Is it too late to include that in your
38udies?
39
        MR. NED: No, not yet. Oh, it's too late for this
$\ddarantheta array \text{Yes, it is, but we can -- what you guys can do is
#2quest that a study be done on the wolves in your area. You
#an come up with a proposal.
44
45
        MR. MORGAN:
                     Yeah. Maybe the Chairman can.
46
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Stan, I have a question for you.
#8nana Chiefs doing any study on tribal management of the fish
40d wildlife?
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MR. NED: Say that again?
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                          Is Tanana Chiefs doing any study on
5he tribal management of fish and wildlife resources?
7
        MR. NED: No.
        MR. HUNTINGTON: No? Because it's something that's
$6ing to be coming up within the next six months to a year.
Different councils are discussing it and I think....
        MR. NED: I believe they are working on that at the
13
administrative level at TCC.
16
        MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. Thanks. Any other questions or
$\displaystyle \text{dmments from the different agencies? (Pause) If not, we'll
48 down to the next thing on the agenda.
19
20
        MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, the next item, Gloria will
21ve you an update on, but essentially it's dealing with
22gional council member nominations. So if there's any council
203mbers here or public that would like to nominate themselves
24 be -- to fill the three seats that will be open on this
25uncil, we have applications here and the application period
26oses on February 28th. Gloria's the one that receives all
£Mose applications, so maybe she has something else to share on
2Bose applications. Not the people, but what has happened
ŵ9th....(pause)
30
31
        MS. MASCHMEYER:
                          Yeah. We're further ahead in the
$2ocess this year and hopefully we'll stay on schedule so that
we get your regional council members appointed by the
Secretary, you know, long before your fall meetings take place,
and our apology is for what's happened in the past. But the
application period this year is ending on February 28th, and
all of you should have gotten a little packet here explaining
BBe nomination process, and as Vince says, we have some more of
Bhem here.
40
41
        The way the regional councils are set up is that one-
#Mird of the seats roll over each year. So this year there are
23 seats that are available throughout the ten regional
€ uncils. Three are rolling over on your council.
                                                      If you
₩5uld like to reapply for your seat, you do have to do exactly that, and that is to reapply. So if you are holding a seat and
♥ðu haven't turned in a new application, please do that.
48
49
        Also, the applications aren't just targeted to people
50
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who want to apply themselves, but they're also -- you may Mominate someone. So possibly there's someone from your dommunity that you would like to encourage to be on the council, and that would be good to make those nominations as ₩ell. To date we've had a lot of nominations come in for Regions 1 and 2, being south central and southeast, because Mhose are, you know, the larger populated areas. To date I believe when I left the office yesterday or the day before, that we had about 75 applicants. Now, that's not just for your fêgion, but in total, and I don't recall -- at last count I hadn't gotten them out into the different regions to recount how many there were. 15 But just to let you know that, you know, the process 16 then from the close-off date of the 28th, then there will be a teview in mid-March by the interagency staff committee å₱pointees. What that means is that all of the agencies - the Zîve agencies that make up your Federal Subsistence Board, 2heir staff committee representative - is appointing people 12 com those different areas of land management to review the applications and to make recommendations to the board for âppointments to those seats, and then the board will take that 25, and that would hopefully -- we're planning for the April 206 eting, and then it goes from the board to the Secretaries of Phe Interior and Agriculture for appointment. 2.8 29 Jack? 30 MR. REAKOFF: My seat expires in 1996. If I wanted to B@apply, would I have to reapply by this upcoming Bebruary 28th? 34 MR. MATHEWS: No. No. It's just the '95 seats are 35 û6.... 37 38 MR. REAKOFF: Oh. 39 40 MR. MATHEWS: ....which are listed under Tab 1. 41 MS. MASCHMEYER: So they expire in '95? Your seat ₩∂uld expire in '96. 44 45 MR. REAKOFF: All right. But I would have to apply by A6xt February. 47 48 MR. MASCHMEYER: Yes. Yes. 49 50

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MR. MATHEWS: The three seats that are open are seats 2, 5, and 6, which are now held by Henry Deacon, Philip Graham, and Sharon Strick. And, of course, if during the process of the year someone has to resign for whatever reason, we go to that pool of applicants to pull from, and I think Gloria will falidate this: We will provide you with a list of all the people that have applied for your region, but will mail it to you individually just so you're aware that you have X and you're applied for or been nominated.

11 MR. HUNTINGTON: (Nods head)

12

MR. MATHEWS: Okay. We can go on to the next item, which is comments on residency requirements, so I would really efficurage you to turn to Tab number 10, 'cause this is in general a fairly easy subject, but then when we start -- and Tack can reaffirm this. When you start defining singular words, it gets interesting.

19

Okay. What is happening, is you'll see in Tab 10 -- 2111 just kind of read it, but the problem is what you need to 20cus on on page 1, and that's residency and license 20quirements for participating in the federal subsistence Mants.

25

Okay. The definition of residence is somewhat general and it does not specify a length of residency in a location. 2Bis creates situations where someone can claim residency in a 20mmunity even if they maintain a household in another part of Ble state or even out of state. There's two areas where this Adeds to be addressed. One is residency and the other is in Ble wording concerning requiring the pertinent license, 33mbined with the above resident problem, could allow -- well, "Allows a person to locate to a rural 3⊕u can read it. 85mmunity even from outside the state and establish a **B6**sidence, obtain a non-resident hunting license, and qualify \$3r a federal subsistence hunt." And the background just gives \$8u an idea that the definition of resident comes from Section 49 which is, "Any person who has as his primary, permanent home ₩Othin Alaska and whenever absent from this primary, permanent Adme, has the intention of returning to it." And you'll see 4De factors listed underneath there that address that. 43

Then under licenses, is where the -- section 6, is #Dere the word pertinent comes up, and that says, "Licenses, permits, harvest tag, tickets, tags, and reports of the #Egulations requires subsistence users to possess the pertinent, valid state hunting, fishing, and trapping licenses 49less federal licenses are required."

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Then there's a -- well, there's a paragraph about the \$mportance of licenses, and what you really need to focus on is the next paragraph, which was approved by the board, that the board believes it was not the intent of Congress to provide an temperature subsistence priority for newly-settled persons who have no or minimal history of customary traditional use of subsistence resources.

10 So the board would like you to comment on three Diptions. Option A is just do not revise the federal \$20bsistence management regulations at this time, which means that someone could qualify being an outside and et cetera. Ostion B would be make regulatory changes to clarify the board's intent as suggested, and they're suggesting that the ₩6rding -- well, you can see it up there. It's the underlined ₩ðrding. Under Section 6, that -- for subsistence hunting on federal lands, the State residence hunting license is required. 18 State resident -- oh, you don't -- yes, you do. A State 20 sident hunting license requires twelve months within the State, and hopefully my fellow teammates will make sure I don't 22ss something here. 23

Okay. The other thing is for subsistence trapping on Pāderal lands, a State resident trapping license is required, and for subsistence fishing on federally administered waters, and license is required. The term "residence" would refer to and a location long enough to and maintain a residency at that location, parentheses, nine months at a location and twelve months within the state.

Option C is to revise the regulations to eliminate the need for any license for harvesting subsistence resources on formal lands. This option could result in widespread abuse by non-qualified individuals competing with rural residents for lamited resources, especially in more easily accessible areas. But it would impose less paperwork burden on rural residents.

So that's the issue of residency requirement that the board is asking you to comment on. If there's any questions -- #2know that following this you have copies of a letter from the #3int -- I thought it was a joint board. Well, actually it's #4om -- yes, it is from the joint board, the joint boards of #5sheries and Game from he State, and you have a letter from Boreau of Land Management expressing their concerns about this #3sident thing here, and we do have two staff from Bureau of Land Management that I think will help you if there's some 40her additional questions. So you need to comment on these 50

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options on dealing with residency requirements.
3
                         (Pause) Any questions or comments on
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
this?
6
       MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman?
7
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah, Jack?
10
       MR. REAKOFF: I think it's a very clear-cut issue.
Option B requiring a state hunting license is the preferred
alternative. A rural resident has long been standing as the
twelve consecutive months, and resident is twelve consecutive
menths, and all of the ANILCA law talks about rural residents,
15's been traditional in Alaska to consider a resident as no
bhe under twelve months of residency. So I feel that this
13 -- Option B is the preferred one.
18
       MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, I should point out that
2hose are just possible options. You could also come up with
Ŷour own if you so desire. I just want to make sure I didn't
make you believe you were limited to these three options, but
Bey pretty much cover the full range.
2.5
       MR. COLLINS: Mr. Chairman? Yeah. I would lean
26wards B, too, because it seems to address most of these --
and this one doesn't specify that you have to be in a rural
asea for twelve months, I think, as long as you have the
20sident license? Because I can see people moving back to the
80mmunity for outside but have been in the State, let's say,
and they may want to subsistence hunt that fall. Under this
80tion, I guess they could if they had a State license, or not?
33s....(pause)
34
       MR. COFFING: I'm looking at the last paragraph,
MG. Chairman, in Option B.
37
38
       MR. COLLINS: In that location, nine months.
39
       MR. COFFING: There it says that they could be there
Alne months under this -- ....
42
43
       MR. COLLINS:
                     Oh, okay.
44
       MR. COFFING: ....under the way this option is laid
46t. But I -- I think the council should feel free to, you
Allow, not feel locked in by nine months or twelve months, but
#8el free to discuss it amongst yourselves what it is you think
40u want to do.
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MR. HUNTINGTON: I think it should be amended on this
Bast paragraph. I think we can come up with maybe a length of
#ime. Instead of nine months and twelve months, I think it
5hould be open for discussion, either that or just strike this
6ff the option.
       MR. MATHEWS: Your first suggestion was to change it to
Dwelve months at the location?
1.0
11
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                        Um-hum (affirmative).
12
13
       MR. MATHEWS: Or your second one is just to put in
there twelve months within the State?
16
       MR. COLLINS: Well, I can see problems. I see -- in
the Cantwell area, one of the criticisms they had on that since
18 was a resident community is you had a State trooper move in,
19think, and he was immediately eligible for subsistence
Mûnting in the Denali Park because he was a resident of
Cantwell, and that caused kind of a stir. So just being a
22sident of the State -- the ones I was thinking of is --
Because of mobility, people go away to work and then they come
Dack in Anchorage. Maybe someone who has previously
25tablished residency in that community or something or
26turning something like -- it has -- might fit that. That's
2he ones that would get caught, because I know people that have
28tired, like, in the summer in our area and moved back there
20 the fall, they wouldn't want to wait a year before they
30uld subsistence hunt.
31
32
       MR. REAKOFF: The other facet is a lot of people go
#3refighting or fishing or doing something in the summer that
84kes them away from their primary residence for summer work,
and if they were required to stay there twelve months, that
$6uld exclude them from going to firefighting or anything else.
31 think that a location -- that it should be a rural location,
BBe word inserted "rural," as in -- you know, there's rural and
ñôn-rural areas.
40
41
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: At a rural location?
42
       MR. REAKOFF: Yes. Nine months at a rural location,
₩Hich would be -- the primary residence would be a rural
≇5sidence.
46
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Um-hum.
                                  Any more questions? Is there
48motion for Option B for the amendments? (Pause) Does this
Mave to be discussed now or do we have to have some kind of
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action now or.... (pause)
       MR. MATHEWS: Yes, because I believe it's going to be
Before the board at the upcoming meeting. I'm not sure. Does
5eff or Dave know? I mean, this is an issue that's come up on
BLM lands and other lands, but in particular, that's why the
Tetter was attached. I didn't see any agenda for the upcoming
Meeting, but I thought it was this spring that it's going to
    If not, it's going to be brought up probably before you
meet again, so I think it'd be safe that you need -- the best
thing would be to take action today, and that way it would be
before the board in April, and if they meet during the summer
fequire you to take action, but they're asking you to comment
$5 these options or come up with your own or amend them.
16
17
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                        Take into consideration the State
tesidency require thirty days?
19
20
       MR. MATHEWS: This is trying to make sure that the
£4deral system matches the State residency requirement.
23
                        Well, the State....
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
2.4
       MR. MATHEWS: And I wasn't here when the program
26arted, but there was a lot of discussion when this program
2 Tarted about this, and I just was not privy with that, why
2Bey didn't in the beginning go with that, and I'm not sure if
20ybody here can shed any more light or not. But this....
30
31
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, if I'm correct, you qualify for
B@sidency, you know, if you live in a community for
BBirty days. You're automatically a resident under State....
34
35
       MR. MATHEWS: Oh, you mean under State?
36
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah. Under municipal law it is,
ABaska Statute 29.
39
       MR. COFFING: Thirty days for voting, I think, is the
#equirement, isn't it?
42
43
       MR. MATHEWS: But to get a State hunting license, you
MAve to be there twelve months. For the other requirements for
♦5her government programs, they may vary. I'm not up to speed
46 thirty days or sixty days for other ones, but for a State
Munting license, you have to prove you're a residence for
twelve months within that area -- within the State.
                                                   Excuse me.
4Not the area. Within the State.
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MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman, I think Vince said it
Bight. You have to -- to qualify as a State resident and get a
State resident hunting, fishing, and trapping license, you have
to have resided in the State immediate preceding twelve
Consecutive months. So that's what it comes down to. It may
Be different for Permanent Fund Dividend and that sort of
8hing, but for hunting license it is.
10
       One of the problems that this tends to address is that
alperson who is a non-resident who would come to Alaska but
₩@uld end up in a rural community might qualify. I'm going to
p3ck Glennallen, as an example. Might qualify for a Nelchina
permit when he's only lived in the State for five days. He
₩5uld qualify for the Federal subsistence permit, and that is
1 € 6 ewed by some people as not fair to people who have lived
there a long time and maybe didn't get a permit. So this
Affort is to first require that a person is a State resident
and has been here the preceding twelve consecutive months, one,
and the other one would be that for a permit in a particular
afea, as one possibility here, is that he's lived in that
20mmunity for nine months.
23
       MR. MATHEWS:
                      So was there a second to that motion to
25sert "rural"? I'm not sure if there ever was a second.
2.6
27
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK:
                             I'll second it.
2.8
29
                         That's for Option B?
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
30
31
       MR. MATHEWS: And I believe it was to insert
32ine months at a rural location and twelve months within the
3Bate," within that parentheses on page 3.
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: I think just previous to the
$6renthesis it says "enough to establish and maintain residency
at that location," and between the word "that" and "location,"
38would insert "rural."
39
40
       MR. MATHEWS: Oh. So it'd be twice in it?
41
42
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: Would that be -- is that what you
Aleant?
44
45
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay.
                             Thank you.
46
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. It's been moved and seconded
48 adopt Option B with the changes.
49
50
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MR. COLLINS: That still requires nine months there Defore they'd become a resident of that rural community again, and that could be a problem for some. I mean, they may be a ∉esident of the State, but if they move back, they've got to 5tay in their own community for another nine months before they 6ould again become a rural resident for subsistence, moving Back and forth. Is there a way of saying "or have previously Established residence in that community," or something like Bhat? I'm thinking of return is -- it's clear that they have to be in the State for a year to get the resident license, and that catches most of it, but you still have the problem of people that do move back and forth, maybe working away or may have been in the Service or who knows what. Returns, might dalify, but he'd have to live there nine months before he ¢5uld become a subsistence user, and that's his home. 16

17 MR. HUNTINGTON: I'd like to see it more like \$8x months, really. Being more flexible if you move around. 19

20 MR. COLLINS: Well, if you just say that, though, then Ŷou have other new residents in the State that just move out 2Dere. If you just make it short, then you've got residents of ABchorage that could move in, and as soon as they meet that 2Maree months or whatever, they become a resident there, and 2hat's what some people react to, that they're not a -- that'd **b**€ kind of quick. 27

2.8 MR. REAKOFF: Yeah. Most people will move into rural ageas for the summer to take summer jobs or something. maght come in May, so they're going to be there. Even within a \$1ve-month period, they could qualify to hunt in the \$all hunts. See? You've got to be careful about making it too BBort.

34 MR. HUNTINGTON: I think six months, you know, is a Bifetty good idea 'cause if you stay six months or more, you Rinow, you pretty much know whether you're going to stay or not. 38

MR. REAKOFF: Yeah.

39 40

41 MR. HUNTINGTON: What does the rest of the board mæmbers feel on this time limit?

44 MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman? I think something should be 45 there like what he said, for somebody who lived there before 46d come back, you know, they should be allowed to hunt, you Añow, since they live there and everything and they shouldn't 18 excluded. I think something should be in there to that **4**9fect. 50

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah. I agree with you on that.
       MR. COLLINS: That work or who have previously
5stablished residence in said community? They'd still have to
Maeet the State re- -- anybody in the State can do it by living
There nine months, but those who have previously established
Besidency in the community could do it immediately if they
Met -- if they're eligible for a State hunting license.
10
11
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         I think that's a good idea.
12
       MR. COFFING: So under that scenario, a person that
13
14ved in any community ten years and then moved Outside for
thirty years, came back for twelve months would qualify. But
$6meone that lived -- that stayed in Alaska all their life but
model from a rural community to a new rural community and only
18 ved there three months wouldn't qualify.
19
20
       MR. COLLINS: That's right. You do have people moving
Detween rural communities.
23
       MR. COFFING: It's a difficult one to.... (pause)
2.4
2.5
       MR. COLLINS: And you have people moving from urban to
26ral.
27
28
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, I don't want to spend too much
29me on this 'cause we have other things to get into, so let's
80me on up with some solution and move on. Any other
Sliggestions?
32
       MR. MATHEWS: Well, Mr. Chairman, you do have a motion
34 the floor, so -- it's been seconded. Something has to be
85ne with that.
36
37
       MR. COLLINS: It's for the rural or the -- oh, to
3apport....
39
       MR. MATHEWS: Yeah. Rural is the motion on the floor
t♠ the last paragraph.
42
43
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Well, I guess we're ready for a vote
#Men. Questions?
45
       MR. GRAHAM: Let me clarify. We're -- the motion is to
#ake Option B and insert "rural" in there? Is that what
₩8're....
49
50
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MR. MATHEWS: Yeah. I'll read it. It would insert
2rural" in the last paragraph of B. "The term residents will
Refer to individuals who have lived in a rural location long
Anough to establish and maintain a residency at that location,"
parentheses, "nine months at a rural location and twelve months
Within the State," close parentheses. That's the motion that's
On the floor. It's two part: One to support B and amend it
%ith -- I think that's what it is.
10
       UNIDENTIFIED: I think they'll do two motions.
11
                          They'll do two motions. I'm sorry.
       MR. MATHEWS: Oh.
130 it's to amend it, and then you'll have to take another
indtion to adopt B as amended.
16
       MR. HUNTINGTON: I think it's just one motion with the
amendments.
18
19
       MR. MATHEWS: Well....(pause)
20
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. We're ready for a vote. All in
Zavor of the motion to adopt Option B with amendments, signify
DS saying ave.
2.4
25
       ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS:
                              Aye.
2.6
27
       MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign.
Môtion carries. Option B with amendment is adopted.
30
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. I assume we're moving on to the
Bext agenda item, which would be finally to the main reason for
BDis meeting, and that is to look at Federal regulations. I do
Bave a handout -- proposals to change Federal regulations.
B*cuse me. I have a handout that may help us with that, so
3511 pass it around. Mr. Chairman, you have -- and Council,
$6u hopefully have one of these red-covered books that list the
$7 oposals for your region directly. What's being handed out to
№ u is showing you that there are other proposals, either
B@cause of their C&T determination -- well, yeah, because of
#Beir C&T determination, you may want to look at. So I'm going
## ask for your advice on that of how to proceed. What I would
$2ggest for time is two options: One, we immediately go to the
#Boposals that are directly tied to your area and then go back
## those that may be tied by no determinations or by
$5 rrounding regions; or we go to those that have no
46 terminations and surrounding ones and get those out of the
₩āy.
48
49
       If you look at the chart I've passed out, you'll see a
50
```

whole bunch of them that say "no determinations" for various regions across the State. You can have me bring them up and the them down or just say all those that are not within your region such-and-such, you don't want to carry, you don't want to comment on. So give me direction and your staff will be spond in kind.

7

8 MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, if there's no comment from the  $\mathfrak{P}$ est of the board, I'd like to just deal with the proposals that affect this western interior area.

11

MR. MATHEWS: Okay. With your sheet -- I have to look as someone else's. What I did with that chart that will make the easier for us to track is I asterisked the ones that have disrect ties to your region and have direct tie to your region by associate C&T's. So maybe we could just go down those, if you wouldn't mind, which would be -- we would start with Psoposal 38, go to 39, 40, 51, 62, 64, and 65, and then any of the other ones are open for you to comment on if there's no determination. Is that agreeable? Okay.

21

22 Proposal 38 is in your red book here. But Proposal 38 Mas a letter that accompanies it that I would like to present 24 you that was sent, and I have to find my copy quick. It's Abder Tab 11, I think. Yes, it is. Proposal 38 was submitted D& Kwethluk IRA Council, and in submitting it, reviewing it, PMey discovered that their original proposal was different than What they really intended to do. So they sent this letter 20 llowing direction from the Federal Subsistence Office, this Bêtter to me in care of you, that -- in reference to Proposal 3%, that they would like you to take the completely revised 80e, which is attached to that letter and not the one that's in BBe proposal book. So -- and for the public, I'll give them to Gaoria if you're trying to track along, we have a florescent ₱6llow one that you can keep yourself awake with that shows the \$60posal that Kwethluk to have in the book. So the -- I think BMe cleanest way for them now to do is to decide to -- for the 80uncil is to accept the letter and its attached proposal as Ble proposal for 38.

40

MR. HUNTINGTON: Excuse me, Vince, but I think the kids A2e just about completing their ski meet. Can we take a ten-A3nute break?

44

MR. MATHEWS: Oh, sure. That'd be fine.

46

47 MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. Ten-minute break.

48

49 (Off record)

50

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1 (On record)

2

3 MR. HUNTINGTON: We'll call the meeting back to order. 4Can everybody take their seats so we can get started? (Pause) 5Getting back to Federal regulation proposals. Vince?

MR. MATHEWS: Okay. Mr. Chairman, we left off on Broposal 38, and what's in your red book is a proposal that was Submitted originally, but the submitters realized that that proposal didn't reflect their original intent, so they wrote you a letter which is under Tab 11 and attached that letter as the proposal that they would like to have you address and not the one in the red book. So I'll leave to Mike on this 'cause Make and Conrad are -- Conrad will give you the biological assessment and et cetera. But is it clear to everyone that before you now is Proposal 38 that's as-written in the red book, and you need to decide if you want to go with this tevised one.

19

20 Mike can tell you the differences between the two, if that would help.

22

23 MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman, I'll be glad to do that. 24 you want me to continue? I think what I'm going to point to 25 what is in your booklet. You're going to see -- following 2%e letter from Kwethluk is the proposal that they intended for  $2\sqrt[3]{0}$  u to look at here and that they intended to submit. Isrst part of it shows you what the seasons are now, and so 29sentially what they're proposing is what you see beginning at Bhe bottom of the page and continuing on the second page, and @ssentially what they are requesting is for the bag limit to be Bildcreased from four caribou to five for Unit 19(A) south of the That currently is what the State bag limit is; it Baskokwim. There's a bit of a difference in this bag 34 five caribou. B5mit, though, and the State's bag limit. Although the number 36 five under both what Kwethluk and what the State has, durrently under the State regulations, the bag limit is five. 88wever, no more than two may be bulls under the current State Bequiations. This regulation would essentially make it #Ove caribou of either sex, five bulls or five cows or **¢**♠mbination thereof.

42

The other thing that the proposal does is it changes the season dates for Unit 19(A) and (B) south of the Kuskokwim the season dates that are being proposed are more the season dates would also match the State season dates. So currently the Federal caribou hunting dates for Unit 19(A) and (B) are more restrictive than the State season dates, and this proposal would make the season dates

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exactly the same. So there would be consistency between
Openings and closings of caribou hunting in 19(A) and (B).
       MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chairman?
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Yes, Conrad?
       MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, these two proposals were --
Let me explain why the write-up for the original proposal
that's in your book -- even though there was a letter that came
11 that would have changed that, the original proposal that
tâme in that the analysis is done for in your book had already
$Barted into the public process and had been printed prior to
their realizing that a mistake had been made. The letter came
15 after the process was in place, and there was a
determination made in our subsistence office that it would be
1Mappropriate to change that proposal since it had gone out to
the public as it is and that the proposal needed to be dealt
W9th as a modification by the councils at this point.
21
        I have an analysis for proposal both -- both of the
₩ays it's written. It's done -- it's really a completely
All ferent proposal that way that it's been modified, the
₱#oposal that you have, and so you really need to take an
25tion on going with either a modification or the original
$6oposal, or I'm going to have to make presentations on two
2@ally very different proposals. They're different areas
28mpletely.
29
30
       MR. COLLINS: How do we identify this? The substitute
$1 oposal or what? In a motion what would we -- so that we know
wê're referring to the one that's in our book and not that.
33
34
       MR. MATHEWS: The cleanest way to do it would be to
36bstitute the proposal submitted by the Kwethluk such-and-such
and then I suppose we could
38st -- yeah. We'll just -- well, we'll have that motion in
BMe record and then we'll have to carry it forth that way, and
48 Delta has not met yet. Their meeting's March 1st and 2nd, I
₩elieve.
42
43
       MR. COLLINS: Yeah.
44
       MR. MATHEWS: So we're under the assumption that they
₩bll adopt this -- they will substitute the proposal, also.
47
48
       MR. COLLINS: I so move, and it would be a motion for
40option or for approval of -- for substitution and....
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MR. MATHEWS: Yeah. It'd be a motion to substitute the proposal in the letter for the one that's listed in the draft proposal analysis for western region, the red book. MR. HUNTINGTON: There's a motion on the floor to Substitute the proposal from the red book. Is there a second? 9 MS. GURTLER-STRICK: Second. 10 11 MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved and seconded to adopt the changes. Any questions? (Pause) All in favor of the fidtion, signify by saying aye. 14 15 ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS: Aye. 16 17 MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause) M8tion carries. 19 20 MR. MATHEWS: So Mr. Chairman, so everyone's clear, 2hen the proposal that's attached to the letter, and to the public the yellow one, is the one now that's before us and 28eds background information on and et cetera. 25 MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, I'm prepared to give the 36aff analysis on that proposal at this time, if you'd like. 21st to reiterate what Mike has said already, this proposal is @@aling with Units 19(A) south of the Kuskokwim River and 20its 19(B). It would change the bag limit from four to Bove caribou and it would change the season dates from August 10th to March 31, to August 1 through April 15th. 32 This modification to change the Federal Subsistence Regs would align season dates with the existing State season dates in those two areas, and it would align bag limits with 8% exception that the State regulations provide for #17ve caribou, but only two of those five may be two bull daribou. 39 We're dealing with actually potentially three different taribou herds in Units 19(A) south of the Kuskokwim and #Ait 19(B). The major caribou herd that we're dealing with is #Be Mulchatna caribou herd. The Mulchatna caribou herd is a 44rge, still-growing herd, well over 100,000 animals. 45her two caribou herds that we're dealing with are the Kilbuck

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### eperiphery of it, primarily during the winter habitat, and ### that time it would be heavily diluted with a number of #### and #### from the Mulchatna herd. Also, we'd be dealing with

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the Rainy Pass caribou herd. Let's see. If you look at the map, the Rainy Pass caribou herd -- is it on this one? In 39(B) is in a very far western -- eastern. I'm sorry. Eastern dorner of 19(B) on National Park Service lands, and it just barely gets into 19(B) on some occasions there.

- The Rainy Pass herd is quite a small herd. It's a herd that could not stand additional excessive harvest. The only concern that we have from a biological standpoint for dealing with this proposal is a concern for the Rainy Pass herd. We tertainly don't have any concern for the Mulchatna herd. If this proposal would cause a substantial increase in the Rainy Pass herd, this could be detrimental to that herd.
- The one thing that does protect the Rainy Pass herd is 16's far-removed from most locations except Lime Village, and 17 would be unusual, from the information we have, for L&me Village residents probably to go as far as the very &astern edge of 19(B) to hunt caribou because normally the Molchatna herd is up in the Lime Village area. So probably 21's protected somewhat by location. If you wanted to give 20at herd additional protection, what could be done is the 23oposal could be modified to exempt that portion of 21ark Service land which really only has Rainy Pass animals on 25 at this time, and that way they would be exempted.
- The situation is, though, that the State regulations and not exempt the Rainy Pass herd. They felt that just the solution of the herd would give it protection. I'm also -- som and I were talking earlier, and since Tim Osborne could not here, he asked me to give the State presentation, also, of solutions proposed in the support this modified proposal, and their comments were with the original proposal, which has been dropped, so Tim and I discussed the proposal that you're soking at now, and they would support this proposal. They also have some concerns about the Rainy Pass herd, but as their segulations do not specifically protect that Rainy Pass herd, shey are somewhat viewed on that point.
- I have a lot of information. Let me just check real quick and make sure I have not missed a key point. (Pause) TDat's basically all I have. Again, we're looking at the MGlchatna herd. It's a very large herd, and there's absolutely AG problem with harvesting an additional animal out of that NGrd.
- If you have any questions, I'll be glad to try to Afiswer them for you. I would also like to make one statement Because I'm liable to forget as I go through: This booklet 50

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46

tight here, all of this information is the information for the four proposals that I'm presenting to you. Each one of these proposals we spent anywhere from -- I spent just doing biological analysis, anywhere from one day to two weeks working on it. I basically try to go through all of the literature and falk to all of the key players: State and Federal biologists that may be dealing with that area and anyone else that's doing becarch that would have specific knowledge -- biological-bechnical knowledge on that particular proposal. So I do have allowed this information if you're interested in that. Algreat deal of this information and all of the harvest data with a few exceptions comes from ADF&G publications or the ABF&G harvest data base. And again, that's true with all of the proposals I'm dealing with.

16 If you have any questions, I'll be glad to answer them.

17

18 One other thing that I did miss. If you look at the abounts of Federal land in Units 19(A) and 19(B), and again 20member the proposal that you're voting on, any proposal that Federal subsistence covers, only deals with regulations on Fêderal land. There's only a very small amount of Federal land 28 19(A) south of the Kuskokwim River. There's a small segment ∅ # the Yukon Kuskokwim -- Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge, 2he pink on the western corner. There's a little bit of BLM 26nd there, and there's some scattered BLM parcels right below 2He Kuskokwim, and there's BLM land around the Lime Village In 19(B) there's only a tiny portion of BLM land on the â8ea. 20stern corner of 19(B) -- I'm sorry, the western, and then the Bark Service land where I was discussing the Rainy Pass Herd, 31 the far eastern end.

32 33

That's pretty much everything I have. Thank you.

34

35 MR. GRAHAM: That'd be the Lake Clark park?

36

37 MR. GUENTHER: Yes, that's correct.

38 39

MR. HUNTINGTON: Thank you, Conrad. Jack?

40

41 MR. REAKOFF: In our area, there's no aircraft access 42to that park land, is there?

43

44 MR. GUENTHER: I don't know. I can't answer that. I'm \$5 rry.

46

47 MR. REAKOFF: Lake Clark Park, are there any aircraft a6cess permits for that portion?

50

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- MR. TWITCHELL: Not within the park area specifically, but most of the area represented in this map is in 19(B), a State preserve category, in which case aircraft access can be 4tilized in the preserve. There's very little land within \$9(B) that falls under the Clark category.
- 7 MR. REAKOFF: And who is eligible to ac- -- everybody would be eligible to access under any rural resident of this that has C&T for 19? Would be able to utilize this Federal hant?

11

MR. TWITCHELL: As far as....

13

MR. REAKOFF: And the other questions are: Is that feadily accessible to aircraft? You guys live in that country. 16an you get up there with boats? That looks pretty high in the hills.

18

- 19 MR. GRAHAM: It can be done, but I'd be -- could 20mebody -- could a rural resident with an airplane land in 21mt preserve and hunt those Rainy Pass caribou?
- MR. TWITCHELL: I'm not familiar on how far the Rainy Pass caribou actually come down and whether they actually enter into Lake Clark's National Park or not. In my experiences working in Lake Clark for ten years, is that the Rard was primarily the Mulchatna herd, and it was primarily in the park and preserve region. So I'm a little uncertain on what the range and extent of the Rainy Pass caribou herd is.
- MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair? The Rainy Pass caribou herd, 32 would be -- an extreme edge of the range would be into 39(B). I didn't mean to imply that the herd was predominantly 34 19(B). It's not. It's out of 19(B), but the range a5cording to the State's publications would extend into 19(B). 35hey consider it a possible range area. How commonly it 37curs over there, I really have no information. There's not 38ry much information available on the Rainy Pass herd, 38tually.

40

MR. TWITCHELL: And to try to get back to your question \$\text{4D}\$ who can subsistence hunt within the park area at Lake Clark, \$\text{4B}\$ere are a number of resident zone villages that anyone who \$\text{4S}\$ sides in those are be eligible. For instance, Lime Village \$\text{4D}\$ suld be one. Nondalton would be another. Port Alsworth, \$\text{4D}\$ iamna, Newwhalin, Pedro Bay, are all resident zone \$\text{4D}\$ mmunities that have eligibility in that area. In addition to \$\text{4B}\$ ose communities, there are several other individuals who have \$\text{4D}\$ parate permits from the park. I believe there's one

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1ndividual just off of the Teklanika Lake that has that
authorization. Is that....(pause)
        MR. REAKOFF: You guys down there that live down there,
What do you think about all of that?
7
        (Off record comments regarding transportation plans)
8
9
        MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman?
10
11
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Yeah.
12
13
        MR. COFFING: I have a comment I want to toss around
Mere. Based on from what I've seen since I've worked for
#5sh & Game out of Bethel, most of the hunting activity up in
the area there from folks that are coming over, you know, the
Mülchatna herd is much larger. It spreads over a much larger
      People that are coming out to go hunting, based on what
19ve seen in the State's harvest statistics report, they're not
@0ing in to focus the small Rainy Pass herd that's in an area
2hat's much more rugged, much more difficult to get into.
They're coming over and they're getting in areas where the
Milchatna herd is primarily located.
25
        I don't want to dispel any concern that some Rainy Pass
26ribou might be harvested because certainly they might, but I
£Mink the focus on hunting activity is much more directed
28wards Mulchatna caribou and the geographic area that the
M@lchatna caribou are found in.
30
        One other point I wanted to mention is that regardless
8% what happens to the regulation, Lime Village is not impacted
as all because this regulation does not apply to Lime Village.
34ime Village is on a Federal quota of 200 caribou. They're
85t limited to five caribou anywhere. So the question of any
3Mapact by Lime Village on the population I think is probably
moot here because they're not affected by the regulation or the
dhange.
39
        MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman?
                                    I'd like to make a few
&mments on that. I don't have any problems with this proposal
$2cause by the time these caribou herds, they get really lots,
♦ðu know, and all of a sudden they crash, you know, and if
#Mey're allowed to catch, you know, five, maybe they'll kind of
And also, if they're allowed to catch at 46ast five caribou, that will take pressure off the moose, too,
$\daggerdu know. So I don't see any problem with this proposal.
48
49
       MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair? I quess the key point here
50
```

1s that it really doesn't make a whole lot of difference what 2s done here because currently under State regulations you can Bot anywhere in either one of those areas take five caribou. The only thing that really changes is that subsistence hunters 5n Federal lands now can take any five caribou. They could 6ake five bulls, where under State regulations they're only allowed two bulls and three -- well, they're allowed five cows. 8Any number of caribou up to five, but only two of those can be Bulls. With this Federal regulation, you could take five bulls 16 you wanted five bulls. There's very little Federal land, and really as far as impact of the herd, nothing is going to thange here at all if you pass this regulation because you can aBready do it except for the bull situation, and the reason the \$\ddot\data\text{ate has a two-bull limit is because the herd is growing so fast that excess harvest of cows is not a problem with that Merd. Otherwise, they would have it five bulls only if it was a7problem. 18 MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman? You're referring to

19 MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman? You're referring to %everal million -- or hundreds of thousands or millions of åtres being declassified from State selection. Is that any of %% BLM within this area here?

2.3

MR. DENTON: No.

2526

MR. REAKOFF: It's not?

27

MR. DENTON: Most of the lands in 19(B) and that part 29 19(A), the white on this map, are TA(ph) lands from the State. They've already been (inaudible -- away from Microphone) conveyance. This is a big block of State land. It 32 State land.

33

MR. REAKOFF: So not in the foreseeable future there \$11 probably be no....

36

37 MR. DENTON: Very little.

38

39 MR. REAKOFF: ....disallowment from the State on these \$0 ate lands.

41

MR. DENTON: No, but they've already -- in fact, several years ago these were TA lands. These were top priority 44nds within the white block. They're already basically \$5tented State lands.

46

47 MR. REAKOFF: I see.

48

49 MR. DENTON: A big proportion of this, the whole

50

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1 inaudible).
       MR. COLLINS: Mr. Chairman, I'll move support of
Proposal 38. I think that's the motion we need, isn't it? We
want to go on record supporting this?
7
       MR. REAKOFF: I'll second that.
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah. Moved and second to adopt
P@oposal 38. Questions? (Pause) All in favor signify by
$aying aye.
12
13
       ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS:
                             Aye.
14
1.5
      MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)
M6tion carries, 38.
17
18
       MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, could someone just briefly
49ve a justification why you voted to adopt the substituted
2ersion of Proposal 38?
21
2.2
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Anybody have a -- testify an answer
₹3r that?
2.4
2.5
       MR. COLLINS: It aligns the seasons with the existing
26ate's seasons, and biologically herd can sustain the
additional harvest of one animal on that sliver of Federal
28nd.
29
       MR. GRAHAM: And maybe I could add that it doesn't seem
B1ke we're not affecting the Rainy Pass herd at all.
       MR. COLLINS: Now, if for some reason this other one is
84nsidered, then I would have to oppose that because there is a
problem to the north of there with that Beaver Mountain, and I
d6n't know if we want -- I don't know if that's going to come
dp or not, but I would like it noted on the record that we --
38would personally at least be opposed to any additional
Barvest north of the river where the Beaver Mountain herd is,
40ause it's -- we've been watching it for years and it's just
staying pretty small. It can't sustain any more than the one
Marvest right now. So I don't know whether we need to go on
#êcord with that or not here.
44
45
       MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, I don't think it would hurt
#6 go on record. If the council would adopt that motion, then
47 would be clear when we carry it across to YK Delta in case
#Bey don't substitute this. Most likely they'll take the
$⊕bstitution. But just in case, it's just another line or two
50
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that we need to carry over, so I would recommend that you do pass a motion that you would -- if the council agrees that they would be in opposition to the original Proposal 38 because of the Beaver Mountain or....

5

6 MR. COLLINS: I'll move that, Mr. Chair, for the Feasons stated, because of the Beaver Mountain herd.

8

MR. REAKOFF: I'll second that.

10

11 MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved and seconded.

12

13 MR. MORGAN: May I ask for some clarification? Where 1s this Beaver Mountain that we're talking about?

15

MR. COLLINS: The Beaver Mountains are between McGrath And Shageluk, and that's where -- north of the river those -- they move down in that area occasionally, I guess. They're adtually around Moore Creek on the map. I think it's on the map here. Yeah. The Beavers are right out there around Moore Creek, which is north of Georgetown there. They're the alles that come down in your area, too. That's a small, small mard.

2425

MR. HUNTINGTON: Conrad?

26

MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, just for comment on the record regarding Beaver Mountain herd, the Beaver Mountain herd the original -- was the herd of concern in the original proposal, which would have been north of the Kuskokwim River. The state expressed it was opposed to an increased harvest in Bre Beaver Mountain herd because of the small size, and if the proposal was adopted to expand the limit on the north side of the river, that it be restricted to a five- to ten-mile ban forth of the river to protect the Beaver Mountain herd.

Just to give you a brief bit of information on the Beaver Mountain herd, it's a very small herd. It's estimated at between 1,200 and 1,500 animals. It's generally considered stable, but it's one of these herds that there's very, very poor information on. The size actually could be substantially smaller than that. One data base that I read had the Beaver Mountain herd as small as 700 animals. So it probably seally ranges between 700 and 1,500 animals, definitely not in seaces of 1,500. It's a herd that has to be watched. It's seat such a small herd that a large harvest on the herd could be very detrimental. That's all I have.

48

49 MR. HUNTINGTON: Any more questions on the motion?

50

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(Pause) All in favor of the motion signify by saying aye.
3
       ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS:
                              Aye.
       MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)
Motion carries.
        MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, that brings us to
Proposal 39, which is the proposal your council drafted at your
18st meeting, and that is to change the regulations for moose
Munting in Unit 21(A) and 21(E), and I think it's clear in the
$2oposal packet what that is. I can read it in, but
#3sentially it changes the fall season in 21(A) from
$\delta\perp \text{tember 5th starting date to August 20th and closing date}
f5om September 30th to September 10th, change the harvest limit
t6 one bull. And for 21(E) the original season was September
57h to the 25th. Your proposal was to change it to August 20th
18 September 10th, and harvest limit would be one bull.
19
20
        And I'll summarize the public comments that were
20ceived and then let you get into the details with the staff.
22roposal 39, the Alaska Department of Fish & Game opposed
2Bat. You have a copy of their oppositions in your book.
₩2411 summarize it. They opposed it. "In Unit 21(A) the vast
20.5 jority of hunting pressure is from non-local, fly-in hunters
26at seek large-antlered moose. Less than 10 percent of the
22ported hunters are residents of Unit 21. Very little hunting
28 fort is exerted by local residents in 21(A). The moose
population in the area is not being threatened by the present
30 as on dates, so there is no biological reason for the proposed
3Mange. Likewise, the proposed change of the bag limit from
80e antlered moose to one bull for August-September hunting
30 as on is unnecessary. In both units the landownership
B\u00e9undaries between State and Federal jurisdictions are
d5fficult to identify for enforcing regulations. We should
36rive to align State and Federal seasons to preclude
Anforcement problems. This proposal would do the opposite,
$8rther complicating the problem." That's the reasonings for
30 Alaska Department of Fish & Game opposed 30, and I do need
#0 note that your proposal was submitted to the Board of Game
Aind you will be discussing the same proposal under Board of
Game later on your agenda.
43
        With that, I'll turn it over to the other staff to give
♦5u biological and social-cultural information.
        MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, since we're dealing with
∜80 areas, 21(A) and 21(E), that are quite different and the
₿9ology is somewhat different on them, let me deal with each
50
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f of those areas separately in my discussion.

First we'll deal with Units 21(A), which what's Mappening here is we're changing the season dates from September 1 through 30 to August 10 through September 10, and Again, the purpose of this proposal was primarily to protect the moose population in those two units. In Unit 21(A) this Supports a moderate moose population that generally appears to be a stable population. In this area 21(A), if you look at the large map, if you're not familiar with the area you can somewhat follow what we're talking about. We're primarily talking about two parcels of Federal lands: The Nowitna and the Kanuti National Wildlife Refuge.

14 15

UNIDENTIFIED: (Inaudible - away from microphone)

16 17

MR. GUENTHER: I'm sorry. What?

18 19

UNIDENTIFIED: (Inaudible)

20

MR. GUENTHER: I'm sorry. The Nowitna and Innoko Mational Wildlife Refuge. There are a few small parcels of BBM land scattered throughout that area. Data from a 1980 and a41993 survey -- again, there's limited survey data on this Map, indicate that in the Hour Creek area -- and the Hour Creek 26 located -- on that portion of the Nowitna on the eastern end af 19(A), you've got kind of a finger of pink that goes up the M8witna River? Hour Creek area is almost to the very southern and of that and it's a small drainage. It's the last drainage BBat's partially on refuge lands off of the Nowitna.

31

Of the two surveys that were done, the indications are \$Bat bull:cow ratios have changed significantly in that area. \$\frac{34}{4}\$ 1980 there was a bull:cow ratio of forty bulls per \$\frac{35}{4}\$ findred cows. In the 1993 survey there was a bull:cow ratio of \$\frac{35}{4}\$ high fly-in hunting pressure in that area.

38

Just 21(A) tends to be a high-elevation area. Moose Monting is primarily accessible by aircraft. There's very Little hunting off of the river. It's basically too far up the Liver where they're hunting up in this area in Federal land. They do come up the Nowitna, but a lot of the access is by Liver area.

45

The hunters are basically non-local hunters. According to reported harvest, the actual local hunter harvest in the aseas on Federal land in 21(A) comprised somewhere less than 295 percent of the total harvest, so very few animals, and I 50

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tan give you absolute numbers on that if you want. I've broken it out for that whole area.

In that area hunter success rate is relatively high. Generally throughout 19(A), the moose populations, the Bour Creek area is the only area that we really have Information on that the population is in trouble, or at least the bull:cow ratios are in trouble. Throughout the rest of the Area, it's thought that generally the populations are stable And in fairly good shape. There is some indication that on the refuge area -- on the Nowitna Refuge area, it may be more Alternive than just the Hour Creek area of the problem with ball:cow ratios, but there's no hard data that would point to that.

15

- In 19(A) rural residents -- oh, I'm sorry. In 21(A) -- tūral residents of 21(A), 21(E), and residents of Takotna, M&Grath, Aniak, and Crooked Creek have C&T. Of the number of mose that were taken by federally-qualified subsistence numbers in the area -- now, this is in all of 19(A). The figure I gave you before of less than 2.5 percent was -- what I calculated was just on Federal lands. In all of 19(A) less numbers of percent -- why do I do that? Too many 19(A) moose numbers of moose, approximately 4.8 percent of the reported numbers of moose, approximately 30 moose out of 631 moose were numbers of moose, approximately 30 moose out of 631 moose were numbers.
- The major problem with changing the season dates is that the State at this time does not propose changing its shason dates, and so what would happen is that if the Federal Bhard changes the season dates to what's been proposed in this proposal and the State retained its season dates as they now saist, instead of decreasing the amount of time to hunt moose, which increase the moose season by a total of 26 days, and so if which is looking at a proposal here to protect moose populations, should be season by 26 days is giving the moose population additional protection.
- Another point that was mentioned by the State but was not in their write-up is they have a concern relative to meat spoilage from a season that starts in August, partially because from a season that starts in August, partially because from the traveling on the river, you probably by the time you get up into this area to hunt, that it may take more than a day so to get out, and with warm weather, you know, it's spessible to have problems with moose meat. Now, that's a State foncern. It was discussed in our office. We do not look at it as a concern because we feel that people are careful enough so that if they do have warm weather, they're not going to shoot a magnetic field they can get it somewhere where they can somewhere where they ca

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protect the meat. So we did not see that as a specific problem, but it could be a problem.

Another problem is that on-the-ground identification of Bederal boundaries with these scattered parcels is very difficult up here, so that's a potential problem. Additional problem is that hunting off of the rivers -- and again, this is the same problem for both of these areas, 21(E) and 21(A), that all of the rivers are under State jurisdiction, and they're under State jurisdiction to the high-water line, the mean or atdinary high-water line, and so any moose that's below that may or ordinary high-water line would be on State properties, and so this potentially causes a problem for the subsistence that regulation even though the Federal season dates would be different and it may that somebody in jeopardy, as is the case that happened to some prople out of McGrath a couple of years ago.

Now let's go back and talk about 21(E), and I'll try to 2all it 21(E) and not 19-something. 21(E) is a very different altuation. 21(E), the hunting is almost exclusively off of 22vers. It's a lowland area. We're talking about primarily BBM land scattered through 21(E) and a small portion of refuge 2ands on the upper Innoko River.

Data from 21(E) indicates that there are high cow:calf \$2\$tios. The latest surveys that were done would indicate calf \$2\$tios of as high as 46 calves per 100 cows, and in 1987 they \$2\$d bull ratios of approximately 28 bulls per 100 cows. Again, \$2\$dis is hunting off of the river corridor. The area has a \$2\$dlatively high success rate. It actually has a high moose \$2\$pulation. There's some indication -- the State feels this \$2\$dy be some of the highest moose that's ever occurred in that \$2\$dea, and the moose population seems to be growing in that \$2\$dea. Rural residents that have \$C&T\$ in \$21(E)\$ are residents of \$2\$dssian Mission, which is in Unit 18, and then rural residents \$2\$1(E).

Federally qualified subsistence users take about percent of the moose harvested in that area, and this is Again reported harvest data. This is based on the State's Marvest survey data base. Based on the reported locations of Marvest and the accessibility of Federal public lands, I Afficipate that significantly less than half of the 150 moose that were taken in the last five years were actually taken on Mederal public lands.

Now, since with this proposal we also would be changing 49e February season to a bulls-only season where now you can 50

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hunt any moose, the proposal would change this so that it would have to be a bull. I pulled up some data on the cow harvest, and the reported cow harvest in 21(E) from 1989 to 1993, there were only twelve cows harvested. Six of those cows were harvested by federally-eligible subsistence hunters. So over a five-year period, we've had six cows harvested. The number of those cows that were actually harvested on Federal lands, I seally couldn't figure that out, but it's still a very small humber of cows.

10

It would seem to me with what appears to be a healthy mose population throughout that area, 21(E), that is, that the -- and with the small reported cow harvest, unless there's advery much higher unreported cow harvest, that to restrict 15cal users to not be able to harvest cows during that period 16 probably not biologically justifiable from the data that I have.

18

Again, we run into the same problem we did in 21(A). 2ff the State does not change their season, which at this time 21ve been informed they do not plan on changing their season dates to match this season date, and the Federal season date 24 crease the moose season by an additional 21 days in 25 in 25 in 25 in 25 in 25 in 25 in

26

It would appear to me from the biological point of view that if the purpose of this proposal is to protect the moose populations in that area and given the fact that it appears that the State is not willing to change its moose seasons to correspond to these dates, that extending the season additional days would not give the moose the protection that the proposal was hoping that it would, and it appears that the proposal has possibly missed its point.

If you look at the table that I pulled together on the Bast page of that, right up -- it's on page number 7, it'll 38 ve you some idea of what the cow harvest has been for the 39 eas that have C&T in 21(E). The first chart is a chart of 20(A), and it shows the total harvest for the five villages 4 hat are C&T eligible villages right now, gives you the total 40 bsistence harvest for that period from 1989 to '93 for each 43 ar, and then the total harvest -- the last column is a total 44 harvest for all hunters. In Table 2, it's 21(E), the number 45 low the slash is the cow harvest. The number above the slash 46 the bull harvest. Again, the four villages that are 40 entified are the ones that eligible C&T villages in 21(E) 48 der Federal regulations, and again, the last column is the 40 tal of all harvest including cows, and then the next column 50

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to the left is the total subsistence harvest of those Your eligible villages, and the second figure after the slash Would be cows. Just to reiterate again what this proposal does, in Ø1(A) it changes the fall season from September 1 through 30 to August 10 through September 10. In 21(E) it eliminates the 8aking of cows during the winter season, and it changes the  $\mathfrak{g}$ all season from September 5 through 25 to August 10 through \$0 ptember 10. The change of the wording of -- from "antlered" to "any bulls" from a biological standpoint is probably 10significant. All that it does is allow someone to take a ball that has not developed antlers yet. In other words, bull **b**# the year or for some reason a bull that didn't develop Aftlers, which would be pretty uncommon. And so it's more or 16ss just a wording change. 17 18 Again, I have a lot of data on this and have a lot of b9eak-out of harvest dates and information by specific areas 20attered around through the units. I can answer questions if \$\daggedu have additional questions. That's all I have, though, at Phis time. 23 2.4 MR. HUNTINGTON: Any questions for Conrad? Abaring none, I.... 2.6 27 MR. DEACON: I have a question. 2.8 29 MR. HUNTINGTON: Oh. Henry? 30 31 MR. DEACON: Do they propose this proposal we made last **Ball?** 33 34 MR. GUENTHER: I'm sorry? 35 36 MR. DEACON: Do they oppose it? 37 38 MR. GUENTHER: Do I oppose it? 39 40 MR. DEACON: Who opposed it? 41 MR. GUENTHER: The State is in opposition to this #Boposal. My position on it, I'm not for or against the ##oposal. My feelings are as I stated, that if the purpose of #De proposal was to offer additional protection to those moose, #Mat it may have missed its mark since it would tend to make a Auch longer season when you combine the State and the Federal \$€ason. 49 50

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- MR. DEACON: You know, that part don't make sense to me. Here we're to suggest these and the State say it's the Grong way. You know, I don't know. And we have (inaudible Maumbled speech) board that's in line with this proposal that we set up last winter, you know. So I know we're for this froposal, and who opposes it, I think the State opposed it, so is there any way we can appeal that position, because I don't feel it's right.
- MR. GUENTHER: I guess what my recommendation would be, Mr. Deacon, is that I'm not opposed to the seasons the thange of the dates for the season, that we're not expressing an opposition to that, but if the State does not change its season dates, it makes a very long season. What would be appropriate possibly for you to pursue or for this council to pursue would be to try to get the State Board of Game to thange its season dates to align with these season dates if we feel these if you feel these season dates are more appropriate than the existing State season dates. The concern that I have is that if the State does not change those season dates, that it makes a very long moose season.
- MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman? I'd like to comment on that, too. You said that there's no biological reason, you thow, so even though it's a little longer, in this case I don't the what the problem is for extending the season. If there was a 7 problem, you know, then I'd voice it, but I don't see no there.
- 30 MR. GUENTHER: Just as a point of clarification, Bhere -- what I mentioned was that the proposal stated in the \$2 oposal that it was to give additional protection to the moose, and since this proposal was presented by this council, If it is to give additional protection, then the council needs 85 consider if that does occur with the longer season. From a Bhological basis, you're probably correct, that for the Sübsistence user, particularly in Unit 21(E), we have a good Rose population. We do not seem to be hurting the moose population at this time. It's possible that the increased Aûmber of days in the season would not have a significant Ampact on that herd. I would guess that it probably would not Bêcause we only have, what is it, four or five villages that Mave access -- have C&T eligibility for that. In 21(A) it ##obably would not from a subsistence standpoint, because there 45 such a small number of people that actually harvest moose in 26 (A). 47

So the increased season again would mean total moose Marvest -- a small increase in the total moose harvest. But 50

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again, it makes the possibility of a longer season, increased-
Marvest possibility. If the purpose is to protect the moose by
Shortening the season, which I think was the original intent
When this was discussed last fall, it doesn't do that. From a
biological perspective, the additional length in season for
Federal subsistence hunters probably will not have a
Bignificant impact on the moose.
       Now, I hope I haven't confused the issue, but again,
10's up to you to make that decision, and I've given you, you
khow, the best information I have and I can give you a lot more
17 you'd like. But I'm not expressing an opinion in opposition
to it. I just made some observations that occurred to me as I
was developing the analysis of this. If that's not clear, I'll
tby to clarify it.
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17
       MR. DEACON: You say moose season might open
Adgust 20th and stay open till when?
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       MR. GUENTHER: The State season at this time -- let
21 (A) at this time is
September 1 through September 30th. That is also the current
£8deral subsistence season. In 21(A) this proposal would delay
2Me opening of the moose season until -- or I'm sorry.
∂pen the moose season up earlier by opening up August 10th.
26u would have -- now the season would start August 10th, if
2Mis proposal was passed, and would run through September 10th,
and at the same time the State season would be opening
20ptember 1st and running through the 30th. So in reality what
Bappens is you would have a Federal season that opened August
BOth and the season would extend and run through the end of
32ptember, so almost two-month long season.
                                            The....
33
34
       UNIDENTIFIED: (Indiscernible - simultaneous speech)
35
36
       MR. COLLINS: No.
                          That's only ten days longer now in
Adagust. From the 20th to the 30th of August.
38
39
                      No, no. August 10, not 20th. It would
       MR. GUENTHER:
♦pen August 10 with this proposal.
       MR. COLLINS: The proposal is that it's August 20th,
#Bom the copy I'm reading.
44
45
46
       MR. GUENTHER: Well, it's written wrong in this.
$7 rry. I have two different dates. Can you clarify, Vince,
18w the proposal did come in? I have two dates here.
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MR. MATHEWS: Well, the proposal that was submitted is
For August 20th. The change that's requested is August 20th
8hrough September 10th for 21(A), and for 21(E) it's
August 20th through September 10th. State seasons, you already
mentioned, are September 5 through the 25th for 21(A), and for
Ø1(E) it's September 5 through the 25th, also.
       MR. COLLINS: No. He was staying the State is one
Bo -- the existing Federal one is five to thirty. Is that
faht?
11
12
       MR. MATHEWS:
                    Oh, I gave you State seasons.
13
14
       MR. COLLINS: My point of clarification now is -- is
the ones above the existing Federal or is that the State?
16
17
       MR. MATHEWS: No. That's existing Federal.
18
       MR. COLLINS: So the Federal season is now five days
Bhorter than the State. Is that right? It opens September 1?
21
22
       MR. COFFING:
                     The only difference between the seasons
₹∂u see above here on the September date -- for Unit 21(E), the
State and Federal season are both September 5 to 25, for 21(E).
2September -- for Unit 21(E) above the existing regulation --
26e the one for the Federal season.
                                    The State season also
2pens September 5 but closes September 25, so the only
28fference here, the State season closes five days earlier in
29(E).
30
31
       MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, I had the wrong figure in
what I was working on, so actually the only change in what I've
33id would be that the proposed season would open August 20th
$Astead of August 10. So it would be ten days' difference.
Bhe season would run August 20th through September 10th, but
36nce the State season opens September 5th and runs through the
30th, you would actually have a season running August 20
BBrough September 30th.
39
40
       MR. DEACON:
                    That goes for Federal land, too?
41
42
       MR. GUENTHER: Yes.
                            That would be on Federal land.
43
       MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, I want to clarify.
$5ate season closes September 25 in both areas, not the 30th as
A6ntioned. (Pause) Would you like me to try to clear the air
♠ kind of muddy it up?
                        Which? Okay.
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49
       MR. DEACON: Mr. Chairman?
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MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah, Henry.
       MR. DEACON: I still don't understand. I understand it
Good, but, you know, instead of all these guys going in their
6wn local areas and saying -- you know, giving suggestions and
all that stuff, and yet the State comes in and sets the date
and that's what you go by, and I don't know if that's fair.
9t's not fair to me, and in Fort Yukon, I understand that they
$ay they got to close the Gas(ph) Board there. They can close
the season. They say too much hunters there. They can --
m@ose or whatever. They can just close the season there.
1Bat true?
14
15
       MR. GUENTHER: You're asking if we can close Federal
16nd?
17
18
       MR. DEACON: I mean the local area.
19
20
       MR. GUENTHER:
                       If....
21
22
       MR. DEACON:
                    The State Gas Board.
23
2.4
       MR. GUENTHER: I really can't speak for the State....
25
       MR. DEACON: Oh, I -- yeah.
2.6
27
       MR. GUENTHER: ....on how they can open and close
20asons. They can close seasons by emergency order.
30
31
       MR. DEACON: Those are the things that -- you know, a
10th of people I talk to, that August 20th to September 10th was
a3good thing for our area, for those villages, and I, you know,
Blecked that out before I said anything. I thought it was the
Best thing to bring up in this board meeting. That's what I
dbd, and I took a stand, because that's what the people wanted.
37hat's what they sent me over here for. (Inaudible - mumbled
       What's the use of having this board here?
36eech)
39
       MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Deacon, just so we're clear, I'm not
♠₱posed to those season dates, and biologically there's no
$2oblem with those season dates.
43
44
                     I'm not saying you're opposed to....
       MR. DEACON:
45
46
       MR. GUENTHER: Right.
47
       MR. DEACON: ....State and Federal.
                                             I don't accuse
40dividual of this. The way the Federal and State work, and I
50
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than see that, the State is not in line with the Federal. They don't listen to Federal.

3

MR. HUNTINGTON: Gloria?

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MS. MASCHMEYER: I just had a comment in listening to the conversations back and forth here, and maybe some clarification could be that at the C&T meeting for this past month on the 13th and 14th, the solicitor, which is kind of the lawyer for the Department of the Interior, was there and clarified a lot of things, and one thing that he mentioned was that these Federal regulations are to reflect subsistence uses the land. So possibly that will help you in your decision-making because they are to reflect how you actually use the land as subsistence users, and then, you know, we are supposed to, as the Federal government, look at that and say is that, you know, biologically sound or so forth. But still, you know, the ball is in your court to reflect your use as subsistence in years. That's what regional councils are all about.

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21 MR. HUNTINGTON: Vince?

22

MR. MATHEWS: As I mentioned earlier but I feel like I Aéed to mention again, this same proposal was submitted to the Board of Game. It will be before the Board of Game in their March meeting. It is a fair assumption that if the Alaska Department of Fish & Game opposes it under the Federal Age, I would assume they would oppose it under the State when Age comes before the State Board. So then that would end up Wath your seasons, which is fine, to be different on State and Béderal lands. I just want to make that clear to you.

Now, the -- I'm not saying the State Board of Game will 34st go with what the Department is saying. They could adopt Bhe proposal that you submitted to them, and then that way your proposal under this one, if you adopt it and the Federal Board adopts it, would be mirrored in the State regulations. So again, this same proposal was submitted to Board of Game. It so in the Board of Game proposal book, and it's before the Board of Game in March. But the Department has already spoke that against it under the Federal side. Most likely they'll appose it under the State side. But they're not here, so I dan't speak for them.

44 45

MR. HUNTINGTON: Gloria?

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MS. MASCHMEYER: Just to add what Vince is telling you, Brings up another comment that the solicitor brought up to the group in the meeting, and that was that you can go around in 50

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tircles forever with what-ifs and you'll never figure that out, so basically start with what you're trying to do and take the process from there.

4

5 MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman, I feel that if the Gepresentative from that area and the people of that area want to harvest moose in August and early September, that it should be our position to back their wishes, and if the biologists think this Federal subsistence hunt -- an earlier hunt, will it be detrimental to the moose population?

11

MR. GUENTHER: If you're asking my opinion, the &\text{\fit}\text{tension of the Federal subsistencies will not have a \$\fit{\fit}\text{gnificant impact on the moose population in either one of \text{these subunits.}

16

MR. REAKOFF: So it's my opinion that if the State desn't go along, too bad. If the people of that area want to hant moose early and make dry meat, which I know a lot of people upriver like to make dry meat that time of year on a fat abose, then fine, I'm for them.

22

MR. COLLINS: I think they'll probably go in the  $\sharp \text{deezer}$ , most of them.

25

MR. GRAHAM: I just wanted to ask Mr. Deacon: Is that \$\mathbb{T}\overline{\sigma}\text{r} \text{ people who want to hunt early? Is that -- in the villages asound you? Is that 21(E)? Hunting early?

MR. DEACON: You know, you kind of hate to see some Bunters coming by the hundreds and just slaughter moose around 31 part of the country, outsiders, and anytime after 32 ptember 20, you know, those moose are rutting and they start 34 wing around -- running around. Anybody can get moose now -- 35 those times. But really, people that live there, they know 36 to -- they know where to get the moose. They don't have to 31 for them to move around too much. And those are the 32 asons, and the population of moose, too. You say there's a 32 tof moose now. You know, I don't -- it's hard for me to 32 than that killed out there. I'm from that area.

42 43

MR. HUNTINGTON: Let's get on with the rest of the Agenda here. We can probably talk about this all day, but I think we've got a lot of things to cover yet, and I'd like to Afep on moving. Is there a motion on the floor to adopt this Proposal?

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MR. GRAHAM: I move we adopt this proposal, Number 39.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Motion on the floor to adopt
Number 39. Is there a second?
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       MR. COLLINS: Second.
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7
       MR. DEACON: Discussion.
9
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                        Discussion?
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11
       MR. DEACON: I'd like to amend that to make it into
10st last August 20 in this, so you still save ten days.
14
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                        From August 20th to what?
1.5
16
       MR. DEACON: If the State will go for subsistence, so
₩₩ wouldn't have so long a season. I'd like to amend that
$8ction, delete that from (inaudible - mumbled speech). That's
my motion.
20
21
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         There's a motion on the floor.
22ed to accept it or reject it.
2.4
       MR. GRAHAM: Can it be amended?
2.5
       MR. COLLINS: I don't understand, Henry. What do you
₩ant to do now? If the State doesn't change theirs, you want
28 do what?
29
       MR. DEACON: Well, the State now -- we open up
Algust 20th, just add ten more days to it, and we'll go with
Ble State. Just that much less waste. So that's my motion.
34
       MR. HUNTINGTON: So the season will go from August 20th
$5 what?
36
37
       MR. DEACON:
                    No, September. Whatever the State says.
38
39
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Oh. Right now?
40
41
       MR. DEACON: So we don't have a long season.
42
43
       MR. COLLINS: But the only ones out in that early one
₩⊕uld be the subsistence users. So you're going to cut off the
$5bsistence use to everybody? Everybody should do it the 1st
♦6 September?
47
48
       MR. DEACON: What is subsistence users? Guys from
anywhere all over?
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MR. COLLINS: No, not under Federal regs.
#esidents of the -- who are subsistence users in this area?
Has it been defined?
       MR. COFFING: In 21(E) it is -- the communities in 21
&re Shageluk, Grayling, Anvik, Holy Cross, and Russian Mission.
9Those are the qualified Federal subsistence users.
10
11
       MR. COLLINS: Those are the only ones under your
$20posal from August 20 to September 1. Then after that it
Would be open for everybody.
14
1.5
       MR. DEACON:
                     I see. I go for that.
16
17
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Can you state that, again?
                                                     I think
18m kind of confused on the dates.
19
       MR. COLLINS: Well, I think he wants to withdraw his
20
Addtion. He was going to change it to go along with the State
dates, but now he -- he wasn't clear that it was just affecting
2Bose -- the Federal season just affects those communities, the
24es that are resident of 21 plus those two other communities.
       MR. MORGAN: Can I make a comment?
                                           It says here:
₩duld enhance future hunting by protecting the moose
p8pulation; and it seemed like you had a problem with that.
20at part can be deleted. That last sentence, by protecting
Bbe moose population, 'cause that will give them more
ammunition to oppose it. They'll just say, "Well, it doesn't
$2otect the moose population." Amend it to delete that last
33ntence there: by protecting the moose population.
       MR. HUNTINGTON: So you want to delete that last
36ntence?
37
38
       MR. MORGAN: If it's okay with the members.
39
       MR. GRAHAM: I think it's -- you're saying this is not
$\ding$ to protect the moose population. What it is, is it's
#ding to give an opportunity for subsistence users to get an
#arly moose if they want.
44
45
       MR. MORGAN:
                     Yeah.
46
       MR. GRAHAM: And we aren't really protecting them.
That isn't a reason anymore.
49
50
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MR. MORGAN: Yeah. The way it's written now, it's -æeah.

MR. COFFING: Mr. Chairman? I want to, if I may, offer 5omment. Along the line of what I think Herman was saying and also Phil, if one of your goals here is to provide a season That reasonably accommodates subsistence uses, maybe that's Something you want to say. I don't know if you want to Aecessarily in your proposal say that, but I think you might want to make that clear, that if one of your goals is to change the season dates earlier to accommodate subsistence uses, then 12think that ought to be said up front so that the Subsistence Board understands that you're trying to accommodate subsistence 14es. I just I'd make that real clear to them.

15

16 MR. MATHEWS: And that would come under your 10stification, 'cause I think you're asking to amend the reason for changing the regulation, et cetera. That may end up with the same results, but it's going to be a bit confusing to carry firough. I think it would be wiser, if you are going to pass Supporting this proposal -- this is your proposal, so I would 22nd to think that you're supporting and not adopting it. 2Bat's semantics. And that you would -- strong in your 24stification that you're trying to reflect traditional --25stomary and traditional hunting seasons, and that's fine. 26stead of going in here and changing the -- I'm not sure how I I know you can amend your ₩duld handle changing that. \$8oposal, but it would be cleaner just to do that, and Mike is @@ing to be at the YK Delta, and so he'll be able to relay what ₹0u have said here, also, in addition to other information.

31

32 So is that clear? That's in your justification to do BBat, the reasons why you are continuing to support this, 3¢ause it reflects the traditional harvest practices of 35sidents of that area.

36

37 MR. COLLINS: I think, though, they had a second intent 38 mind. That's why you submitted the State one, and that was 80 cut off some days at the end when the bulls are so #Olnerable. They did want to shorten it. Now, the Federal, #hat's not going to affect the State season, but I still think #Ney want to put pressure on the State to shorten their season 48 the end, maybe to come in line with this so that it would ##duce harvest of the time -- when bulls are not so edible, 45yhow. You know, that last five days. That's what they're \$6ying: Why subsistence hunt then when the bulls are all run 40wn. Let's shorten that and give opportunity on the end when #Bey're still in good shape. 49

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MR. MATHEWS: But you -- if I understand correctly, You'd have the option, 'cause your proposal under the State one 3s, I think, Proposal 121. You could amend that one, amend 5- you could amend it to make the shorter season -- earlier 6losing date to protect. You could do that. But right now What's on the table is the proposal that's before the Federal Board. So you're kind of confusing us here a little bit, which 9s okay. 10 11 MR. HUNTINGTON: Sharon? 12 13 MS. GURTLER-STRICK: Yes. I can support this for \$4bsistence reasons because this is a good time for family 15its to go camping with the children, to do the berry-picking and the story telling, and if they should harvest an animal, that's all part of the education of the children. I can \$8pport this. This is a good time. It's before school starts, half of it anyway, so I would suppose this. 20 21 MR. HUNTINGTON: Any more discussion on Proposal 39 Defore we take a vote? (Pause) All in favor to the motion, 23gnify by saying aye. 25 ALL COMMITTEE MEMBERS: Aye. 26 27 MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign? M8tion carries. 29 MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, either we could dispense of 🕉 our actions with proposal under the State side or wait till we 30 to State proposals. 33 34 MR. HUNTINGTON: Why don't we go to State proposals? 35 36 MR. MATHEWS: Because the State proposals are the same \$7oposal. We could get it out of the way now if you want to. 38 39 MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah, I quess. 40 MR. MATHEWS: Is that okay? Okay. Under tab -- I 40n't know. You guys got ahead of me here. The last tab is #Be proposal before the Board of Game. It's essentially the **4** ★ act same proposal. What I would do then is be charged --

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₩hatever action you take with your proposal, to make sure those

47's the same proposal. I heard discussion. I'm not saying that's the way you wanted to go, but there was discussion about the definition of that proposal before the State Board so -- I think I

**66**mments have gotten to the Board of Game by March 8th.

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lost you guys.
3
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah, I think so. I'm....
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. What I'm saying is that when you
drafted this proposal last fall and you submitted one exactly
The same to the State Board, I just thought out of convenience
Since we discussed this issue, to bring up that proposal under
the State Board. And do you continue to support that or do you
Want to reject it or do you want to amend it?
       MR. COLLINS: Well, 122 was addressing a different
13sue. That has to do with the half-mile and the river.
14
                            There's another one that follows
15
       MR. MATHEWS: Yes.
that that deals with the half-mile, but half-mile restriction
Φቨ the Innoko River.
18
19
       MR. COLLINS: Oh, I'm sorry.
                                      I see, 121.
20
21
       MR. MATHEWS: But I'm just saying to close out the
22sue that surrounds 39, we could address the State proposal at
2Be same time. Either that or we could bring it up later, and
24m getting two messages from you. One message is that you
25tally support the proposal as written, but then I also heard
2% at there was talk about changing the closing date.
23 none, then your earlier action would have give the intent
2Bat you support the State one. So I apologize for trying to
agve you a little push in one direction, but.... (pause)
30
       MR. COLLINS:
                      Still want this one for the State? You
Want the State to adopt this one?
34
       MS. MASCHMEYER: Mr. Chairman? For clarification since
$6're all running around in circles, the State regulation
appears to be the same as Proposal 39 that you had just
adopted. The change that we have made, and it's not really a
all ange, but it's a change in the justification and that now we
age justifying the proposal change because it reflects the
40 tual usage and desires of subsistence users, but it does not
Adecessarily biologically support protection of the population.
$20 the State -- you may want to have it read the same. I think
#Bat that's what -- the dates are exactly the same, seasons are
#He same, but the justification now is something different.
45
46
       MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman, it's my understanding that
#Ne local people wanted an earlier moose hunt without
68mpetition from outside hunters. If we pass this Proposal 121
#0 the Game Board, that will allow all fly-in hunters to come
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1n to compete on August 20th and the Game Board passes this
proposal. Fly-in hunters will then -- we'll be back to square
One again. They'll be competing with non-local hunters.
        It's my opinion that we should withdraw 121 to the
State Game Board so that there will be a dissimilar season and
dive the local people the advantage to hunt the early moose.
9
       MR. MATHEWS:
                      Should I pass out some coffee or....
10
11
       (General laughter)
12
13
       MR. HUNTINGTON: How about another five-minute break or
$4mething? We're getting to where we're just spinning our
Wheels right now.
16
17
       MR. MATHEWS:
                      Yeah.
18
19
       (Off record)
20
        (On record)
21
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Okay. Can we get the meeting back to
ååder here and get on with the agenda? (Pause) Ray, can we
aet started?
2.5
       MR. MATHEWS: Yes, Mr. Chair. I think before we broke
₩ were talking about Proposal 121 before the Board of Game,
28d I just want to share some information that Cesa just shared
29th me, is that the -- remember the cover dish dinner is at
30x and that it will also be with -- which will be great, with
Bhe schools that are visiting. So we will be moving tables
around probably about ten till six, just so you know.
33
34
        Okay. 121 was before you, which is the same proposal
Bhat you submitted to the Federal Board that is now going to be
Before the State Board, and you were going to look at that to
d∉cide what to do with Proposal 121, the State one. (Pause)
And there was discussion about removing that -- asking to
89thdraw that proposal, and it was just discussion, not a
A0tion, to withdraw Proposal 121 before the board so that it
₩buldn't end up in increased harvest in that area under the
A21-Alaskan Rule.
4.3
44
       UNIDENTIFIED: (Inaudible - whispered speech)
45
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. I'm getting all these good words.
47 oncentrating harvest because of the All-Alaskan Rule and
48 cetera.
49
50
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MR. COLLINS: You want us to do that, Henry? Do you
Want us to withdraw this one? Just pull it off?
5
        MR. DEACON:
                     What do you think, Herman?
6
7
       MR. MORGAN:
                     It's up to you.
8
9
       MR. DEACON:
                    It's not up to me. It's all of us.
10
11
        MR. COLLINS: I'll vote that we withdraw Proposal 121.
12
13
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         It's been moved to withdraw
Proposal 121. Is there a second?
15
16
        MR. DEACON:
                     Second.
17
18
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Any questions?
19
20
       MR. DEACON:
                    Call for question.
21
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Question's been called for.
Zavor of withdrawing Proposal 121, signify by saying aye.
25
        ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS:
                              Aye.
26
27
       MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)
M8tion carries. Proposal 121 withdrawn.
30
        MR. MATHEWS: Okay. Mr. Chairman, that brings us back
80 Federal proposals, and that brings us up to Proposal 40.
Broposal 40 is your proposal, and that is to add a half-mile
Bastriction on the Innoko River during the February 1 through
30th season for moose. The comments that were received on
Bhat, the only comment we received was -- on Proposal 40 is
86at Alaska Department of Fish & Game supports Proposal 40,
$\dagger{g} dur proposal, and for that, I'll turn it over to Conrad to
Bhare any data that you would like.
39
        MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, I'll try to keep this one a
41ttle bit simpler. This proposal deals with Unit 21(E) and
#Ally that segment along the Innoko River. If you look at the
Adap on page 11, which is the second page of this proposal, you
4An see the amounts of Federal land on the Innoko River within
♣hat unit.
46
        As you can see, there's the first parcel going up the
#8ver starting at Holy Cross on the Yukon River.
#9rst parcel going up the river is a small block of BLM land on
50
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both sides of the river. The next couple parcels probably are not within a half-mile corridor, but they came close to it, so included them. The fourth parcel sits across a bend down the viver, so it definitely does intersect the river corridor, and then there's really not another parcel that's on the river corridor for sure until you get onto the refuge on the very paper Innoko past Shageluk. So we're talking about a small mount of Federal land. We also have the same problem that we've had with other proposals since this is dealing with a fover. Riverways are under State regulation and we have that whole problem with identifying Federal lands along waterways because they're not marked Federal lands.

13

Once you got onto the refuge, since it's a continuous block along the river, that would be easy to identify. The lower segments could be very difficult to identify if you're on off Federal lands.

18

The moose population in 21(E) is thought to be probably as high as it's ever been, and this is information published in ADF&G publication by local managers.

22

Composition trend survey data tends to indicate that the moose population through 21(E) is stable. Cow:calf ratios as high. The last information that I had, the calf ratio was 26 calves per 100 cows. Bull ratios in 1990 were 28 bulls per 200 cows.

28

There's a study under way on the Upper Innoko River in the Innoko National Wildlife Refuge, and the preliminary that it is a to that study may be that within that area -- now, we don't know if it applies down the river at all because this thus very localized, that the moose population may be at or faceeding the winter-carrying capacity of the habitat. It's fing to take a couple more years before they know that for the state of the

37

This is primarily based on the number of moose in the Bighlands and the number of moose that's showing up in usable winter habitat down in the lowlands and the utilization of willows relative to areas that moose tend to concentrate in. They've not only flown that to identify actually the numbers of Adose in those areas, but they've ground-toothed(ph) it during the summer and gone in and done browse studies, and they're forectly, I've got all that here if you're interested in it, Approximately 75 to 80 percent of the browse was utilized in the areas that moose can use up there, and at the same time they're feeling that less than 80 percent of the moose had

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moved out of the highlands because during the periods that they were running this, the snow depth had not been such that a lot of moose stayed up higher. They just didn't come down. This winter, if the snow is as deep up there as it is in some of the best of 20(E), this may be proof as to whether they were right of their preliminary assumptions. But this study's got a ways to go yet to verify that. But there's a possibility that the moose actually may be somewhere around their carrying capacity 9- a winter-carrying capacity there.

The C&T for 21(E) is for residents of Russian Mission 21 and residents of Unit 21(E), and that includes the three villages - Anvik, Grayling, and Holy Cross - within 21(E).

15

Again, I have reported moose harvest data, and again it points out -- we were discussing over the break how important is to get reporting of moose harvest. The reported moose harvest from ADF&G's data base, over an eleven-year period agring February, the season that we're talking about, was only the moose. Only ten moose reported in eleven years on the 20 noko River above the Yukon River -- the confluence with the 20 kon River. That does not include that small segment down at the confluence, which is a high-density moose area with a significantly higher harvest. But the Innoko above that point the area up through Unit 21(E) -- and we would assume that there's more moose taken there, but again, that's the best information 28 have.

29

Due to the limited amount of public lands, we -- and also the situation there, this probably will not have a significant impact on moose populations. Again, you may have better knowledge of this than I do, but it's been presented to be that if in those situations, particularly on the sper Innoko, hunters were forced to move over a half-mile off the river, that frequently that would eliminate most of the sportunity to harvest moose, and again, since Shageluk is the saly village up there and apparently there's a spread up there are right across from them, that it's also not on Federal land, they have access to moose in that alea, for what that's worth.

42

That's basically all of the information I have. If you have any questions, I'll be glad to try to answer those. I have substantial harvest data information if that's of any table.

47

48 MR. GRAHAM: I guess I'm just wondering: On the State 48nd, is there a half-mile corridor on the Yukon during the 50

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February season? MR. GUENTHER: I believe that there's a proposal to the Board of Game to create a half-mile corridor, but under the Existing State regulations, there is not a corridor. fine feality, there's no -- the moose population just is not -- in The small harvest, does not justify really limiting subsistence Asers to farther than a half-mile corridor off the river. 10 MR. GRAHAM: But you -- excuse me. But you say there 1st a State proposal to create a corridor? Is that what \$0u're.... 1.3 14 MR. GUENTHER: That's my understanding. I don't have a \$5ate Regulation Book with me and I really am not sure that that proposal is there. Can anybody.... 17 18 MR. MATHEWS: There is -- your proposal was sent to the \$@ate Board to put a half-mile restriction, so this council has proposed to the State Board of Game the same half-mile £4striction, if that's your question. In existing regulations, 2Dere isn't one. There isn't a half-mile restriction in State 28qulations for the unit in question, but there's a proposal If om this council to have that, and if the Alaska Department of £5sh & Game supports your Proposal 40, it sounds like they ₩6uld support your Proposal 122 under the Board of Game. 2.8 MR. GUENTHER: That's correct. 29 MR. COLLINS: So passing this would then would -- if Bhey pass the other one, there would be -- it would take care 8% all the land along there, Federal and State. We don't pass BBis, then we're going to have -- and they pass theirs, then We're going to have a mixed situation again. 35 36 MR. GUENTHER: To clarify that, from my information FFom ADF&G, they do support this, and so they will probably -probably the Board of Game will pass that proposal. If this \$9oposal was also passed -- the Federal proposal was also #Assed, then what it would do -- first of all, the State -- if the State passes the proposal to close the half-mile corridor #0 all hunters except subsistence hunters on Federal land, if ♦ðu pass this proposal also, it would close the half-mile **&**rridor to all hunters. 45 46 MR. COLLINS: When we originally drew this up, I #Mought there was discussion about the islands in the Yukon. wasn't that a discussion, too? One of the concerns? They

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₩anted to -- they're so vulnerable for snow machine traffic and

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$o on. But I notice that it came out only the Innoko, but I
Phought it was to be both corridors.
       MR. GUENTHER:
                       Mr. Chair? The proposal was presented
5 year ago to close the half-mile corridor along the Yukon.
6he time when the board met last April, that proposal, since it
Affected Russian Mission on the Yukon Delta and the Yukon Delta
8ouncil had not met and discussed that proposal, the Federal
Board said, "We will not make a determination on this proposal
111til the Yukon Delta Council acts on it." Then there was a
$pecial meeting called of the Yukon Delta Council.
                                                    The Yukon
                                      The board met last summer
Dêlta Council gave a recommendation.
and passed the proposal to restrict hunting within a half-mile
terridor of the Yukon River under Federal regulations. So
$5u're correct. That has been brought up in the past and
16tions were taken on that.
17
18
       MR. COLLINS:
                      Okay.
19
20
       MR. GUENTHER: Did I leave anything out?
21
22
       MR. COLLINS: So this extends it to the Innoko River,
₽Ben. Okay.
2.4
2.5
       MR. GUENTHER:
                       Did I leave anything out on that
26planation, Vince, or did I cover it?
2.8
       MR. MATHEWS: No, not -- no.
29
30
       MR. GUENTHER: Okay.
31
32
       MR. MATHEWS: That's already passed, that one, and at
BBat time when you brought it up, you wanted to extend this to
Blue Innoko. So it has passed the Federal Board on the Yukon.
Now it's up on the Innoko River on both State and Federal
B6ards.
37
38
       MR. COLLINS: Mr. Chairman, I'd defer to Henry on that.
390 you have any comments? Is this what you wanted
⅓0.... (pause)
41
42
       MR. DEACON:
                     (Nods head yes)
43
44
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Any more discussion on Proposal 40?
₽bil?
46
                    It just seems like if we pass this we're
       MR. GRAHAM:
#aking away from opportunity for Shageluk to hunt moose in the
₩9nter. You're making it harder for them to hunt. Am I right
50
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on that?
3
       MR. DEACON: (Shakes head no)
5
       MR.GRAHAM: No?
6
                        Is there a motion on the floor to
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
adopt Proposal 40?
10
       UNIDENTIFIED: I move.
11
12
       MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved to adopt Proposal 40.
13s there a second?
14
                     Second.
1.5
       MR. DEACON:
16
17
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                        It's been moved and seconded to adopt
P&oposal 40. Question? (Pause) All in favor of the motion
10 adopt Proposal 40, signify by saying aye.
2.0
21
       ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS: Aye.
22
       MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)
M⊕tion carries. Proposal 40 is adopted.
2.5
       MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, based on your action on
Proposal 40, would it be fair to say that you also support
Proposal 122 before the Board of Game? Is that the will of the
         (Pause) Okay. I'm seeing a lot of heads nodding,
20uncil?
30.... (pause)
31
32
       MR. REAKOFF: I make a motion to adopt 122.
33
34
       MR. HUNTINGTON: The motion is on the floor to adopt
Barboposal 122. Is there a second?
36
37
       MR. MORGAN:
                     Second.
38
39
       MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved and seconded to adopt
402.
     Question?
41
42
       MR. MORGAN: Call for question.
43
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         The question has been called for. All
45 favor of the motion, signify by saying aye.
46
47
       ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS: Aye.
48
49
       MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)
50
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Motion carries. Proposal 122 adopted.

MR. MATHEWS: Okay. Mr. Chairman, I talked to you earlier about proposals and I passed out a chart that had them a sterisked or starred. Proposal 51 and 62, 64, and 65 affect your area because of C&T's that overlap regions. You don't have the analysis material in front of you on those, but I can provide you that information. So I need your direction of how you deal with these proposals. I kind of recommend bringing up the proposal, letting you know what it is, and then you could decide to take no action, table, or whatever. Oh, you do have analysis for 51. I'm sorry. I'm ready, a step ahead. You do have in your red packet the analysis for 51, so I'll go a head with that one. The other ones you don't.

Proposal 51 was from the Northwest Arctic Regional Council. It deals with Unit 23 caribou. It is requesting to the harvest limit for caribou from five per day to fifteen per day. Comments on 51, there is two, and I'll also where you what the other regions had done on that since they've the Proposal 51, the Alaska Department of Fish & Game is well-deviate. The Alaska Wildlife Alliance out of Anchorage, we oppose this proposal. Despite the large size of the herd, this proposal is allowed kill per day is unwise and sets opportunity. Fifteen caribou per day is a reasonable opportunity. Fifteen caribou per day is wasteful and may reate abuse. That was the justification for opposing it by the Alaska Wildlife Alliance.

30 The Northwest Arctic in its regional council meeting,  $$\$ hey supported the proposal, it was their proposal, based on  $\$ Ble fact that it would increase the fall hunt, and in fall they  $\$ 3n use boats and the boats could handle the additional amounts  $\$ 4f caribou taken.

The North Slope took it up at their meeting in Barrow. 3They took no action on Proposal 51.

39 And I'll then turn it over to other staff to -- if you \$6uld like additional information on caribou in Unit 23.

42 MR. HUNTINGTON: Jack, do you have a question? 43

MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman, we deliberated this \$\p\$50posal at the Gates of the Arctic Subsistence Resource \$\circ\$6mmission, and we had testimony from -- well, there's a \$\circ\$milar proposal from the Region 10 to increase the limit to \$\circ\$n caribou a day. The reasons that the local people were \$\circ\$ving us for this proposal was that when the caribou are 50

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fligrating through an area, they may go through in a pretty Papid rate, and younger hunters that hunt for Elders are constrained by a five-caribou limit for getting a lot of &aribou while they're going through in a short time period, and 5hen not being able to put up enough caribou in a fast enough 6ime frame. That was the reasoning that we heard at our Meeting for the increase to fifteen in Unit 23 and ten in Unit 26, is to allow the higher take during the faster migration Dimes, and it sounds like a lot, but they're actually killing a bûnch of statistical data. 11 12 Anaktuvuk Pass shows that a lot of people don't hunt taribou there, Elders and stuff. I think it was over half of the people in the village don't hunt caribou, but everybody \$\delta\$ts caribou. So there's people that have to kill a lot of taribou for other people, and this was what makes -- allows for 1∄at. 18 19 MR. HUNTINGTON: Conrad? 20 MR. GUENTHER: Mr. Chair, my report's quite brief. Western Arctic herd is an extremely large herd, still growing. 23t's possibly in excess of a half-a-million animals right now. 2An increase by local subsistence users to fifteen animals a 25y or even more than that would probably not have any & fignificant impact on the herd at this time. That's basically 271 I have unless you have some specific questions. 28 29 MR. MORGAN: I make a motion that we support this Boposal. 31 32 MR. HUNTINGTON: Motion on the floor to support Broposal 51. Is there a second? 35 MR. DEACON: Second. 36 37 MR. MORGAN: Question. 38 MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved and seconded to \$ûpport Proposal 51. Any questions? 41 42 MR. MORGAN: Question. 43 MR. HUNTINGTON: Question's been called for. #5 vor of support Proposal 51, signify by saying aye. 47 ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS: 48

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MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign. (Pause)

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Proposal 51 passes.

2

- 3 MR. MATHEWS: Okay. Mr. Chairman, the next one is -- well, give me direction. It's -- you have overlapping C&T 5 concerning caribou in Unit 26(A) and in Unit 26. There's three proposals that deal with that. They're 62, 64 and 65. You don't have the materials in front of you, but I can give you background information on it.
- Proposal 62, I can look up. What direction would you 11ke me to take on this? You have the C&T standing in that alea. We can provide you background on it or you can -- other touncils have felt that it's out of their direct area and they'll take no action. Okay. Proposal 62 is from the City of Abaktuvuk Pass. They would like the Federal lands south of the Cáldwell River upstream from and including the Anaktuvuk River drainage, are closed to non-federally qualified subsistence 18ers from August 1st through September 30th. The reason for thanging this regulation is for caribou migration to take their 20rmal route into Anaktuvuk Pass. That's Proposal 62. I don't Mave the comments that were received on that, but the North 22ope Regional Council supported that proposal and potentially 23 forwarding this proposal to the Board of Game. And that's the information I have on 62. 2.5
- MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chair? Steve Ulvi? It's my 2@collection that the Gates of the Arctic Subsistence Resource 28mmission supported this Proposal 62 for -- and it was the 20sition of the Gates of the Arctic Subsistence Resource 60mmission to support that although their Federal lands are more to the west, PET 4 and those lands to the west. But it d@esn't seem like that affects the western interior, but it The Western Arctic caribou herd migrates through Afaktuvuk Pass and those passes to the north, and it's the 85 inion of the people in Anaktuvuk Pass that a lot of activity 86 the north -- a lot of hunting pressure to the north of the 371 lage deters migrations and deflects the migrations in other aseas, and so as a person from the western interior, I am in #8vor of allowing the caribou to come over onto the south slope **46** the Brooks Range and into the Unit 24 and to the south. 41am -- as a member of the SRC, I also supported this Proposal 62 for those reasons.

43
44 MR. HUNTINGTON: Is there a possibility of maybe A5rging all three of these proposals into one motion?

47 MR. GUENTHER: Um-hum (affirmative).

48
49 MR. MATHEWS: No, 64 is a little bit different. The 50

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feason I'm bringing these up is to prevent the board then Saying they can't take action on these proposals until they Bear from the adjoining region that's affected. I don't want ∳ou to rush through them, but I'm just saying that's what I'm preventing happening here. 64 has to deal with harvest limits 6f ten per day, so that's a separate issue than closing Federal Tands. So we can't lump them together unless you want to lump 8hem together and....

10 No, we're not lumping them together. MR. HUNTINGTON: We're just passing all at one time.

12

MS. MASCHMEYER: Instead of making three separate 13 £dtions.

15

16 MR. DEACON: I move 61.

17

18 MR. MATHEWS: Oh, I see what you're saying. Sure. tan go ahead and give you information on 64 and 65, and then  ${\mathfrak P} {\mathfrak d}$ u could see if you want to adopt those as one group, sure. 2\$ that -- okay. Okay. It's 62, 64, and 65. Okay. 64 was 20bmitted by the North Slope Regional Council. It is to change 2Be harvest limits for caribou in Unit 26 from five to ten 24ribou per day. Reasons for changing this: Customary and 25aditional practice has allowed us to harvest more than five a 26y; also, it's impractical to go out hunting and have limited 27me. Caribou seem to be over-abundant in Unit 26. This would 28 ovide subsistence users to hunt more efficiently as well as 20 hunt according to customary and traditional practices.

30

That is Proposal 64. I don't have public comments, but Ble Northwest Regional Council took no action on it. The Môrth Slope Regional Council amended this proposal, which they **∀e**re the author of. They amended the proposal, a ten-caribou Bag limit with no more than five exported and exempt A6aktuvuk Pass. I'm not saying that right, but essentially BMere's a restriction on exporting caribou from that unit, and BBey wanted that to be no more than five exported and then 8%empted Anaktuvuk Pass from that export. Maybe Dave can share A0re light on this 'cause he did attend the North Slop meeting. 41

42 MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah. Dave?

43

MR. YOKEL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Dave Yokel. As **\#\D**ey amended the proposal, it would allow harvest limits of ten **\#\D**er day throughout GMU 26, but they would restrict export out 47 26 to only five caribou per year to anywhere out of GMU 26 **4**8cept to the village of Anaktuvuk Pass, and that would primarily affect GMU 26(B) where the Dalton Highway is, where 50

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the harvest limit is currently five per year. For people that
live south of the Pass there, that would keep it basically the
Same.
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay.
                            The Proposal 65 is also Unit 26
6aribou, and that is to increase the -- well, it's submitted --
I won't be able to pronounce that village. Hopefully someone
€lse can help me.
10
       UNIDENTIFIED: It's Ipikmiut(ph).
11
                           Ipikmiut Village, and they wanted to
       MR. MATHEWS: Oh.
18crease the daily harvest limit from five in Unit 26(A) to ten
and in 26(B), from five to ten, and that's about all I can say
$\delta$ that. I have no public comments, but the only information I
have is that Northwest took no action on that, and I don't know
17 North Slope took up 65. Dave may be able to share.
18
       MR. YOKEL: Mr. Chairman?
                                  This proposal affects the
20me thing as Proposal 64. Since the North Slope Regional
Advisory Council amended and adopted 64, they voted to take no
a2tion on Proposal 65.
23
       MR. COLLINS: So it affects the same area then, you're
25ying, by adopting the one you don't need to....
26
27
       MR. YOKEL: It's a different proposal for the exact
28me regulations.
29
30
       MR. COLLINS: Yeah.
                            Yeah.
31
32
       MR. HUNTINGTON: What's the board's wish on the
$Boposals. Do you want to adopt them or just leave them the
Way they are or no action or.... (pause)
36
       MR. SIMON:
                    I move to support Proposal 62, 64, and 65.
37
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         There's a motion on the floor to adopt
Byoposal 62, 64, and 65. Is there a second?
40
       MR. REAKOFF: Second.
41
42
43
       MR. HUNTINGTON: It's been moved and seconded to adopt
₱⁴oposal 62, 64, and 65. Questions? Dave?
45
46
       MR. YOKEL: Mr. Chairman, Proposal 64 and 65 contradict
#ach other. It would send a conflicting message to the Federal
$8bsistence Board if you supported both of them.
49
50
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MR. COLLINS: I wonder if the board can drop 65 because
84 deals with the same issue.
3
4
        MR. REAKOFF: I'm more in favor of 64.
5
6
        MR. HUNTINGTON: Can you restate your motion?
7
8
        MR. SIMON: Yeah.
9
10
        MR. HUNTINGTON: You want to drop 65?
11
12
        MR. MORGAN: You want to take no action on 65?
13
14
        MR. SIMON: (Nods head yes)
15
16
        MR. HUNTINGTON: There's a motion on the floor to adopt
62 and 64. Is there a second?
18
19
       MR. REAKOFF: Second.
20
21
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Second. It's been moved and seconded
20 adopt and support 62 and 64. Question?
23
2.4
        UNIDENTIFIED: Question.
25
26
       MR. HUNTINGTON: The question's been called for. All
27 favor to the motion signify by saying aye.
28
29
        ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS: Aye.
30
31
        MR. HUNTINGTON: All opposed, same sign.
                                                  (Pause)
                                                           The
mation carries. Proposal 62 and 64 adopted.
34
       MR. MATHEWS: And then on 65, your action would
B5.... (pause)
36
37
       MR. HUNTINGTON: No action.
38
       MR. MATHEWS: No action? Okay. Mr. Chairman, just so
40m clear on 64, you're going with the proposal as written,
♣ørrect, not as amended?
42
43
        MR. REAKOFF: As written.
44
45
        MR. MATHEWS: As written?
46
47
        MR. HUNTINGTON: As amended?
48
49
        MR. REAKOFF: Was it -- oh, yeah. As amended.
50
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MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah.
       MR. REAKOFF: They amended it to five caribou export
Sestriction.
       MR. MATHEWS: So it's clear on the record, then your
Gote on 64 to adopt it was to adopt the amended proposal by the
Morth Slope Council? (Pause) Good. Then we have both
touncils in agreement so we don't have to come back again on
that one. Thank you.
12
13
       Mr. Chairman, I know we are moving along here rapidly.
14'd encourage any council member to look at that chart I put
t5gether if there's any other proposals that you want to
d6scuss. You have gone through the ones that were specific to
$∂ur region.
             You have gone through the ones that have
⊕%erlapping C&T's. You have not addressed the ones that have
What's considered a no determination. You don't have to. I'm
$0st acknowledging on the record that you've been exposed to
2hem.
22
23
       MR. GRAHAM: Can we look at 53? It has our number on
93.
25
2.6
       MR. MATHEWS: Please?
27
2.8
       MR. GRAHAM: Denali National Park? 53? Have we?
29
       MR. MATHEWS: Yeah. 53 -- I can bring up 53, correct.
353 has to deal with Unit 20(C), which is not in your area of
32risdiction, but the C&T determination I have to look up. But
3et me look up the....
       MR. COLLINS: Can the Eastern Interior take a position
36 that?
37
       MR. MATHEWS: The Eastern Interior will be -- directly
affects them, but the C&T determination I did look at during
₿ deak. 20(C) moose is -- and the Park Service will probably be
Assisting on this one. Rural residents of Unit 20(C), except
#Mat portion within Denali National Park and Preserve and that
$3rtion east of the Totatlanika River and residents of
Cantwell, Manley, Minto, Nenana, the Parks Highway from the
M5lepost 300 to 309, Nikolai, Tanana, Telida; no subsistence
#6r residents of McKinley Village, the area along the
#arks Highway between Milepost 216, 239, and households of
₱€nali National Park Headquarters. That's the C&T for moose in
199it 20(C).
50
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The Proposal 53, according to my notes, does apply to your region, but maybe the Park Service can shed some light that this may not apply to your region. Before I go into the details of it, 'cause once I go into the details of it, I know we're going to discuss the details.

MR. TWITCHELL: Proposal Number 53 deals with hunting Moose primarily, but other species as well, in the Kantishna Hills, which is located in Unit 20(C). The C&T for moose in 20(C) does include two resident zone communities w2thin the Western Interior Region, that being Nikolai and Telida. In looking at harvest information for those two communities this past year when we considered an asternative twenty moose hunt in Unit 20(C), there was no records indicating anyone from the villages of Nikolai or Telida had hunted moose in Unit 20(C) for the last, I think, fasteen years. We went back in harvest records. So the 10dication that we have, although Nikolai and Telida are both 20igible communities for hunting within Denali National Park, 21 they have not been utilizing that authorization.

23 Do you concur with that, Ray?

24

MR. COLLINS: Yeah, I concur with that. During the £6me -- I've been in the area for thirty years, and I've not known anybody to hunt up in that area from Telida, Nikolai, 28 -- I don't know about Minchumina. I mean, I can't speak, but I know Nikolai and Telida, people haven't been that far in the last thirty years.

31

MR. TWITCHELL: Minchumina is a community situated 30st to the west of the preserve and people in Minchumina do, 34deed, utilize moose in Unit 20, although their use is 35imarily focused in a preserve area to the north and northwest 36 the Kantishna Hills.

37

If you would like me to go into Proposal Number 53, I 30uld do that. Otherwise, we plan to present that proposal to the Eastern Interior Regional Advisory Council.

41

I guess I'll also go on record saying that the proposal was discussed by the Denali Subsistence Resource Commission at their meeting last Friday, and they voted to support the Proposal Number 53 with one amendment to it, that being that the ending date for the closure for the Kantishna area be thanged to September 12th instead of September 30th. Other that, they voted to adopt that proposal. That's the theformation I'll carry to the Eastern Interior Region.

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MR. HUNTINGTON: Any more discussion on Proposal 53?
3Pause) I'd like to recommend we take no action on it.
       MR. GRAHAM: Do we need a motion for that or just not
6o anything?
                        What's next on the -- that's about
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
9t for proposals?
10
11
       MR. MATHEWS: Has that been moved and -- no action is
$Øur -- okay. That's all the proposals unless some others that
tôuncil or public that's in attendance would like the council
t♠ look at. (Pause)
                     Okay. Mr. Chairman, I know we're
fapidly trying to get to closure here, so I'm going to be quite
16sertive here. A couple of things that I would like you to be
aware of is that I would like to be charged to draft a letter
from your council thanking the community of Huslia for this
Mospitality and also that a letter be drafted complimenting and
2Danking Cesa Sam for her tremendous amount of help on this
Adeting. So if -- I'm taking your nodding of heads and it's on
2De record that you're charging me to do that. Okay.
₽8u.
2.4
25
        The other thing is please make sure I get those
26ceipts. I don't like to have to chase you down to get money.
28
       The final thing is -- and again, this is not fair to do
2Bis, so please stop me. You were given drafts of your
a0tions. Have you had a chance to look at those to make sure
Bhe ones you were given reflect your actions? In particular, I
RAOw you looked at the first one and I think you did well with
BBat. You felt it was reflective -- that was the one dealing
W4th the Northwest Arctic, the NARC Petition. The ones I want
85 make sure that are clear are the statement that Mr. Reakoff
36ad into the record and you agreed to have on the annual.
Bave you had a chance to -- well, actually that one you adopted
38 the record so I don't have to address that one. But did you
Bave a chance to look at his points of comment to the regional
dorector of National Park Service concerning the Federal
Register notice and et cetera on same-day airborne?
43king you to change what was written. I'm asking you: Is
#Bis what you're in agreement with? And Jack can go over them
Adain if you....(pause)
45
46
       MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman?
47
48
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah, Jack?
49
50
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1 MR. REAKOFF: I'd like to clarify that this is not in regard to same-day airborne. This is in regards to shooting of ree-ranging furbearers on the trapping license. Would you like me to quickly read over these points on the record? I have stated them before, but they wanted me to write them out, and I stated the points of concern to be submitted to the regional director.

9 MR. HUNTINGTON: What do the other council members think on that? Do you want Jack to go ahead and read it or any 1dea? Any directions?

12 13

MR. DEACON: I'd like to hear it.

14

MR. REAKOFF: Okay. "The subsistence users have to to the trapping a trapping license and regulations. A change to the trapping license and regulations. A change to the trapping license and regulations. A change the bag 19 mits significantly. Point Three: The subsistence users, for a wample, shot muskrats under the trapping regulations with a 222 rifle in spring camps whereas muskrat season was closed for and ting. Point Four: It would take considerable time of the a considerable time of the a considerable time of the a considerable to rectify the action of the National Park arrive as we, as council members, would have to change all the a tining bag limits to reflect the customary and traditional a sea and the bag limits. This would cost the council and the a wibsistence users, and the Federal Board program extensive and the exceptional costs, and many trees of paper.

The hunting license expires December 31, whereas the Brapping license expires the following October 31 of the year 32 sued. This is to facilitate the trapper who goes out in the 32 rly winter and stays all winter. He/she does not have to 34 me all the way out to relicense at great expense. Point Six: 35 t is the council's recommendation that the National Park Service amend their definition to reflect the customary and Braditional uses." And that should be formulated into your 38 tter of comments to the regional director of the National Bark Service.

40

MR. MATHEWS: It sounds like that the council is in Agreement with his comments. Okay. Mr. Chairman, that brings 43 up to something I hope you can think about. Clearly, it's Where do you want time and place of next meeting, and you have 45der Tab 1 a calendar showing you the window when you can A6et. And the window is from October 1, 1995 through Movember 4th. I would recommend to you that we do similar that 48 did with this meeting, but that if you could, move this A9eting to like starting on a Wednesday, do all day Thursday, 50

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and maybe depart on Friday or Thursday afternoon. Flights on Saturday are quite limited and it results in increased expenditures. So, I would recommend if you go with a Wednesday/Thursday type of scheme it would be really helpful. MR. HUNTINGTON: What dates? MR. MATHEWS: The dates are October 1st through Movember 4, and since you're the first one out of the chute for the two regions I work with, I would recommend you either go #arly in the season, the open window, or late so our staff can bê wide awake and a little -- you know, we're going to have to 18 ave this meeting and immediately get set up for one in Northway for three days. So, if we could get a gap between the two,....(pause). But it's up to you. And then where would you 16ke to meet? You have met in Fairbanks, Galena, McGrath, and 10w here. 18 19 MR. COLLINS: Not in Fairbanks. 20 21 MS. GURTLER-STRICK: We never met in Fairbanks. 22 23 MR. MATHEWS: Oh, you never met in Fairbanks? 2.4 MR. COLLINS: McGrath, Galena, and here is the only £bree; twice in McGrath. MR. MATHEWS: Okay. All right. I just have Eastern 19terior on my mind. 30 MR. HUNTINGTON: Any recommendations from the board as 80 date and place of next meeting? 33 34 MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman? 35 36 MR. HUNTINGTON: Jack? 37 MR. REAKOFF: I wonder what the cost -- what's the abeapest, most coverage we're going to get? What villages or #8 wns are the cheapest to hold meetings in and to get the most **∌1**blic involvement? 42 43 MR. MATHEWS: Well, the cheapest, obviously, or most #@asonable would be regional hub ones and that, but this **¢5**uncil kind of conveyed to me that they like to get out and A6ar from Huslia and et cetera. Well, Huslia is not really a Aub community. So, yes, the most reasonable would be Galena, I \$8ppose, as one of the hubs. Aniak is another hub and -- is #Dere another hub? I'm not.... 50

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MR. COLLINS: McGrath....
3
4
        MR. MATHEWS: I don't want to....
5
6
        MR. COLLINS:
                      ....in terms of....
7
8
        MR. MATHEWS: McGrath is another hub, so....
9
10
        MR. COLLINS: ....from Anchorage.
11
12
       MS. MASCHMEYER: Mr. Chairman? Mr. Chairman? Hello,
hallo?
14
1.5
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Yes, Gloria?
16
17
        MS. MASCHMEYER: Thank you. I might want to mention,
180, there was something else that came up at the C&T meeting
and that is in order to expedite communications, you might want
20 think about teleconferences as well. And just keep that in
2he back of your mind and if there's any way you can do that
and possibly you could do that more often; maybe meet once a

₩ear face-to-face, but have more teleconferences in order to be

2A closer contact with issues.
       MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, on that, I want to clarify
2 Mat. I'm pretty sure you have to meet....
2.8
29
        MS. MASCHMEYER:
                         Twice.
30
31
        MR. MATHEWS: You have to meet twice in a public
B@cation. What I think she's indicating is that if you wanted
83 teleconference with other communities, we can pursue that
34d bring them into this meeting. Okay. You can leave it up
85 me if you so desire, but I would feel a lot more comfortable
36d the staff would feel a lot more comfortable if you would at
B@ast select a community that you would like to go to, that you
Would desire to have their input.
39
40
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         Phil?
41
       MR. GRAHAM: I don't know about where, but I'd rather
Mave it toward the end of the window, maybe in the last week or
t₩o of October.
45
46
        MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         I'd like to suggest maybe we have it
47 Aniak October 1st through the 3rd or 1st to the 4th or
₩Batever that time -- early October, if it's okay with the
#@st. Yeah, Pollock?
50
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MR. SIMON: Yes, I'd like to suggest that we go to
meetings within our region to different villages so that we
∉ould get -- a lot of villagers could see what we're doing and
then, in turn, we would get their input and, for your
Enformation, that our local advisory committee on the State is
Scheduled between October 15 and 28th.
9
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
                         What was that? October what?
10
11
       MR. SIMON: October 15th and 28th, we have scheduled
bar local advisory committee meeting.
14
       MR. HUNTINGTON: I couldn't hear you guys too good.
15
       MR. REAKOFF: The Koyukuk River Advisory Committee will
mæet up at Hughes on -- between the 15th of October and the
20th of October.
19
20
       MR. COLLINS: That's out, you mean? Oh, unless we met
21 conjunction with them, you mean?
23
       MR. REAKOFF: Well, we're going to have it at Hughes,
34 -- unless you want to go to Hughes. But I think,
M5. Chairman, that you're correct in designating Aniak because
2here's a lot of concerns from down in the lower river region
and we haven't had any meetings down there.
2.8
29
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Is there a motion on the floor to have
Adiak as our next place of meeting?
31
32
       MR. DEACON: Moved.
33
34
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Seconded to have Aniak as our next
m&eting and maybe we can come up with a date later on.
36
37
       MR. REAKOFF:
                      Second.
38
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay.
                            Thank you. Mr. Chairman, that
40es all the agenda other than maybe an Elder's comment or
prayer, but I think we'll be dealing with that -- oh, I'm
$0rry. There is another....
43
       MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chairman, I know that there's a draft
₫5r proposal they're doing October, you know -- I mean, there's
A6proposal thing in October, you know, but I'd like to submit a
47aft proposal on wolf -- for bounty on wolves, you know, and
Mave it sent to the different council members and they can get
#Deir comments on it and any suggestions on how they can
50
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1mprove it or other information sources on this. So, maybe I 2 could read like a proposal and they could type it up and send It out. Would that be possible? MR. HUNTINGTON: I don't think it'd do much good trying to read it right now. Too much noise right now. MR. MORGAN: Or if they have it in their hands, they Bould look it over and see if they can find any ways to improve 1t. 11 12 MR. HUNTINGTON: Yeah, if you can make copies of it and \$3nd it to each board member, I think that would be better. 14 1.5 MR. MORGAN: That'd be possible? 16 17 MR. MATHEWS: My understanding is that you would want t8pies of your draft proposal dealing with wolves and that 1Mat.... 2.0 MR. MORGAN: No, I have a draft proposal here that I'd 22ke the other council members to have to get any comments on 28 we'll have it ready in October, you know. 25 MR. MATHEWS: Okay. Would you please give that copy to 206 self and I'll give you a copy back and then I'll get it typed and sent to each one of you and then they are to contact you 28 they have comments. Correct? 29 MR. MORGAN: Yeah, or if they have any ideas on how Bhey can improve it. 32 MR. MATTHEWS: Henry, did you have any -- your hand **∀ent** up also. Either we could -- we could recess and meet aster this or we can charge ahead. 37 MR. DEACON: I just had a quick -- I want to know, you Raow, if the chairman here when he goes to other meetings like Ble Fish Board in Anchorage or Fairbanks, I'd like to see funds \$0t aside for his expense. 41 MR. MATTHEWS: Yes, Mr. Chairman, and Mr. Deacon, let's \$3e, you withdrew the one proposal and what did you do with the ##her one? I'm drawing a blank. But, yes, there's funding to Mave the chair or council representative attend the Board of 46me meeting. So, if you would like to have one go but you #Ithdrew the one and the other one is still alive, so, yes, it **₩8**uld be worthwhile to send somebody. So, the chair.... 49 50

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MR. HUNTINGTON: I'd like my expenses covered.
3
       MR. MATTHEWS: Right, they would be covered, correct.
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, the last two times they weren't
6overed. I had to pay out of my own pocket.
8
       MR. MATHEWS: Okay. To the Board of Game, you mean?
9
10
                       No, the Federal Subsistence Board.
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
11
12
       MR. MATHEWS: No, this would be to go to the Board of
Game.
14
1.5
       MR. HUNTINGTON: Well, I'm talking about the Federal
$6bsistence Board, all....
17
18
       MR. MATHEWS: Yeah. That's another issue.
19
       MR. HUNTINGTON: I think that's the same issue.
20
2hould be discussed, yeah.
       MR. MATHEWS: So, if I understand the council, you do
23
WAnt to send a representative to the Board of Game and you're
25 commending that the chair be that representative?
2.6
27
       MR. DEACON: My suggestion is that he be compensated or
paid his -- for going to meetings such as meeting, if so
20sired. If so desired to go, you know.
30
31
       MR. MATHEWS:
32
       MR. MATTHEWS: Yes, there's funding to compensate
$#avel to the State Boards - that I checked on - if you have a
proposal before the State Board. Correct, yes.
36
37
       MR. HUNTINGTON: I'm talking about expenses.
d&rectly travel, but my expenses to attend the board meeting,
№0 know, and I had to pay out of it twice -- out of my pocket
#Wice already and I can't afford to do that too much longer.
41
       MR. MATTHEWS: I hear your request, Mr. Chairman.
There's a bit more to that....
44
45
                        Well, just relay it to the director
       MR. HUNTINGTON:
and that'll be fine.
47
48
       MR. MATTHEWS: Yeah, I'll relay it but there's a lot
A0re details to it that I would rather not discuss. Okay.
50
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That brings us up to the last one which you probably want to
debate at great length and that would be No. 14 which would be
adjournment. I would assume we need a lot of data on that one.
        (General laughter)
6
7
       MR. HUNTINGTON: I call the meeting -- the meeting is
flow adjourned.
10
       MS. GURTLER-STRICK: No objection.
11
12
       MR. HUNTINGTON: No objections. I'd like to make one
$Batement before we close. I'd like to thank the people of
H4slia for cooking and putting everybody up, and I'd really
15ke to thank the Elders. I'm sure glad we came here for our
16eting and we had great hospitality. Thank you.
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1Applause)
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# CERTIFICATE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA )
STATE OF ALASKA )

I, Elizabeth D'Amour, Notary Public in and for the State of Alaska and Reporter for R & R Court Reporters, Inc., do hereby certify:

THAT the foregoing pages numbered through contain a full, true, and correct Transcript of the Western Interior Regional Subsistence Advisory Council meeting taken electronically by me on the 24th day of February, 1995, beginning at the hour of 9:00 o'clock a.m. at the Community Center, Huslia, Alaska;

THAT the transcript is a true and correct transcript requested to be transcribed and thereafter transcribed by me to

### R & R COURT REPORTERS

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the best of my knowledge and ability;
        THAT I am not an employee, attorney, or party
Anterested in any way in this action.
        DATED at Fairbanks, Alaska, this 1st day of March,
1995.
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                 Notary Public in and for Alaska
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                 My Commission Expires: 5/12/98
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